

Bài Tập Môn Anh Lớp 8 – HK II Năm Học 2016 – 2017

Nội Dung

| Units | Trường | Trang |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| Unit 9 | NGT | 2 |
| Unit 10 | QT | 9 |
| Unit 11 | HHT | 15 |
| Unit 12 | TC | 21 |
| Unit 13 | NQ | 27 |
| Unit 14– 15 | TVD | 33 |
| Word forms | TVD | 46 |

UNIT 9: A FIRST-AID COURSE (NGT)

I. Pronunciation

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a. ambulance | b. minimize | c. awake | d. handkerchief |
| 2. a. asleep | b. conscious | c. sterile | d. tissue |
| 3. a. damage | b. revive | c. promise | d. bandage |
| 4. a. emergency | b. elevate | c. treatment | d. victim |
| 5. a. ambulance | b. hospital | c. elevate | d. afternoon |
| 6. a. below | b. awake | c. instruction | d. patient |
| 7. a. describe | b. victim | c. unconscious | d. asleep |
| 8. a. alcohol | b. contact | c. injured | d. promise |
| 9. a. wheelchair | b. damage | c. awake | d. stretcher |
| a. overheat | b. emergency | c. immediately | d. elevate |

II. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

- If a victim has a _____, take off all tight socks and shoes as quickly as possible.
a. sprained ankle b. limp c. sore throat d. big foot
- When you have a fainting, sit down, put your head between your knees and have a _____
a. wine drink b. a soft drink c. a sweet drink d. brandy drink
- When a person had a poisoning, do not try to make him sick. Find out when he _____ it.
a. took b. swallowed c. had d. got
- If a person has a _____, describe the snake to the doctor. It may be poisonous or it may not.
a. bee sting b. insect bite c. earache d. snake bite
- When a person gets a sunburn, move him into a cool, shaded area and _____ him with wet towels.
a. put on b. cover c. wraps d. take off
- For _____ and stings, use Anti-sting on the skin where the sting is. Rub gently on the skin two or three times a day.
a. headache b. toothache c. sore throat d. insect bites
- _____ you come and see me after class? I want to discuss your work with you.
a. Will b. Should c. May d. Might
- It's a long time _____ I had a good meal.
a. for b. since c. from d. after
- I've come out without any money. _ Never mind, I _____ some money.
a. lend b. am lending c. am going to lend d. will lend
- You left your English book here last night. _____ I post it to you?
a. Will b. Shall c. Must d. May
- I'm going to Nha Trang _____ Monday _____ Tom. Would you like to come?
a. in/ by b. on/ by c. on/ with d. in/ with
- Don't make a sound or you _____ the baby.
a. wake b. will wake c. are waking d. must wake
- Can you tell me what time the doctor's _____ opens?
a. office b. surgery c. hospital d. ward
- The doctor will _____ you, then give you some medicines and advice.
a. look for b. examine c. take care d. check
- No, it's for a _____ cough.

- a. bad b. poor c. strong d. difficult
16. The teacher explained the lesson carefully _____ every student can understand it clearly.
- a. so that b. in order that c. so as to d. both a and b
17. There was an accident _____ the crossroads _____ midnight last night.
- a. at/ on b. on/ at c. at/ at d. in/ at
18. _____ not to make mistakes, type slowly and carefully.
- a. So as b. In order c. So that d. both a and b
19. _____ last year we haven't been allowed to park here.
- a. For b. Since c. By d. From
20. The air in the city is not good for your health. It's _____.
- a. expensive b. pure c. polluted d. fresh

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. The ambulance will be there at about ten minutes.
A B C D
2. He plays tennis twice a week so that to exercise and relax.
A B C D
3. Jack has been studying medicine abroad since two years and hasn't seen Chis family in all that time.
A B C D
4. After he got home from work, Jim turned on the TV in ordering to watch the news.
A B C D
5. Mumps are a very common disease which usually affects children.
A B C D
6. All writing was done with hand until the invention of the printing machine.
A B C D
7. Except for a few minor differences in grammar, spelling and vocabulary, American English is theA same to British English.
B C D
8. We're really happy for Professor James. He just received an award for excellent in teaching.
A B C D
9. He has less friends in his class now than he had.
A B C D
10. Christopher Columbus has sailed from Europe in 1492 and discovered a new land.
A B C D
11. Every night, I open the bedroom window so that to let in some fresh air.
A B C D
12. You can do this math problem by yourselves. You're a student smart enough to figure it out yourself.
A B C D
13. I'm planning to get a car as soon as I can afford buying one.
A B C D
14. Our company is successful enough to start several new branches in overseas.
A B C D
15. She asked me to use a towel to cover the wound and hold it tightly.
A B C D
16. Do you mind to open to the window for me?
A B C D

17. Scale is an instrument for showing how old people or things are.
A B C D
18. Are you looking forward going on holiday?
A B C D
19. I promise to show you my new books on wild animals. – Yes, please.
A B C D
20. She hid the present in order that the children wouldn't find them.
A B C D

IV. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1.

You are cutting some thing and you accidentally (1) _____ your finger. A little blood begins to come out. Your finger will bleed for a few minutes, but you will not lose (2) _____ blood if the cut is small. Losing a little blood is not serious because your body has about four and three-fourths liters of blood. (3)_____ is the most important part of body's transportation system. It transports oxygen, blood, water and (4) _____ substances. It takes away waste products such as carbon dioxide as well. Human blood, like all living things, has cells. There are three kinds of cells: red, white and platelets. Red blood cells carry oxygen. White blood cells carry fight germs and so give (5) _____ to the body. Platelets help your blood to clot, which helps stop(6) _____. All three kinds of blood cells float in the liquid part of blood, (7) _____ is called plasma. Plasma is about ninety percent water. It is colorless(8)_____ plasma contains things such as protein and salts, it is thicker than water.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. a. burn | b. hit | c. cut | d. sting |
| 2. a. less | b. little | c. much | d. many |
| 3. a. Blood | b. Water | c. Body | d. Bone |
| 4. a. others | b. together | c. another | d. other |
| 5. a. instruction | b. information | c. pollution | d. protection |
| 6. a. dressing | b. bleeding | c. letting | d. standing |
| 7. a. that | b. it | c. which | d. they |
| 8. a. Because | b. But | c. So | d. And |

Reading 2.

When we have a cold, a fever or the flu, they usually go to the (1)_____ for help or they get some (2) _____ from the drugstore. But many people also use home remedies for (3) _____ illness.

Lots of people drink hot chicken soup (4) _____ they have a cold. They (5) _____ it clears the head and the nose. Some people rub oil on the (6)_____ for a cold. Other people (7)_____ a mixture of red pepper, hot water, sugar, lemon juice, and (8) _____ milk or vinegar.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. a. dentist | b. doctor | c. ambulance | d. nurse |
| 2. a. medicine | b. drug | c. syrup | d. aspirin |
| 3. a. popular | b. easy | c. common | d. difficult |
| 4. a. where | b. when | c. which | d. that |
| 5. a. think | b. thought | c. says | d. said |
| 6. a. chest | b. nose | c. hand | d. leg |
| 7. a. drinks | b. use | c. drank | d. used |
| 8. a. iced | b. hot | c. cold | d. warm |

Reading 3.

This is the (1)_____ room in a large hospital. A paramedic is pushing a patient on a stretcher to the emergency room where a doctor is waiting (2) _____ the patient. He doesn't look well. His head is bandaged and his eyes are closed.

The (3)_____ on the wall is used to check people's eyesight. It consists of about 28 letters ranging (4)_____ size from about 5 centimeters in (5)_____ at the top of the chart to about 1 centimeter at the bottom. A doctor is trying to weight a crying baby on the scale. The baby's (6)_____ is standing nearby. She's trying to stop her child from crying. The crutches, (7)_____ are for someone with a broken leg, are leaning (8)_____ the wall.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. ambulance | B. emergency | C. instruction | D. permanence |
| 2. A. to treat | B. treating | C. treated | D. treats |
| 3. A. eyes | B. eyesight | C. eye chart | D. eye charts |
| 4. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. of |
| 5. A. high | B. tall | C. length | D. height |
| 6. A. nurse | B. fathers | C. mother | D. paramedic |
| 7. A. where | B. which | C. that | D. when |
| 8. A. from | B. of | C. against | D. again |

Reading 4

You have been badly (1)_____ in a car accident. It is necessary to give you a blood transfusion because you (2) _____ a great deal of blood in the accident. However, special care must be taken in selecting new blood (3) _____ you. If the blood is too different from your own, the transfusion will kill you.

There are (4)_____ basic types of blood: A, B, AB and O. A simple test can indicate a person's blood type. Everybody is born with one of these four (5)_____ of blood. Blood type, like hair color and height, is inherited from (6)_____.

Because of substances (7) _____ in each type, the four groups must be transfused carefully. Basically, A and B cannot be mixed. A and B cannot receive AB, but AB may receive A or B. O can give to any other group; (8)_____, it is called the universal donor.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. injured | B. injure | C. injuring | D. injures |
| 2. A. given | B. lost | C. received | D. offered |
| 3. A. on | B. from | C. for | D. of |
| 4. A. three | B. four | C. five | D. two |
| 5. A. kind | B. type | C. group | D. types |
| 6. A. parents | B. relative | C. friends | D. cousins |
| 7. A. contained | B. have | C. consisted | D. found |
| 8. A. however | B. but | C. therefore | D. so |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1.

Yesterday, on the way home from school, Hung saw an accident. A boy was run over by a taxi when he was riding. The boy's leg was broken and it was bleeding badly. Someone there tried to stop the bleeding. They put pressure on it and held it tight. A woman covered the wound by her handkerchief. A man used his mobile phone to call the emergency service.

1. Hung saw an accident when he went to school. _____
2. The boy's head was bleed. _____
3. A woman used her handkerchief to cover the wound. _____

4. A man telephoned for help. _____

Reading 2.

Flu spreads through viruses. You get them when you breathe in little drops that spray from an infected person when they sneeze, cough, or even laugh. You can also catch flu if the drops get on your hands and you touch your mouth or nose. Flu viruses are very good at entering a body. They have lots of spikes. With these spikes they stick to cells and travel through the body. When the body's immune system notices the viruses, it raises body temperature. When body temperature is higher, the virus cannot grow so easily. Normally, flu takes the immune system about a week to win the fight against flu. Flu is an illness that often happens during the cold months. In many countries doctors advise getting a flu shot before the flu season starts.

immune system (hệ thống miễn nhiễm)

1. People easily have flu in winter. _____
2. Flu viruses stick to our cells with their spikes. _____
3. Your flu often lasts for about a week and then disappears. _____
4. High body temperature makes the flu viruses grow easily. _____

Reading 3.

Yesterday, when I was riding along a busy street, I saw an accident. A woman was knocked down when she crossed the street at a zebra crossing. Many people stopped to offer their help. A policeman arrived and asked a young man to telephone for an ambulance, the policeman and some people tried to stop the bleeding. They used a handkerchief to cover the wound, then put pressure on it and held it tightly. They tried to talk to her in order to keep her awake. After about three minutes, the ambulance arrived and the woman was taken to the hospital.

1. The writer saw the accident when he was walking along the street _____
2. A policeman asked someone to call for an ambulance. _____
3. People didn't let the wound bleed. _____
4. They tried to talk to her in order to keep her unconscious _____

Reading 4.

What should you do when you have trouble sleeping? Lots of people take sleeping pills, but these are dangerous because they are addictive. If you take them several weeks, it is hard to stop taking them. Doctors say the best thing is to try to relax and to avoid bad habits. If you always go to bed and get up about the same time, it sets a good and healthy rhythm in your life. Caffeine keeps people awake, so don't drink caffeine drinks in the evening. Smoking and alcohol can also keep you awake. You may have trouble sleeping if you have a heavy meal just before you go to bed. Eat earlier in the evening. Sleep is important to humans. We spend a third of our lives sleeping, so we need to understand everything we can about sleep.

1. Sleeping pills are good for a person having trouble sleeping. _____
2. In order to sleep well, we should not drink coffee before the bedtime. _____
3. We should avoid eating a lot before the bedtime. _____
4. It takes us one third of our lives to sleep. _____

Reading 5.

If a boy has been bitten by a snake, we should put him on his back, and movement of any sort should be prevented. We should apply a piece of cloth round the leg or the arm between the bite and the heart and tighten until the veins are easily seen. If the leg or the arm becomes

blue, loose the band a little. Medical help should be called for. In the meantime, elevate the bitten leg or arm to reduce circulation of the blood, and do not cut or suck the bite or rub anything _____ into _____ it.

1. A person bitten by a snake should lie still and not move. _____
2. We should use a piece of cloth to tighten the bite. _____
3. We should take the victim to the hospital. _____
4. We should raise the bitten leg or arm to reduce circulation of the blood. _____

V. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence.

1. He always _____ to work by motorbike. (travel)
2. What time _____ (he/be) here?- He _____ here in half an hour. (be)
3. The sea _____ most of the surface of the earth.(cover)
4. When the Queen _____, the crowd will stand up. (arrive)
5. I _____ ready in five minutes. (be)
6. He _____ before you leave. (come)
7. Many people _____ the concert tomorrow night. (attend)
8. I want to speak to the professor Wilson when he _____ free. (be)
9. _____(he/help) us when he has more time?
10. My father _____ very hard every day. (work)
11. Jack isn't free today. He _____. (work)
12. According to the weather forecast, it _____ tomorrow. (rain)
13. I'm sure Tom _____ the job. He has a lot of experience. (get)
14. I _____ to a party tomorrow night. Would you like to come?(go)
15. I can't meet you tonight. A friend of mine _____ to see me(come)
16. Don't worry about the dog. It _____ you.(hurt)
17. Tom _____ tennis on Monday.(play)
18. Have you decided where to go for your holiday?
- Yes, we _____ to France.(go)
19. You must meet George sometimes. You _____ him. (like)
20. Don't ask Susan advice. She _____ what to do.(know)

VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

1. Give the victim a cup of tea when he _____. (revival)
2. _____ any buttons when you want to use this machine.(pressure)
3. They found him lying _____ on the floor. Perhaps he fell off while climbing this ladder. (conscious)
4. Smoking often _____ blood pressure.(elevation)
5. Let's follow these _____ on the packets carefully. (instruct)
6. Write soon and confirm your _____. (arrive)
7. Put _____ on the cut then hold it tight. (press)
8. She has _____ of blood sugar level. (elevate)
9. It's on the fifth floor, so we had better take the _____. (elevate)
10. The class needs a _____ of six students to continue. (minimize)
11. The heart pumps _____ around the body. (bleed)
12. Could you describe the condition of the _____ person? (injure)
13. Make sure that the bandage is _____. (sterilize)
14. I took the pills as _____. (instruction)
15. The work was carried out at _____ cost. (minimize)
16. Try to stop the _____. (bleed)
17. They want _____ answers. (immediately)
18. She mustn't fall _____. (sleep)

19. His speedy _____ after the operation amazed all the doctors. (revive)
20. His hand _____ painfully around her wrist. (tight)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. The Browns go to work by bus. They want to save natural resources.
→ In order to _____
2. I took off my shoes. I didn't want to make any noise.
→ I took off my shoes in order _____
3. Mr. Dean is learning Vietnamese. He wishes to read Kim Van Kieu. (so as to)
→ Mr. Dean _____
4. The police came here because they wanted to investigate the causes of the accident.
→ The police came here so as _____
5. Because my children don't want to be late for school, they get up early. (in order not to)
→ My children _____
6. She wants you to help her clean the windows.
→ Can you _____
7. I learn English so that I can communicate with foreigners.
→ I learn English so as _____
8. I want you to give me a bandage.
→ Could _____?
9. I want you to help me move this wardrobe.
→ Can you _____?
10. Turn down the TV, please.
→ Will you _____?
11. Where is the nearest post office?
→ Could you show _____?
12. Open the door, please.
→ Will you _____?
13. Hanh is studying very hard because she doesn't want to fail in the exam.
→ Hanh is studying very hard in order _____.
14. Do you want me to drive?
→ Shall I _____?
15. I want you to help me carry my bag?
→ Can you _____?
16. He climbed the tree because he want to get a better view.
→ He climbed the tree so as _____.
17. I decided to help him revise his lessons.
→ I am _____.
18. You can get off this train at Bath.
→ This train _____.
19. Let's check everything once more to be sure.
→ Shall _____?
20. He got a new alarm clock because he wanted to get up on time.
→ He got a new alarm clock so that _____.

UNIT 10: RECYCLING (QT)

I. Pronunciation

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. A. plastic | B. garbage | C. comfort | D. deposit |
| 2. A. selection | B. fertilizer | C. metal | D. fabric |
| 3. A. reuse | B. refill | C. reduce | D. organize |
| 4. A. fabric | B. metal | C. emergency | D. flower |
| 5. A. buffalo | B. representative | C. stretcher | D. victim |
| 6. A. resort | B. recycle | C. liquid | D. Revision |
| 7. A. patient | B. institute | C. chemical | D. deposit |
| 8. A. compost | B. product | C. envelope | D. resource |
| 9. A. recycle | B. protect | C. nature | D. instead |
| 10. A. industry | B. approximate | C. plastic | D. garbage |

II. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

- Farmers collect household and garden waste to make.....
A. glassware B. compost C. fabric D. floor coverings
- There will be a football match Sunday.
A. in B. on C. at D. for
- Milk bottles can be after being cleaned
A. recycled B. recycling C. to recycle D. to recycling
- I don't know how..... the game.
A. playing B. plays C. play D. to play
- French..... in many Francophone countries.
A. be spoken B. speaks C. speaking D. is spoken
- She is..... to hear about that news.
A. pleasure B. pleasant C. pleased D. pleasing
- Contact an organization..... Friends of the Earth..... information.
A. like/for B. with/for C. as/like D. for/as
- Millions of old car tires are thrown..... every single year.
A. off B. away C. afar D. out
- We make vegetable matter..... compost and fertilise our fields.
A. in B. on C. into D. onto
- I am looking forward to..... you again tonight.

- A. see B. seeing C. be seen D. be seeing
11. The environmental project.....next month.
A. will soon be carried out B. is soon carried out
C. is soon being carried out D. was soon carried out.
12. It is.....that people are trying to protect trees.
A. interested B. interesting C. uninterested D.uninteresting
13. We'd better use cloth bags instead.....plastic bags.
A. on B. from C. off D. of
14. What did the government do to prevent people.....littering?
A. off B. from C. on D. in
15. Is the rubbish.....everyday?
A. collected B. collecting C. collects D. collect
16. Be careful! Don't wear precious jewelries or it.....
A. jack B. is jacked C. jacks D. will be jacked
17. Try to use environmentally friendly products.....our beautiful environment.
A. to protect B. in order to protect C. so as to protect D. All are correct
18. Farmers use animal dung for.....their fields.
A. making B. developing C. fertilizing D.improving
19. The sea and the rivers are too.....to swim.
A. clean B. clear C. dirty D. stinky
20. It's.....to walk alone at night.
A. danger B. dangerous C. dangerously D.dangered

III.Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

- 1-My father always drives careful in order not to cause accidents .
A B C D
- 2-Don't throw the garbage back . Try to find another use for them .
A B C D
- 3-You should dry the used tea leaves on the sun.
A B C D
- 4-They said that there must be a deposit in all drink cans .
A B C D
5. The flowers can be planting in Da Lat by Mr. Tony .
A B C D
- 6.We were happy receive a lot of presents from our grandparents .
A B C D
7. It is important to waiting for five minutes .
A B C D
8. We 're looking forward to see you in June .
A B C D
9. Our classroom is clean by that woman every day .
A B C D
10. Anny was very happy to receive the gift for his teacher yesterday morning .
A B C D
11. Friends of the Earth show people how protect the environment .
A B C D
12. We should use cloth bags instead for plastic bags .
A B C D
13. . People throw away billion of cans every year all over the world .
A B C D

14. What happens to the glass when it is send to the factories ?
A B C D
15. Instead of reuse plastic bags , we shouldn't use them at all .
A B C D
16. We must act now before it is too late doing anything about the problem
A B C D
17. Millions of car tires can be recycle to make floor coverings .
A B C D
18. Milk bottles can be reused thirty times after be cleaned .
A B C D
19. These exercises are easy for Nam does them .
A B C D
20. Reduce means not buy products which are over packaged .
A B C D

IV. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1.

Making (1).....requires lots of wood pulp and the work of (2).....of workers. Many countries have had plans to (3).....waste paper to save money and natural (4).....

In countries where there is the co-operation of the public, paper mills recycle as (5).....as sixty percent of waste paper. Their simple work is to.....(6) the ink, crush it up and (7).....it into pulp again. For every ton of recycled newsprint, eight trees can (8).....saved. We can insist that the more paper people save, the more trees (9).....preserved.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. A. paper | B. books | C. glass | D. compost |
| 2. A. one million | B. million | C. millions | D. billion |
| 3. A. recycles | B. recycle | C. recycled | D. recycling |
| 4. A. resources | B. treasure | C. mines | D. sources |
| 5. A. long | B. lot | C. much | D. many |
| 6. A. bring away | B. get away | C. take away | D. catch away |
| 7. A. turn | B. make | C. render | D. cast |
| 8. A. is | B. are | C. be | D. being |
| 9. Am | B. is | C. are | D. was |

Reading 2.

A (1)..... from Friends of the Earth, Ms. Blake, is talking to the students of QuangTrung School. The program shows people how (2).....the environment and save (3).....resources. She asks the students to remember : reduce, reuse and recycle.

Reduce means not buying products that (4)..... Then, she advises everyone not to use (5).....bags. In the end, if anybody has any problems, they can (6).....Friends of the Earth for more information.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. spokeswoman | B. critic | C. representative | D. agent |
| 2. A. protecting | B. protected | C. to protect | D. to be protected |
| 3. A. nature | B. natural | C. nurture | D. nurturing |
| 4. A. is over packaged | B. over pack | C. are over packaged | D. over packaging |
| 5. A. clothing | B. clothes | C. clothings | D. cloth |

6. A. contract B. connect C. conceive D. contact

Reading 3.

Garbage is a serious problem in the US. Every year, Americans (1).....308 billion pounds of garbage. (2).....garbage goes into (3)....., but there are not many of them for all the garbage. One answer to the garbage problem is (4)..... About half of all the garbage in the USA can (5)..... and (6)..... Recycling helps people solve the landfill problem and save energy.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. appear | B. give | C. produce | D. proceed |
| 2. A. many | B. a lot of | C. a few | D. a little |
| 3. A. wastelands | B. parks | C. streets | D. landfills |
| 4. A. reconstructing | B. recycling | C. reusing | D. rebuilding |
| 5. A. be recycled | B. recycle | C. is recycled | D. are recycled |
| 6. A. reuse | B. reused | C. reuses | D. reusing |

Reading 4

In the America, (1)of old car tires are (2).....every year. But tires can be.....(3) to make (4)..... and (5)..... Nowadays, many people wear shoes and sandals made from old car tires.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. a million | B. one million | C. some millions | D. millions |
| 2. A. taken away | B. got rid of | C. thrown away | D. disposed of |
| 3. A. reused | B. refilled | C. recycled | D. refunded |
| 4. A. pipes | B. dung | C. vegetables | D. fruit |
| 5. A. new tires | B. floor coverings | C. compost | D. fertilizer |

Reading 5.

Vermicompost is the (1).....of the breakdown of organic matter by an earthworm. There are two main (2).....of creating large-scale vermicompost. The first one in which they use a windrow that (3)..... the earthworms. The second one, they use a flow-through system. Vermicompost is ready (4).....when it contains no scraps of uneaten food or bedding. Vermicompost (5).....to be richer in nutrients than other composts.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. production | B. produce | C. producer | D. product |
| 2. A. ways | B. methods | C. Both A&B are correct | D. Both A&B are incorrect |
| 3. A. destroys | B. exterminate | C. protect | D. eradicate |
| 4. A. harvesting | B. harvest | C. to harvest | D. in harvesting |
| 5. A. is shown | B. will be shown | C. has been shown | D. was shown |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1.

Do you know how to start a compost heap? First of all you must use only vegetable matter, which includes tea leaves, egg shells – but wash the shells first – and tissue. Don't use any meat or grain products because this attracts rats. The best place for a compost heap is a place that gets a few hours of sunlight each day and remember to turn the compost regularly so it gets plenty of air. We should not water the compost. Because it will get moisture through condensation. After six months, the compost will be ready to use as fertilizer.

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1. Vegetable matter, plant and glass are used to make compost. | |
| 2. The compost including meat or grain products attracts rats. | |
| 3. Compost is a good fertilizer. | |
| 4. The compost can be used after about six months. | |

Reading 2.

Recycling plastics is easy. First, you should learn what types of plastics can be recycled and give your collector those types of plastics. Plastics have different formulations and should be sorted before they are recycled to make new products. Mixed plastics can be recycled, but they are not as valuable as sorted plastics.

Once you know what kinds of plastics your recycler want, you should follow the wash and squash rule – the container should be rinsed and squashed. The paper labels may be left on the container, but the plastics caps should be thrown away. Plastics caps are usually made from a different type of plastic than the container and cannot be easily recycled.

1. We should learn what types of plastics can be recycled and give our collector those types of plastics.
2. Mixed plastics can be recycled as other plastics.
3. The paper labels should be rinsed and squashed.
4. Plastics caps are easily recycled.

Reading 3.

We are having a lovely time here in Ha Long City, Vietnam. The weather is very nice. It's warm and sunny. We're staying in a comfortable hotel near the beach. We have a spectacular view of the bay from our bedroom. Yesterday, we went to see some wonderful caves and grottoes in Ha Long Bay. Today we are going on a boat trip to Cat Ba Island.

1. The weather in Ha Long City isn't very fine.
2. Their hotel is by the beach.
3. The caves in Ha Long Bay are very beautiful.
4. Yesterday they visited Cat Ba Island.

Reading 4.

Recycling is the collection, processing, and reuse of materials that would otherwise be thrown away. Materials ranging from precious metals to broken glass, from old newspapers to plastic spoons, can be recycled. The recycling process reclaims the original material and uses it in new products.

In general, using recycled materials to make new products costs less energy than using new materials. Recycling can also reduce pollution, either by reducing the demand for high pollution alternatives or by minimizing the amount of pollution produced during the manufacturing process. Recycling decreases the amount of land needed for trash dumps by reducing the volume of discarded waste.

1. Recycling can also increase pollution.
2. You can use materials that would otherwise be thrown away to make things you like.
3. All things (materials) can be recycled from precious metals to broken glass.
4. Making new products cost less than using recycled products.

Reading 5.

Garbage is a serious problem in the United States. Every year, Americans produce 308 billion pounds of garbage (about 140 billion kilos). A lot of garbage goes into landfills, but there are not enough landfills for all the garbage. One answer to the garbage problem is recycling. About half of all the garbage in the USA can be recycled and used again. Recycling helps people solve the landfill problem and saves energy.

1. Every year, people all over the world produce 308 billion pounds of garbage.
2. To solve the problem of garbage, Americans have to recycle it.
3. About 50 % of the garbage in the USA can be recycled and used again.
4. Recycling isn't the solution to the garbage problem.

V. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence.

1. She (invite)..... her friends to go to the mall with her since yesterday
2. These old desks (repair) carefully three days ago .
3. This machine is the biggest one she (ever / use)
4. The children still (watch) TV. They (not / go) to bed yet.
5. This is the first time we (be) to Sa Pa .
6. My uncle (just /open)_____ a new internet house on Truong Chinhstreet .
7. How long you (attend) in this school?
8. Jane (leave) her school in 2000.
9. The Eiffel Tower (design) for the Paris World's Fair of 1889.
10. Your writing should (write) in English.
11. you (post)_____ the letter for me yet?
12. I hope (finish)_____ the house by the end of the week.
13. She doesn't know what (say) with her parents before being away .
14. Our relatives (invite) to my birthday party by my parents last week .
15. He was surprised (get) his friend's letter yesterday.
16. The doctor asked them (not stay)_____ up late.
17. My mother said me that she (feel) tired .
18. She told me you (give) her a beautiful scarf .
19. He was happy that you (remember) his birthday yesterday .
20. When will the project (start) , Doctor ?- Very soon .

VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

1. Contact an organization like Friends of the Earth for(inform)
2. We should do more to saveresources. (nature)
3. Farmers often use dung fortheir fields. (fertilizer)
4. Every milk bottle can be thirty times. (use)
5. The milkman often the empty bottles of milk. (collection)
6. Tires can be recycled to make pipes or floor (cover)
7. Linda is one of thefrom Friends of the Earth. (represent)
8. It's to cross the avenue. (danger)
9. Compost is a wonderful It helps plants grow. (fertilize)
10. Share your story with our readers! (recycle)
11. Do you know how to protect the ? (environmental)
12. One ton of recycled paper saves eight trees. (approximate)
13. The country'sresources include forests, coal and oil (nature)
14. These products arefriendly (environment)
15. My friend Tom has a greatof coins. (collect)
16. Reduce means not buying products which are (over package)
17. They talk about their plan (happy)
18. She is veryfrom her sister. (difference)
19. I'min collecting waste paper. (interest)
20. The most natural fertilizer is compost (wonder)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it

1. Keeping the environment clean is very important.

→It's

2. They will show the time machine to the public when they finish

→The time machine

3. He was delighted to receive his aunt's letter.
→ He was
4. Old car tires are recycled to make shoes and sandals.
→ People
5. I'm very sad that I wasn't accepted in that group
→ I'm very sad.....
6. We can use the garbage to make fertilizer.
→ The garbage.....
7. We should reuse plastic bags.
→ Plastic bags
8. People speak English all over the world.
→ English
9. We should use cloth bags instead of plastic bags.
→ Cloth bags.....
10. Bell invented the telephone in 1876.
→ The telephone.....
11. He uses milk for making butter and cheese.
→ Milk
12. He will win the game. I'm sure.
→ I'm sure
13. Working in dirty and polluted conditions is impossible.
→ It is impossible
14. I will repair your bicycle tomorrow afternoon.
→ Your bicycle
15. Penicillin can cure many dangerous diseases.
→ Many dangerous diseases.....
16. It was not easy to answer these questions.
→ To
17. They took the injured boy to the nearby hospital.
→ The injured
18. They are painting the living room light blue.
→ The living room.....
19. Living in a big city is very noisy.
→ It's

20. My grandfather planted this tree.

→ This

UNIT 11: TRAVELING AROUND VIETNAM (HHT)

I. Pronunciation

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|
| 1. A. recognize | B. florist | C. relative | D. arrival |
| 2. A. bucket | B. magazine | C. limestone | D. product |
| 3. A. canoe | B. jungle | C. mountainous | D. institute |
| 4. A. offshore | B. magnificent | C. vacation | D. oceanic |
| 5. A. limestone | B. buffalo | C. paddy | D. botanical |
| 6. A. heritage | B. various | C. destination | D. giant |
| 7. A. florist | B. canoe | C. luggage | D. garden |
| 8. A. water | B. sunbathe | C. tribal | D. prefer |
| 9. A. destination | B. attraction | C. departure | D. canoe |
| 10. A. island | B. Buddha | C. revolutionary | D. northern |

II. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

1. Do you mind _____ here for just a minute?
a. to wait b. waiting c. about waiting d. waited
2. My sister enjoyed sweets _____ from chocolate.
a. make b. made c. making d. to make

3. When the boat _____ .They fell into the water.
a. stop b. dropped c. overturned d. appeared
4. There are many places of interest worth _____ in Viet Nam.
a. see b. to see c. seeing d. saw
5. Can we travel across the river in this _____?
a. bicycle b. canoe c. truck d. stick
6. The young lady _____ in front of that shop is Mai's sister.
a. standing b. stood c. stand d. is standing
7. "Would you mind closing the window?". " _____"
a. No, I'm afraid not b.No, of course c. No,I can't d. I'd rather you didn't
8. _____ is hot liquid rock that comes out of a volcano.
a. Limestone b. Marble c. Ice d. Lava
9. Would you mind _____ I borrowed your dictionary?
a. if b. when c. that d. where
10. There is a big , well-known _____ institute in Nha Trang.
a. sea b. oceanic c. marine d. ocean
11. My mother decided _____ anywhere this summer.
a. don't go b. not go c. not to go d .not going
12. There are flights daily to Ho Chi Minh City _____ Monday
a. besides b. on c. after d. except
- 13.Passengers should check in at least one hour before _____.
a. departure b. department c. departed d. depart
14. I have see Peter _____ he got married.
a. since b. before c. by d. for
15. Donna works in a shop that sells flowers and plants ; she's a _____.
a. baker b. florist c. gardener d. farmer
- 16.We finally arrived , at our _____ late that evening.
a. destination b. arrival c. departure d. journey
- 17 Would you mind if I _____ your car?
a. to move b. moving c. moved d. move
18. She cried _____ when she heard the news .
a. excited b. excitedly c. excite d. exciting
19. Will you pick me _____ after the party?
a. on b. up c. over d. in
20. Sydney Opera House in Australia _____ in 1973.
a. completed b. has completed c. were completed d. was completed

III.Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

- 1.After did all her shopping , Lucy went for a cup of coffee.
A B C D
- 2.Do you mind if I taking a photo of your garden?
A B C D
3. Do you think it is necessary to practicing English every day
A B C D
- 4.As she leaving home, it started to rain heavily
A B C D
- 5.I asked Sara drive me to the station.
A B C D
- 6.It was so exciting to see those magnificently caves.
A B C D
7. There are notices showing arrivals and departs of trains.

8. They would like you telling them the truth.
A B C D
9. She usually helps old people by their shopping and cleaning.
A B C D
10. The plane landed on Glasgow airport just before midday.
A B C D
11. Dalat is known like a city of pines, waterfalls and flowers.
A B C D
12. He asked the tourist information officer suggesting where he could go.
A B C D
13. We have decided going to France four our holidays.
A B C D
14. Hue is only a fifteen – minutes drive from Phu Bai Airport.
A B C D
15. Would you mind if I ask you a personal question?
A B C D
16. We are looking forward to see you in April.
A B C D
17. The project will be show to the public when it is finished.
A B C D
18. You ought to improving your French before going to work in Paris.
A B C D
19. Keep the cheeses freshly by wrapping each one individually.
A B C D
20. I didn't feel like walking home , so I came home by a taxi
A B C D

IV. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1.

Viet Nam is my homeland. Have you ever come to this _____(1)? It's in the south east Asia. There are a lot of sights that attract millions of tourists every year.

The most beautiful place that I think you should come first is Ha Long Bay. It is recognized by UNESCO _____(2) a world Heritage Site. Tourists can go there by buses or trains from HaiPhong and Hanoi. When you come there, you may enjoy the beauty of magnificent caves, as well as the limestone island. You can also enjoy swimming and sunbathing _____(3) quiet sand beaches. You can stays in hotels, mini-hotels or on various island. If you are interested in mountain-_____ (4), you should go to Sapa where there are very beautiful mountain _____(5) and jungle streams. A visit to some tribal villages _____(6) us feel comfortable.

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. hometown | B. countryside | C. country | D. homeland |
| 2. A. so | B. as | C. at | D. for |
| 3. A. in | B. at | C. for | D. on |
| 4. A. picking | B. climbing | C. seeing | D. talking |
| 5. A. caves | B. slopes | C. stops | D. ports |
| 6. A. sends | B. gives | C. tells | D. makes |

Reading 2

It was the first time Tim went to Viet Nam __ (1) __ his parents. They decided to visit HoChiMinhCity first . When they arrived at Tan Son Nhat Airport, the weather was fine and warm.The sky was blue and cloudless .After two days in HCM City, they __ (2) __ to NhaTrang. In NhaTrang, they __ (3) __ at Hai Yen Hotel, a big hotel next to the sandy beach .After having some hours' rest, they went to see some beautiful sights. Tim was very eager to see the MonkeyIsland . He liked this animal. It wasinteresting to see the __ (4) __ Buddha . The family also visited some other places of interest such as Oceanic Institute, Tri Nguyen Aquarium , and Dam Market . In the evening they ____ (5) _____ slowly along the seashore, enjoying __ (6) __ air, then came to a well -known seafood restaurant .

- | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|-------|
| 1. A. on. | B. with | C. for | D. to | _____ |
| 2. A. fly | B. flew | C. flown | D. flying | _____ |
| 3. A. stayed | B. needed | C. recycled | D. fertilized | _____ |
| 4. A. windy | B. heavy | C. cold | D. giant | _____ |
| 5. A. walked | B. slept | C. took | D. followed | _____ |
| 6. A. dry | B. hot | C. fresh | D. humid | _____ |

Reading 3.

It is now the day 17th of Steve's tour and he is in HaiPhong.Hehas(1)_____almost around Vietnam and he has visited(2)_____places.He started his tour in HCM city and then he travelled around the South of the country.Steve went to VungTau,CanTho, Da Lat and NhaTrang in the first week and then he went to Da Nang, Hue and Hoi An. He has stayed in nine(3)_____ hotels. The best hotel that he stayed in was(4)_____Ha Noi and the best food was in small family restaurant in Hoi An.

Steve has flown many times but he was on a Vietnam Airlines plane only once.(5)_____ he flew from Hue to Hanoi, he travelled by train four times. First he went from HCMC to Da Lat, then NhaTrang to Da Nang, Da Nang to Hue and(6)_____Ha Noi to HaiPhong. He likes traveling by train very much because he can meet people easily.

- | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| 1. A. has traveled | B. traveled | C. to travel | D. travel | _____ |
| 2. A. much | B. many | C. lot of | D. a little | _____ |
| 3. A. differently | B. difference | C. differ | D. different | _____ |
| 4. A. in | B. to | C. from | D. on | _____ |
| 5. A. Where | B. When | C. Which | D. What | _____ |
| 6. A. firstly | B. next | C. after that | D. Lastly | _____ |

Reading 4.

NhaTrang is a (1) _____ city of south Central VietNam. NhaTrang beach is one of the most beautiful (2) _____ in the world. The beach is curved, 7 km long and suitable for (3) _____ along its length. White sand, coconut trees, blue sky and blue sea make it (4) _____. People are safe to bathe near the shore. In the evening, (5) _____ by the coconut trees to look out to the sea, visitors are completely bewitched by the (6) _____ of nature.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. countryside | B. mountainous | C. coastal | D. tribal |
| 2. A. beach | B. beaches | C. the beach | D. a beach |
| 3. A. playing | B. running | C. sitting | D. bathing |
| 4. A. attract | B. attraction | C. attractive | D. attractively |
| 5. A. sit | B. sat | C. sits | D. sitting |
| 6. A. magnificence | B. importance | C. permanence | D. recognition |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1.

We are having a lovely time here in Ha Long City, Vietnam. The weather is very nice. It's warm and sunny. We're staying in a comfortable hotel near the beach. We have a spectacular view of the bay from our bedroom. Yesterday, we went to see some wonderful caves and grottoes in Ha Long Bay. Today we are going on a boat trip to Cat Ba Island.

1. The weather in Ha Long City is very fine.
2. Their hotel isn't by the beach.
3. The caves in Ha Long Bay are very beautiful.
4. Yesterday they visited Cat Ba Island.

Reading 2.

Last summer Mary went to Ho Chi Minh with her parents. Their flight lasted over twelve hours. They stayed in a big hotel. It was clean and comfortable. On the first day, they visited NhaRong Port, Thong Nhat Palace and some other places of interest. On the second day, they visited Cu Chi Tunnels where they were amazed by hundreds of underground defense works used during the war. Finally, they went to VinhNghiem pagoda and the Notre Dame Cathedral and they were interested in the special atmosphere of peace and dignity there. After three days in Ho Chi Minh City, they went to Hue to visit some citadel there. They really enjoyed their stay in Viet Nam.

1. Mary and her family went to Ho Chi Minh City by train. _____
2. They visited Cu Chi Tunnels on the last day. _____
3. They stayed in Ho Chi Minh City for three days. _____
4. They liked the journey in Vietnam. _____

V. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence.

1. Who's the girl (*talk*) _____ to William?
2. Most of the people (*invite*) _____ to the party didn't turn up.
3. She wore a skirt (*make*) _____ of cotton.
4. The singer (*perform*) _____ on TV last night is my favorite one.
5. The boys (*play*) _____ soccer in that field are our friends.
6. Dairy products (*sell*) _____ in this shop are safe for our health.
7. The old lady (*stand*) _____ in front of our house is our grandmother.
8. The cars (*make*) _____ in Japan are very economical.
9. A person (*watch*) _____ television is called a television viewer.
10. The students discussed the problems (*cause*) _____ by pollution.
11. Do you mind if I (*take*) _____ a photo?
12. Would you mind (*buy*) _____ me some vegetables for dinner?
13. Do you mind (*open*) _____ the window?
14. Would you mind if I (*stay*) _____ with you for a week?
15. Do you mind (*help*) _____ her to finish her work?
16. Would you mind if I (*turn*) _____ off the television?
17. Would you mind (*leave*) _____ us alone?
18. Would you mind if I (*give*) _____ her your book from the shelf?
19. Do you mind (*take*) _____ these books home?
20. Would you mind if I (*sit*) _____ here?

VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

1. _____, Uyen had enough time to finish the exam. (luck)
2. Sapa is a wonderful _____ resort in viet nam. (mountain)

3. My uncle likes to visit _____ villages in highlands. (tribe)
4. _____, dark clouds soon appeared and it began to rain. (fortunate)
5. Oceania hotel in Phan Thiet is _____ comfortable. (wonderful)
6. Why don't you join the _____? (compete)
7. Da Lat is _____ for its waterfalls, lakes and flower garden. (fame)
8. We are waiting for your _____ (decide)
9. Could you give me some _____? (inform)
10. It is difficult to find _____ in Ba Na Hill at busy time. (accommodate)
11. Donna is a _____ in Los Angeles. (flower)
12. Everyone fell into the deep and _____ water. (danger)
13. There are many buses to Lao Cai _____. (day)
14. A lot of _____ visit Ha Long everyday. (tour)
15. Would you make me _____ about some interesting places to visit? (suggest)
16. Our _____ is at 8 o'clock today. (arrive)
17. Ha Long Bay was _____ by UNESCO as a world heritage site. (recognition)
18. Every week, there are two _____ from Hanoi to Nha Trang. (fly)
19. The train made a late _____. (depart)
20. Tim and Shannon want to visit an _____ institute in Vietnam. (ocean)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. I don't understand the words. They are written on the envelope.
=> I don't.....
2. People often like cars. The cars are made in Japan.
=> People often
3. They enjoy dinner. It was served by the swimming pool.
=> They enjoy
4. The tourists wanted to stay in mini- hotel. The mini- hotels were built along the beach.
=> The tourists
5. The man wants to buy the book. It was published last year.
=> The man
6. They are rebuilding the houses. The houses were destroyed in a fire last month.
=>. They are
7. Do you know the woman? The woman is talking to Tom.
=> Do you.....
8. The girl is reading a book. She is my younger sister.
=> The girl
9. The flowers are from Dalat. They are sold in those flower shops.
=> The flowers
10. The pagoda was a large one. It was built on the top of the hill.
=> The pagoda

11. May I turn off the television?

=> Would you

12. Please turn the music down.

=> Do you

13. Is it all right if I use your phone?

=>Do you mind.....

14. Could you fill in this form please?

=>Would you

15. Do you mind if I open the windows?

=>Would you

16. Can I sit here?

=>Would you mind

17. Would you mind if I watched that film?

=> Do you mind.....

18. Can I get the password?

=>Do you mind

19. Can you help me with my luggage?

=>Would you mind

20. Do you mind my smoking?

=> Do you mind

UNIT 12: A VACATION ABROAD (TC)

I. Pronunciation

- | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1) a. situate | b. volcano | c. wonderful | d. sightseeing |
| 2) a. accommodation | b. include | c. unfortunate | d. itinerary |
| 3) a. abroad | b. volcano | c. surprise | d. souvenir |
| 4) a. facility | b. tourist | c. gallery | d. humid |
| 5) a. centigrade | b. minus | c. resort | d. temperature |

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| 6) a. president | b. hospitable | c. vacation | d. friendly |
| 7) a. complain | b. prison | c. gallery | d. sunny |
| 8) a. valley | b. surprise | c. minus | d. humid |
| 9) a. museum | b. lava | c. empire | d. schedule |
| 10) a. resort | b. arrival | c. departure | d. oceanic |

II. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

- The boss is angry because Jane _____ the office telephone for personal calls
A. is used B. using C. used D. is always using
- It rained all day yesterday. It was a _____ day.
A. sunny B. wet C. fine D. cloudy
- When we flew overhead, we saw the _____ pouring out of the volcano.
A. lava B. liquid C. mixture D. water
- I don't know when these houses _____.
A. were built B. built C. have built D. have been built
- As they _____ along the road they _____ them.
A. Walk/saw B. walking/seeing C. walked/ saw D. were walking/saw
- The _____ is a gift from the people of France to Americans.
A. Big Ben B. Eiffel Tower C. Statue of Liberty D. London tower
- She bought lots of _____ during her vacation in the USA.
A. cars B. schedules C. souvenirs D. tickets
- He _____ books from me but he never remembers to pay me back.
A. always borrows B. Borrows always C. always borrowed D. is always borrowing
- I was studying the lesson _____ my parents were talking to each other.
A. when B. while C. what D. which
- The accommodation is _____ in the ticket price.
A. include B. includes C. included D. including
- Would you mind _____ me some paper from the desk ?
A. to get B. get C. getting D. if you get
- This worker is fired because he is _____ going to work late.
A. always B. never C. sometimes D. usually
- My parents decided _____ a tour around the country.
A. makes B. making C. to make D. made .
- The heads of four American Presidents were carved _____ the rock on Mount Rushmore.
A. in B. at C. on D. into
- _____ the phone rang, I was taking a shower.
A. While B. when C. during D. because
- "Shall I pick you up at your hotel this evening ?" " _____"
A. That would be nice B. Yes, you should C. Please, go ahead. D. No, of course not
- A three-day tour round Nha Trang will be a(n) holiday.
A. forget B. forgettable C. unforgettable D. Remembering
- Could you lend me your book? – _____
A. No, thanks B. Sorry, I need it myself C. No, I couldn't D. Sorry, I don't know
- We _____ dinner when the phone rang.
A. have had B. are having C. are had D. were having
- It was a hot and _____ Sunday afternoon .
A. wet B. humid C. rainy D. snowy

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

- 1) They met her while they crossed the street.

- 2) Greg is always forget his keys and that really annoys me .
A B C D
- 3) Would you like me helping you with your homework ?
A B C D
- 4) It is greatly to be with you on such a lovely vacation.
A B C D
- 5) Would you mind go to the local bookshop to get me some paper?
A B C D
- 6) Hue is only a 15-minutes drive from Phu Bai airport.
A B C D
- 7) Do you mind if I spent the whole afternoon going out with my friends?
A B C D
- 8) Can you tell me what you have done at 8 o'clock yesterday evening?
A B C D
- 9) We don't want to go out tonight because the weather is rain.
A B C D
- 10) What about go to the cinema tonight and having dinner after that?
A B C D
- 11) She was having dinner when a man was coming and giving her a bunch of flowers.
A B C D
- 12) They are 40- minutes films for children
A B C D
- 13) The family came to the Napa Valley while they were visited the USA.
A B C D
- 14) They decided visiting Big Ben, the clock tower of the Houses of Parliament in London.
A B C D
- 15) You should make your parents be happy for the rest of their life.
A B C D
- 16) My brother has travelled a lot for he finished school.
A B C D
- 17) Her husband is always complaining on the heaviness of her suitcase.
A B C D
- 18) Mary felt really exciting to hear about her next trip in Africa .
A B C D
- 19) When I arrived Tom was standing near the door, looked at the crowd in the street.
A B C D
- 20) Chicago is situated right in the shore of Lake Michigan, one of the Great Lakes.
A B C D

IV. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1

There are many kinds of weather. They affect our lives profoundly. Whether planning a trip or getting dressed in the morning, we always have to consider what the weather will be like. The weather is the changes in the (1)_____ at a particular time and place. The four factors that shape the weather are: the air, the sun, water and the earth's (2)_____. Other conditions which relate to the weather are: temperature, air pressure and fonts. The sun is the

biggest source of heat and light which change the kind of weather. The speed of molecules also changes the (3)_____. High pressure areas usually produce fair weather and low pressure areas usually produce cloudy, stormy weather. Fronts are usually connected (4)_____ a rotating low pressure system that is producing rain or snow. They also help to lift and cool the air and create clouds. Weather can be harmful because it is very powerful. There are different types of (5)_____ weather such as floods, hurricanes, tornadoes, thunderstorm, and blizzards. That is why the study of weather is so important to (6)_____ and avoid bad weather.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. atmosphere | B. sky | C. environment | D. space |
| 2. A. changing | B. movement | C. difference | D. differ |
| 3. A. temperature | B. degree | C. Celsius | D. Fahrenheit |
| 4. A. on | B. of | C. to | D. for |
| 5. A. adventurous | B. scare | C. thrilling | D. dangerous |
| 6. A. see | B. think | C. predict | D. guess |

Reading 2:

Most people enjoy going (1)_____ on their holidays and having the opportunity (2)_____ in an interesting city or a seaside (3) _____. If you speak some languages you can make (4) _____, and take home some interesting souvenirs. But before that, you have to reach your (5) _____, and that often a problem! You can have problems (6) _____ your luggage and it is often difficult to find good accommodation.

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. A. far | B. abroad | C. ahead | D. overhead |
| 2. A. to stay | B. stays | C. stayed | D. staying |
| 3. A. place | B. beach | C. resort | D. resource |
| 4. A. florists | B. friends | C. people | D. tutors |
| 5. arrival | B. destination | C. departure | D. place |
| 6. A. with | B. for | C. from | D. in |

Reading 3:

Why don't you go to Da Lat (1) _____ your holidays next year? I went there last week. It was (2) _____! We (3) _____ fresh fruit and vegetables every day. We (4) _____ visited many beautiful gardens. There were lots of other things (5) _____. We played golf or went for walks in the woods. One day we hired bicycles and visited a lake. We had a picnic there. Then in the evenings there was a disco. We danced all night! It was (6) _____ but we had a fantastic time! Did you have a good holiday too?

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. on | B. for | C. of | D. before |
| 2. A. great | B. fantastic | C. Wonderful | D. All are correct |
| 3. A. will eat | B. ate | C. eat | D. are eating |
| 4. A. either | B. neither | C. too | D. also |
| 5. A. do | B. to do | C. doing | D. to doing |
| 6. A. cheap | B. expensive | C. famous | D. interesting |

Reading 4

I can't (1) _____ it, we're really here! The flight to Quito (the capital) (2) _____ twenty –three hours. (3) _____ we arrived, we were taken on a tour of Quito, (4) _____ as a 'hot dog' by our guide because of its shape. After (5) _____ the city from high up, we went down town (6) _____ the richly – deco-rated churches.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|
| 1. a. think | b. believe | c. know | d. all are correct |
| 2. a. took | b. had | c. got | a. received |
| 3. a. As soon as | b. As long as | c. As far as | d. As near as |

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 4. a. describe | b. describes | d. describing | d. described |
| 5. a. view | b. viewed | d. viewing | d. views |
| 6. a. see | b. seeing | c. to see | d. to seeing |

Reading 5:

Dear Ace,

I can't believe. I'm here at last! The flight was really, really long. It took almost thirty hours. Anyway, Australia is great. I'm (1) _____ Melbourne now. It's a lot of smaller than London, but it's also (2) _____ cleaner and nicer. People are so (3) _____! Everyone says 'G'day mate' when you meet them. The accent is a bit strange at first. But you soon (4) _____ it. We're going to go snorkeling. I started (5) _____ a few days ago – can you see me in the photo? I'm arriving home on 10 September, (6) _____ time for school (ugh!) on the 12 th. See you then! See you then!

Sophie

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 1. a. in | b. at | c. on | d. to |
| 2. a. more | b. much | c. many | d. most |
| 3. a. friend | b. friends | c. friendly | d. friendship |
| 4. a. use | b. use to | c. used to | d. get used to |
| 5. a. practice | b. to practice | c. practicing | d. b & c are correct |
| 6. a. in | b. on | c. at | d. P |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1

Right now, I am looking around the classroom. The teacher is lecturing. She is wearing a long pink dress. Thanh is writing in her notebook. She is the monitor, very careful and studies very hard. Loan is biting her pencil. She is always biting something in her mouth. Minh is scratching his head. He is always doing this when he doesn't understand the lecture. Giang is not looking at the board. She is staring out the window. She seems to be daydreaming, but perhaps she is thinking about the lecture or composing a poem. She used to be a poet of my class. Quan is opening his book to get more information about the lecture. He always want to be the first student to answer the question of the teacher. Dong is nodding his head as if understands the lecture very well...

1. There are seven students in the passage.
2. Loan is always having something in her mouth
3. Quan is the monitor of the class.
4. Minh is always scratching his head when he doesn't understand the lecture.

Reading 2:

London is Britain's biggest city. It is very old city and dates back to the Romans. It is a city of historic buildings and churches, and it has many beautiful parks. It also has some of the best museums in the world. London is very crowded in summer. It is popular city with foreign tourists, and has more than eight million visitors a year. The city is famous for its shopping and department stores. London has an excellent underground railway system, so it is easy for tourists to get around. In London, there are plenty of good restaurants where you can get excellent British food. The city also has lots of good Indian, Chinese, Japanese, French, Italian, and Greek restaurants.

1. None of the cities in Britain is larger than London.
2. London was founded by the Romans.
3. London is not busy in summer.
4. It's not easy for tourists to travel around London.

Reading 3:

Dear Valerie,

We are having a wonderful time in the USA. The people are friendly and the weather has been warm and sunny. In San Francisco, I visited my friend Olivia Clamers and her family. It was interesting to see them. I bought a lot of souvenirs for my children. My husband Tuaán Huy is always complaining about the heaviness of my suitcases.

See you soon

Love,

Thuy Du

1. They are in the USA now.
2. The weather has been awful.
3. Her husband said that the suitcase was too heavy
4. Thuỷ Du enjoyed her visit to the Clamers

Reading 4:

Dear Mum and Dad,

Well, here I am in Peru on our South American tour. We got to Lima five days ago. We had a good journey. It took three days by bus, but we saw a lot of things on the way. We didn't do much for the first two days, as some of the girls were ill. We spent most of the time on the beach. On Wednesday we came up to the mountains and while we were doing some sightseeing it rained heavily so we couldn't take a lot of photos. Yesterday, we went to the old Inca City of Machu Picchu. It was fantastic.

Hope you're well. Did you get my card from Colombia?

Love,

Matt.

PS. We're leaving for Bolivia tomorrow.

1. Matt traveled by bus
2. Matt went to Machu Picchu three days ago
3. He didn't take a camera with him
4. It rained heavily when they were on the mountains

Reading 5:

TAJ MAHAL

Taj Mahal is the most famous India's ancient building and prime monument of Mughal Art. It was built as the mausoleum of Arjumand Banu Bagam, known as Mumtaz Mahal, wife of Shan Jahan. The Taj Mahal was built on the Yamuna river in 1630. It took 22 years to construct; 20,000 men were said to have been involved in the project and tomb is over 73 meters high.

1. Taj Mahal is considered a main monument of Mughal Art . _____
2. The Taj Mahal was built on the Yamuna mountain in 1630 _____
3. There were 20,000 men involved in building the Taj Mahal. _____
4. The Taj Mahal is 73 meters high. _____

V. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence.

1. What _____ you _____ at this time yesterday? (do)
2. Oliver is very fond of _____ pictures. (draw)
3. Last Christmas, Mai _____ me a Christmas card. (send)
4. We _____ T.V when he came. (watch)

5. He is always _____ the eraser. (forget)
6. The doorbell _____ while I was having a bath. (ring)
7. My uncle _____ a new internet house on Truong Chinh street. (just/ open)
8. My father is keen on _____ flowers in front yard of our house. (grow)
9. We were hungry, so I suggested _____ dinner early. (have)
10. I hate _____ at by other people. (laugh)
11. When I was cleaning the house, I _____ an old book. (find)
12. Mr Pike is always _____ the bus. (miss)
13. Lan _____ badminton while Thu _____ comics at recess yesterday.
(play/read)
14. These animals used _____ in iron cages. (keep)
15. They _____ Ha Noi next month. (visit)
16. We tried _____ it. (do)
17. Their parents wanted them to buy some good books _____ (read)
18. He _____ the news yet. (not hear)
19. I _____ in Paris for ten years while I was a child. (live)
20. This house _____ two weeks ago. (sell)

VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

1. His house is on the top of a hill. It's very _____ there in fall. (wind)
2. They have a _____ time in Hawaii. (wonder)
3. The people there are very _____ and _____. (friend; help)
4. Our _____ is included in the ticket price. (accommodate)
5. The local people were very _____ to us. (hospitability)
6. _____, he couldn't join in our trip because he was too busy. (fortunate)
7. Tomorrow the weather in our city is warm and _____. (sun)
8. There is a _____ flight at 10 am. (day)
9. We took a small plane to Kilauea _____ this afternoon. (volcanic)
10. Hue is _____ for its scenic spots. (fame)
11. The _____ of Da Lat is much higher than Ho Chi Minh. (humid)
12. When we came to the platform, the train was _____. (depart)
13. My mother reminded me to call home on my _____ in London. (arrive)
14. Chicago is _____ right on the shore of Lake Michigan. (situation)
15. It was a really _____ football match. (excite)
16. The sky is very _____. It is going to rain. (cloud)
17. Thanks to the weather forecast, we know when a volcano will _____.
(eruption)
18. He is always _____ about the homework. (complaint)
19. You should bring _____ clothes for this cold weather. (suit)
20. The _____ institute in Nha Trang was built many years ago. (ocean)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. When he came, I was watching a football match.

→ While _____

2. The ticket price includes our accommodation.

→ Our accommodation _____

3. My mother keeps complaining about her naughty son.

→ My mother is _____

4. There was fog and rain when we came to London.

→ The weather _____

5. During dinner, the phone rang.

→ While I _____

6. I heard that you were sick. I was very sorry.

→ I was _____

7. Let's go to the concert tonight.

→ Would you _____ ?

8. The bus broke down. It took us to the seaside.

→ The bus taking _____

9. Nobody will solve this hard problem.

→ This hard problem _____

10. Does anyone answer my questions ?

→ Are _____ ?

11. Our father often takes us to the zoo at weekends.

→ We _____

12. It's dangerous to drive fast on the high way.

→ Driving _____

13. Could you please give me some water?

→ Would you mind _____ ?

14. She catches a bus because she wants to go to the meeting on time.

→ She catches a bus in order to _____

15. I was delighted that I got the best results in the final exams.

→ I was delighted to _____.

16. To study Vietnamese is not very difficult.

→ It is not _____

17. A boy was injured in the accident. He was taken to hospital.

→ A boy injured _____

18. I would like you to help me move this table.

→ Do you mind _____ ?

19. Mai keeps leaving her pen at home.

→ Mai is _____

20. We can't wear jeans at school.

→Jeans_____

UNIT 13: FESTIVALS (NQ)

I. Pronunciation

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. canoe | B. garden | C. florist | D. luggage |
| 2. A. accommodation | B. application | C. representative | D. competition |
| 3. A. festival | B. decorate | C. separate | D. participate |
| 4. A. valley | B. lava | C. carol | D. design |
| 5. A. waterfall | B. departure | C. volcano | D. pagoda |
| 6. A. recognize | B. separate | C. participate | D. decorate |
| 7. A. mountain | B. valley | C. prison | D. surprise |
| 8. A. accommodation | B. magnificent | C. unsuitable | D. participant |
| 9. A. faucet | B. machine | C. contest | D. plumber |
| 10. A. perform | B. award | C. decorate | D. design |

II. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

- Millions of Christmas cards _____ every year
A. sent B. are sent C. are sending D. was sent
- First prize was awarded _____ Jackie Stevens, the smallest girl on the team
A. with B. on C. for D. to
- Jane saw her old friend while she _____ the street.
A. crossed B. is crossing C. was crossing D. had
crossed
- He had his father _____ his Christmas card
A. decorated B. decorating C. to decorate D. decorate
- I saw him _____ the flowers in the garden
A. watering B. watered C. be watered D. is watering
- Paul is said _____ the brightest student in the class
A. was B. to be C. being D. he was
- A contest in which participants have to fetch water from the river is called _____ contest
A. water-fetch B. fetching-water
C. water-fetching D. fetch-water
- The poem , _____ by Clement Clark Moore, became popular in the USA
A. that is written B. which is written
C. which was written D. that was written
- They tried to make a fire by _____ pieces of bamboo together
A. adding B. separating C. rubbing D. taking
- Hello, Joe. I don't expect to see you today. Sonia said you _____ in hospital
A. are B. was C. were D. should be
- Presents _____ in coloured paper and put under the Christmas tree
A. are wrapped B. are wrap C. are wraped D. are wrapping
- Did your school hold a _____ contest on Womwn's Day last week ?
A. flower-arranged B. flower-arrange
C. flower-arranging D. arrangement flower
- Tom _____ me that he liked rock music
A. said to B. told to C. asked D. explained

14. Sally is quite keen _____ the idea
A. in B. on C. of D. for
15. Milk _____ cows and goats
A. belongs to B. comes from C. is made of D. is made from
16. _____ is a religious song that people sing at Christmas
A. Carol B. Poem C. Christmas card D. Patron Saint
17. Galileo said that the earth _____ round
A. is B. were C. has been D. was being
18. They recently returned _____ Paris from London
A. to B. for C. towards D. Ø
19. Could you talk _____ ?
A. more quiet ? B. quieter C. quietlier D. more quietly
20. I thanked my classmate _____ helping me with my homework
A. for B. about C. of D. Ø

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. How long ago does the Christmas tree come to the USA
A B C D
2. A new school is going to build in the village
A B C D
3. Tom said that the twins couldn't go to school this day because they were ill.
A B C D
4. An Englishman had someone designed a card to send Christmas greetings to his friends.
A B C D
5. Viet Nam is a rice-exported country in the world.
A B C D
6. Washing machines used to wash clothes.
A B C D
7. The street are flooded because it rained for hours.
A B C D
8. We changed our mind since she gave her advice.
A B C D
9. I asked my mother what to make a birthday cake.
A B C D
10. Now I used to working alone without any help of my colleague.
A B C D
11. I was very surprise when I opened the present.
A B C D
12. Ha Long Bay has been voted to be one of the greatest natural world wonder.
A B C D
13. Lan said to me that she was felt ill and wanted to stay at home.
A B C D
14. Everyone was born free and equal in dignity and rights.
A B C D
15. His son usually asks him where to do in certain situation.
A B C D
16. The grand prize is given to the team have the most points.
A B C D
17. Pyramids were built to protect pharaohs who was the kings after death.
A B C D
18. Liz was interesting in the water-fetching contest.

19. Children are always mess up the kitchen.
A B C D
20. I think I would stop working because I am getting tired.
A B C D

IV. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1.

Two of the most important holiday in the United States are Independence Day and Thanksgiving Day. The fourth of July marks the American declaration of Independence from Britain. Most towns, big or small, celebrate the fourth of July (1)_____parades and fireworks. Families (2) _____with barbecues or picnics. Thanksgiving Day is celebrated in fall, on the fourth Thursday in November. It is a day (3) _____people give thanks to the harvest. Most families (4) _____ a large dinner with roast turkey. (5) _____Independence Day and Thanksgiving Day are national (6) _____.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. A. in | B. by | C. with | D. of |
| 2. A. celebrating | B. celebration | C. celebrate | D. celebrated |
| 3. A. where | B. when | C. which | D. in which |
| 4. A. have | B. buy | C. help | D. take |
| 5. A. Besides | B. Both | C. Either | D. Nor |
| 6. A. chances | B. months | C. holiday | D. times |

Reading 2:

Harvest Festival is (1)_____ October. It is very ancient (2)_____, but it is also the part of the Christian tradition. It (3)_____ new crops and food. Children often bring fruit, vegetables and cereals into school. Schools usually give the food to hospitals or to old people. In the past, people sometimes make corn dolls. They are (4)_____ decorations for harvest times. (5)_____ you make a corn doll, you twist wheat into the shape of a doll. The tradition of corn dolls is thousands of years. In the evening of the Harvest Festival, everybody meets (6)_____ has a big meal together in the village hall to celebrate the harvest.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. in | B. at | C. on | D. from |
| 2. A. thing | B. festival | C. vacation | D. holiday |
| 3. A. gives | B. supplies | C. celebrates | D. holds |
| 4. A. tradition | B. ancient | C. custom | D. traditional |
| 5. A. What | B. Where | C. Why | D. When |
| 6. A. or | B. and | C. but | D. so |

Reading 3

Hello. My name's Ruth. I'm from America, and I'm Jewish. We have lots of festivals, but my favorite one (1) _____Hanukka. It takes place (2)_____December. The (3) _____ celebrates a miracle from (4) _____ times, when the lights in a temple burned for eight days (5) _____ oil. So we light a candle every day for eight days. We have parties and we eat nice food, (7) _____ sweets and cakes. We (28) _____ visit our relations, and children get a lot of presents.

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|
| 1. A. calls | B. called | C. calling | D. is called |
|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|
| 2. A. in | B. at | C. on | D. when |
| 3. A. festival | B. competition | C. contest | D. holiday |
| 4. A. modern | B. present | C. ancient | D. traditional |
| 5. A. by | B. with | C. without | D. from |
| 6. A. a. like | B. as | C. such as | D. a & c |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1.

Hi! I'm Dean. I'm from England. My favorite time of the year is Christmas, which is on December 25. That's when Christians celebrate the birth of Christ. In the middle of December we send a lot of cards to our friends and family, here and abroad. Then we get a big tree and decorate it with lights and other things. On Christmas Day, we give each other presents. We have one enormous meal with turkey, and after that, we have Christmas pudding.

1. Christmas is held in the middle of December.
2. Dean doesn't like Christmas.
3. Cards are sent and Christmas trees are decorated on Christmas Day.
4. People eat turkey and pudding on Christmas Day.

Reading 2

Since Da Lat was found by Doctor Alexander Yersin in 1897, it has become one of Vietnam's most famous vacation destination. Da Lat is now the holiday resort for Vietnamese and foreign tourists. Located on Langbian highlands, the city is 1,500 meters above sea level and is 305 km from HCM City. It is very famous for its waterfalls, lakes, and especially flower gardens. Many hotels have been built in Da Lat for the past few years, but it is still difficult to find accommodation at busy times.

1. Doctor Alexander was born in Da Lat .
2. Da Lat has been very famous since 1897.
3. For sightseeing tourists can come to see waterfalls, lakes, and flower gardens.
4. It's easy to find accommodation at busy times because there are a lot of hotels.

V. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence.

- Cheese (make) _____ from milk .
2. Many accidents (cause) _____ by careless driving last year
 3. It's a big factory . Five hundred people (employ) _____ there yesterday .
 4. A cinema is a place where films (show) _____ .
 5. Most of the Earth 's surfaces (cover) _____ by water .
 6. You can see the house from the road . It (surround) _____ by trees.
 7. The concerts (usually / hold) _____ at the theater .
 8. How _____ this word (spell) _____ ?
 9. A lot of beautiful toys (make) _____ from recycled plastic .
 10. I (take) _____ to school by my father when I was a child
 11. What _____ you (do) _____ at 9:00 last night ?
 12. When I got home, my father (watch) _____ TV yesterday ?
 13. While my father was reading a book , my mother (wash) _____ the dishes.
 14. Last night I (do) _____ the washing up when the electricity went out .
 15. Her mother (get) _____ married when she (be) _____ quite young .
 16. Do you mind (turn) _____ down the gas fire ?
 17. Would you mind if I (carry) _____ your heavy bag ?
 18. Do you mind if I (ask) _____ you some questions ?
 19. Would you mind (give) _____ me a red pen ?

20. Lan forgets her homework again. She (forget) _____ homework.

VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

1. It is time - _____ to play games all day (consumption).
2. She is looking forward to his _____ (arrive).
3. Because of the bad weather, all _____ may be delayed (fly).
4. Tet is a _____ festival in Vietnam (tradition).
5. He was very _____ for his successful performance. (fame).
6. There are six _____ in the rice cooking contest. (participate)
7. They are very _____ in swimming in the pool. (interest).
8. The game show on TV last Sunday is very _____. (interest).
9. It's _____ in Vietnam to eat sticky rice cake on Tet holiday. (tradition).
10. Warm clothes are _____ for hot weather. (suit).
11. There were over 100 _____ joined in that festival. (compete).
12. Santa Claus is based on the _____ of Saint Nicholas in the poem. (describe).
13. It is a contest in which _____ have to make a fire. (participate).
14. Mrs Robinson wants some marigolds because they are _____ at Tet. (tradition)
15. Our classmates are making _____ for Christmas Day. (prepare)
16. Will they use this place for _____? (perform).
17. You must drive _____ in order not to cause accidents. (careful)
18. Ha Long Bay is one of many _____ places of interests in Viet nam. (wonder)
19. Their trip to her countryside is very _____ (excite)
20. There are many _____ from Viet nam to Australia every week. (fly)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. Noone has met his uncle since last year.
His uncle _____
2. People performed Christmas songs 800 years ago.
Christmas songs _____
3. Our school will hold an English singing contest next month.
An English singing contest _____
4. Santa Claus gives children presents on Christmas Eve.
Children _____
5. Brazil is a country which exports a lot of coffee.
Brazil is _____
6. It is a contest in which participants have to make fire.
It is _____
7. It is a club which people can join to climb mountain.
It is _____
8. Vietnam is a country which grows a lot of rice.
Vietnam _____
9. "I can repair the bicycle myself" his brother told me.
His brother _____
10. Nam said: "My uncle drives very carefully".
Nam _____
11. "I like swimming here, Mom" said Hoa.
Hoa _____
12. "You must do your homework now, Ba". The teacher said
The teacher _____
13. "Everything is very expensive before Tet". Said My Mom
My Mom _____

14. "I am making coffee for you, Dad" Mai said.
Mai _____
15. "Lan, I want to visit your countryside this Sunday" Minh said.
Minh _____
16. Peter said: "You have to turn off all the lights before going out".
Peter _____
17. The cat has broken the jar in the kitchen.
The jar _____
18. Miss Jane will send you an email tomorrow.
An email _____
19. It is a machine which is used to make coffee.
It is _____
20. Mr Micheal sent me a Christmas card yesterday.
I _____

UNIT 14: WONDERS OF THE WORLD (TVD)

I. Pronunciation

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. A. religious | B. coral | C. royal | D. snorkel |
| 2. A. requirement | B. freshman | C. surround | D. religious |
| 3. A. participate | B. bulletin | C. skeptical | D. wonder |
| 4. A. jungle | B. crystal | C. snorkel | D. memorial |
| 5. A. memorial | B. restrict | C. heritage | D. compile |
| 6. A. royal | B. marine | C. jungle | D. heritage |
| 7. A. concern | B. connect | C. degree | D. challenge |
| 8. A. surround | B. ranger | C. canyon | D. wonder |
| 9. A. empire | B. regulation | C. liberty | D. pyramid |
| 10. A. design | B. tower | C. landmark | D. ancient |

II. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

1. Angkor Wat is one of the largest.....in the world
A. churches B. pagodas C. temples D. tombs
2. She asked me.....I could help her with the homework
A. what B. if C. where D. who
3. The pyramid of Cheops in Egypt is one of the seven.....of the world
A. wonders B. landmarks C. pyramids D. structures
4. Sydney Opera House.....in 1973
A. built B. is built C. were built D. was built
5. This is the first time Eric.....camping
A. went B. goes C. has gone D. has never gone
6. I don't know what
- A. to do B. for doing C. to be done D. be done
7. I must go now. I promisedlate
A. not being B. not to be C. to not be D. I won't be
8. She asked me.....a driving licence
A. if I have B. whether I have C. if I had D. whether I have
- had
9. Have you decide where.....for your holiday?

- A. going B. to go C. will you go D. you went
10. They had their luggage.....by the porter
A. carry B. carrying C. to carry D. carried
11. In order to keep fit, we should do exercises.....
A. regular B. regularly C. regulating D. regulation
12. It was always his stories.
A. interested to hear B. interesting to hear
C. interested hearing D. interesting hearing
13. Tom will be to the picnic.
A. invite B. invites C. inviting D. invited
14. John promised that heGrandfather the following week.
A. will visit B. visited C. would visit D. week
15.it was summer in Arizona, it was quite cool at night
A. Although B. because C. but D. in spite
16. This morning, Nhi decided.....for a run with her mother
A. go B. going C. to go D. Goes
17. Buddhism is one of the popular in the world
A. religion B. religious C. religioner D. religions
18. “ What did Hoa ask you?” “”
A. she asked me is Tom at home B. She asked me if Tom were at home
C. She asked me Tom was at home D. She asked me whether Tom was at home
19. Ankor Watt should really be known.....a wonder
A. as B. at C. for D. of
20. The summit of Mount Everest.....by two members of a British expedition and a Nepalese guide in 1953
A. was completed B. was reached C. were reached D. have reached

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. The woman told me how could go to the post office.
A B C D
2. The little girl decided continuing her run although I asked her to stop.
A B C D
3. After left the theater, we stopped at a coffee shop for a late night snack.
A B C D
4. The list was compiled by a historian with the name of Antipater.
A B C D
5. Meat must kept in a refrigerator or it will spoil.
A B C D
6. You should plan arriving at the stadium early.
A B C D
7. They suggested playing a game calling “20 questions”.
A B C D
8. He led us on a guiding hike along the edge of the canyon.
A B C D
9. David tells me if I kept his key and bag
A B C D
10. Find for if there’s anyone here who speaks English.
A B C D
11. James should be tell the news as soon as possible.
A B C D
12. The assistant asked Helen whether those shoes was too small for her.

13. I don't know what did in the essay, but I'll try and find out.
A B C D
14. She showed me where did I left my luggage.
A B C D
15. I asked Nga whether Petronas Twin Tower in Malaysia was the highest building of the world.
A B C D
16. I wanted changing jobs because my boss makes me work overtime.
A B C D
17. The Eiffel Tower has designed by the French civil engineer Alexander Gustave Eiffel for the Paris World's Fair of 1889.
A B C D
18. Could you tell me when the next train leaves and where buy tickets?
A B C D
19. The only survival wonder on the Antipater's list is the Pyramid.
A B C D
20. He asked that Tom would be there the day after.
A B C D

IV. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1

The Great Pyramid of Giza was built as a (1)..... of Pharaoh Cheops in 2720 BC. Although it was built a long time ago, (2).....construction makes it one of the true wonders of the world. The four sides of the pyramid are put almost exactly on true north, south, east and west.

Explorations and detailed examinations of the base of the structure reveal (3)..... interesting lines. Further (4)..... study indicates that these represent a type of line of event- past, present and future. Many of the events have been interpreted and found (5)..... with known facts of the past.

Was this super structure made (6)..... ordinary beings, or one built by a race far superior to any known today?

- | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1 | A. tomb | B. pyramid | C. wonder | D. kingdom | 1. |
| 2 | A. theirs | B. its | C. it | D. his | 2. |
| 3 | A. much | B. a lot | C. little | D. many | 3. |
| 4 | A. science | B. scientist | C. scientific | D. scientifically | 4. |
| 5 | A. to coincide | B. coincide | C. coinciding | D. for coinciding | 5. |
| 6 | A. in | B. of | C. by | D. from | 6. |

Reading 2

Nhi and her parents are visiting Hoi An and My Son. They (1)..... at a hotel near Cua Dai. Early this morning, Nhi decided (2).....for a run. She left the hotel and started to jog in the direction (3)..... Cua Dai beach. She thought she might go along the beach for 20 minutes before heading for the hotel. (4)....., after 10 minutes, dark clouds began to gather and it started to rain. Nhi tried to reach a

(5)....., but within a few seconds she was completely wet. So she decided to continue her run (6)..... she couldn't get wetter!

- | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| 1 | A. stay | B. are staying | C. stayed | D. were staying | 1. |
| 2 | A. go | B. going | C. to go | D. on going | 2. |
| 3 | A. of | B. on | C. to | D. in | 3. |
| 4 | A. Fortunate | B. Fortunately | C. Unfortunate | D. Unfortunately | 4. |
| 5 | A. hotel | B. home | C. place | D. shelter | 5. |
| 6 | A. because | B. so | C. and | D. but | 6. |

Reading 3

Located 38km from Lao Cai City, Sapa is a (1)..... district of Lao Cai Province. Sapa District is very well-known with Sapa Town let, a beautiful and romantic resort. At the height of 1,600m above sea level, the average temperature of the area is 15-18°C. (2)..... is cool in summer and cold in winter. Visitors (3)..... Sapa in summer can feel the climate of four seasons in one day. In the morning and afternoon, it is cool (4)..... the weather of spring and autumn. At noon, it is as sunny and (5)..... as the weather of summer. And it is cold in the evening. With no advance warning of a thunderstorm short and heavy rains may come at noon on any summer day. Subsequently, a rainbow appears, transforming Sapa into a magic land, which for years (6)..... a constant source of poetic inspiration, lights up the whole region

- | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---------|
| 1 | A. mountainous | B. mountain | C. mount | D. coastal | 1. |
| 2 | A. They | B. it | C. we | D. he | 2. |
| 3 | A. to | B. on | C. in | D. of | 3. |
| 4 | A. as | B. like | C. with | D. same | 4. |
| 5 | A. cloud | B. cloudily | C. cloudless | D. wind | 5. |
| 6 | A. is | B. was | C. be | D. has been | 6. |

Reading 4

Of all the natural wonders of the world, few are (1)..... spectacular as Niagara Falls. Located on the Niagara river along the border (2)..... the United states and Canada, Niagara (3)..... of two falls, the American Falls and the Horseshoe Falls. The former is on the US side of the border, in the state of New York, while the latter is on the Canadian side. About 85% of the water in Niagara River flows over the Horseshoe Falls, which is the more (4)..... of the two falls.

About 10 million people visit the falls each year, most during the summer tourist season. Sightseers can (5)..... steamers up close to the boiling water of the falls, or view them from parks on both sides of the river. Niagara Falls has long been (6)..... popular honeymoon destination for newlyweds.

- | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------|
| 1 | A. as | B. so | C. more | D. very | 1. |
| 2 | A. in | B. of | C. on | D. between | 2. |
| 3 | A. consists | B. include | C. is | D. has | 3. |
| 4 | A. impress | B. impressive | C. impression | D. impressing | 4. |
| 5 | A. riding | B. ride | C. to ride | D. rides | 5. |
| 6 | A. a | B. an | C. the | D. this | 6. |

Reading 5

Ha Long Bay is (1).....with both Vietnamese and international tourists. One of the attractions of Ha Long is the Bay's calm water with snowy mountains. The Bay's (2).....is clear during the spring and early summer. Upon arriving in Ha Long city, visitors can (3).....Chay Beach. From the beach, they can hire a boat and go out to the Bay. It is here that the visitors can find some of Southeast Asia's (4)..... beautiful sites. Dau Go Cave is one of the most beautiful caves (5).....Ha Long. It was the cave in (6)..... General Tran Hung Dao hid wooden stakes to beat the Mongols on Bach Dang River in 1288.

- | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| 1 | A. famous | B. interested | C. popular | D. magnificent | 1. |
| 2 | A. atmosphere | B. sights | C. beaches | D. water | 2. |
| 3 | A. go on | B. go along | C. go up | D. go into | 3. |
| 4 | A. most | B. best | C. the most | D. the best | 4. |
| 5 | A. in | B. on | C. of | D. at | 5. |
| 6 | A. that | B. who | C. what | D. which | 6. |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1

Located 38km from Lao Cai City, Sapa is a mountainous district of Lao Cai Province. Sapa District is very well-known with Sapa Town let, a beautiful and romantic resort. At the height of 1,600m above sea level, the average temperature of the area is 15-18°C. It is cool in summer and cold in winter. Visitors to Sapa in summer can feel the climate of four seasons in one day. In the morning and afternoon, it is cool like the weather of spring and autumn. At noon, it is as sunny and cloudless as the weather of summer. And it is cold in the evening. With no advance warning of a thunderstorm short and heavy rains may come at noon on any summer day. Subsequently, a rainbow appears, transforming Sapa into a magic land, which for years has been a constant source of poetic inspiration, lights up the whole region

- | | |
|---|---------|
| 1. Sapa is a mountainous resort of Lao Cai Province | 1. |
| 2. Lao Cai province is at the height of 1,600m above sea level. | 2. |
| 3. It's cool in the morning and afternoon in Sapa. | 3. |
| 4. Sapa usually has rains in the spring and autumn. | 4. |

Reading 2

The Great Pyramid of Giza was built as a tomb of Pharaoh Cheops in 2720 BC. Although it was built a long time ago, its construction makes it one of the true wonders of the world. The four sides of the pyramid are put almost exactly on true north, south, east and west.

Explorations and detailed examinations of the base of the structure reveal many interesting lines. Further scientific study indicates that these represent a type of line of event-past, present and future. Many of the events have been interpreted and found to coincide with known facts of the past.

Was this super structure made by ordinary beings, or one built by a race far superior to any known today?

1. The Great Pyramid was built as a tomb
2. It is one of the true wonders of the world because of its construction
3. The four sides of the pyramids are put inexactly on true north, east, west and south
4. The base of the structure represents a type of line of event- present and future

Reading 3

Of all the natural wonders of the world, few are as spectacular as Niagara Falls. Located on the Niagara river along the border between the United States and Canada, Niagara consists of two falls, the American Falls and the Horseshoe Falls. The former is on the US side of the border, in the state of New York, while the latter is on the Canadian side. About 85% of the water in Niagara River flows over the Horseshoe Falls, which is the more impressive of the two falls.

About 10 million people visit the falls each year, most during the summer tourist season. Sightseers can ride steamers up close to the boiling water of the falls, or view them from parks on both sides of the river. Niagara Falls has long been a popular honeymoon destination for newlyweds.

- 1. The Horseshoe Falls is on the US side 1.....
- 2. The Horseshoe Falls is the larger of the two falls 2.....
- 3. People can watch the falls from parks or boats 3.....
- 4. Niagara is only busy during the summer tourist season 4.....

Reading 4

Ha Long Bay is popular with both Vietnamese and international tourists. One of the attractions of Ha Long is the Bay's calm water with limestone mountains. The Bay's water is clear during the spring and early summer. Upon arriving in Ha Long city, visitors can go along Chay Beach. From the beach, they can hire a boat and go out to the Bay. It is here that the visitors can find some of Southeast Asia's most beautiful sites. Dau Go Cave is one of the most beautiful caves at Ha Long. It was the cave in which General Tran Hung Dao hid wooden stakes to beat the Mongols on Bach Dang River in 1288.

- 1. The Bay's calm water with limestone mountains isn't one of the attractions of Ha Long
- 2. The Bay's water is clear at the end of spring and summer
- 3. Upon arriving in Ha long city, visitors can not go along Chay beach
- 4. Dau Go cave is one of the most beautiful caves at Ha Long

Reading 5

The Seven Wonders of the World is a widely known list of seven *popular* sites of classical antiquity. The earliest known version of the list was compiled in the 2nd century BC by Antipater of Sidon. It only includes works located around the Mediterranean rim where sightseers could typically travel safely. Of these wonders, the only one that has survived to the present day is the Great Pyramid of Giza. The existence of the Hanging Gardens has not been definitively proven. Records show that the other five wonders were destroyed by natural disasters.

antiquity (n) thời xưa version (n) phiên bản

- 1. The Great Pyramid of Giza is one of the seven wonders of the world 1.....
- 2. The earliest version of the list was compiled in the 2nd century BC 2.....
- 3. Today we can see the Hanging Gardens. 3.....
- 4. The seven wonders of the world were destroyed by natural disasters. 4.....

V. Verb forms- tenses

- 1. It was late, so we decided (take)..... a taxi home.
- 2. We were hungry, so I suggested (have)..... dinner early.
- 3. When I'm tired, I enjoy (watch)..... television.
- 4. Would you like (come)..... to dinner on Friday?
- 5. It started (rain)..... when they left home.
- 6. Would you mind (close)..... the door?

7. He stopped (talk)....., then tried (lift).....a box into a lorry.
8. Don't forget (turn).....off the lights before (go).....out.
9. Nhi asked Nga whether she.....(know) My Son.
10. I hope (finish).....(paint).....the house by the end of the week.
11. The classrooms(clean) everyday.
12. He advised me how (drive) in a crowded city.
13. The Eiffel Tower(visit) by millions of people every year
14. Golden Gate Bridge(open) in 1937
15. She has a lot of novels (write) in English.
16. Do you mind if I (turn) on the TV?
17. Miss Linda asked the students (not throw) things away.
18. Tea can (make) with hot water.
19. He(graduate) from University in 1990.
20. I like listening to music while I.....(study)

VI. Word forms.

1. The nurse is giving some first-aid.....to her patients (INSTRUCT)
2. Angkor Wat was Built for Hindu God (ORIGIN)
3., he was ill on the day of the pop festival. (FORTUNATE)
4. Our plan was to go to Florida. (ORIGIN)
5. They are talking about the local (INHABIT)
6. Angkor Wat has been a famous tourist.....(ATTRACT)
7. Computer bulletin boards are used in the same way as.....ones in schools
(TRADITION)
8. Angkor Thom used to be the.....capital city. (ROYALTY)
9. Shethe rules of the game this morning. (EXPLANATION)
10. Uncle Ho is one of the most.....leader in the world (FAME)
11. Look at those black ! It is going to rain. (CLOUDLESS)
12. She looked in her wedding dress. (MAGNIFICENCE)
13. Da Lat is inVietnam (SOUTH)
14. Angkor Wat became a Buddhistcenter. (RELIGION)
15. A lot of tourists want to visit some islands of Hawaii. (OCEAN)
16. We have a.....time in Da Lat . (WONDER)
17. Angkor Wat By Angkor Thom attracts many tourists. (SURROUND)
18. She ran Down the hall to greet her aunt. (EXCITE)
19. A war.....is a monument or statue to commemorate those who died or were injured in a war. (MEMORY)
20. Last night, the TV showed a very _____ program. (INTEREST)

VII. Sentence transformations

1. The printers print big sheets of paper
→ Big.....
2. Someone has turned the computer on
→ The computer.....
3. Dresser discovered aspirin in 1889
→ Aspirin.....
4. Alexander Gustave Eiffel designed Eiffel Tower
→ Eiffel Tower.....
5. No one has met him for a long time
→ He

6. The step- mother doesn't treat the little girl in a normal way.
→ The little girl
7. . "Is Phong Nha in Quang tri province?", asked the tourists
→ The tourists
8. . "Do you like traveling , Nga?", Tom asked
→ Tom
9. . He told his customer : " Please bring it back "→ He told
10. " Can you be my guide to Phong Nha this weekend?"
→ He asked me
11. "Do your parents speak English?"
→ Mary asked me
12. Daniel said to Jim, " Is there a café nearby?"
→ Daniel asked
13. Thanh said to her teacher, " Will I finish my exercise at home?"
→ Thanh
14. I want to make a chocolate cake. Please tell me
→ Please tell me how
15. I want to buy some souvenirs but I don't know any shops
→ I don't know
16. I can't speak English well.
→ Can you show me how
17. He's so embarrassing that he couldn't say anything yesterday
→ He didn't know
18. They relax after a game. The coach lets them
→ The coach
19. The players don't smoke. The coach doesn't allow it
→ The coach doesn't
20. " Could you take me home?"
→ Would you mind

UNIT 15: COMPUTERS (TVD)

I. Pronunciation

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. computer | B. opinion | C. document | D. location |
| 2. A. manual | B. printer | C. document | D. install |
| 3. A. concern | B. connect | C. degree | D. Challenging |
| 4. A. computer | B. guarantee | C. university | D. education |
| 5. A. document | B. technology | C. company | D. monitor |
| 6. A. telephone | B. library | C. equipment | D. campuses |
| 7. A. available | B. delicious | C. amusing | D. entertaining |
| 8. A. concern | B. access | C. impact | D. skeptical |
| 9. A. freshman | B. install | C. restrict | D. adjust |
| 10. A. guarantee | B. properly | C. indicate | D. normally |

II. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

1. They posted messages on the.....board

- A. bulletin B. document C. requirement D. connection
2. Users can send.....and receive information through telephone lines
A. passages B. messages C. things D. texts
3. The computer is.....guarantee, so the company should do something with it
A. on B. in C. at D. under
4. Don't forget to.....all the lights when you go to bed
A. turn off B. find out C. point out D. plug in
5. Without computers students can't work or study.....
A. effect B. effective C. effectively D. effectiveness
6. This is the first time Eric.....camping
A. went B. goes C. has gone D. has never gone
7. ".....?" "it doesn't work"
A. How is your computer? B. what does your computer do?
C. what's wrong with your computer? D. What's happen to your computer?
8. She has worked as a secretaryshe graduated from college
A. since B. until C. before D. while
9. Could you turn the music.....a little. It's too loud!
A.on B. off C. down D. up
10. A.....is a machine for printing text onto paper
A. monitor B. computer C. printer D. board
11. Sue had her bikeby her father
A. fix B. fixing C. to fix D. fixed
12. When he realized I.....at him, he.....away
A. looked/was turning B. was looking/turned C. looked/turned D. was looking/was turning
13. "Would you like to go to the band concert?"
A. Thanks, but I've seen it already B. I like it
C. Thanks, I will D. What a great opinion!
14. "I don't think technology will replace schools" "....."
A. So do I B. I do,too C. Neither do I D. I do either
15. Technology now means students can get a degree without.....campus
A. to be on B. to be in C. being in D. being on
16. Nowadays, first-year students.....to have access to a computer
A. are requiring B. are required C. have required D. will be required
17. Do you think chatting on Internet is.....?
A. time-consuming B. consuming-time C. time-consumed D. consumed-time
18. Please turn.....the computer when you've finished your report
A. on B. off C. in D. over
19. All the.....students need is now stored in the university's computers
A. inform B. informative C. information D. informal
20. It isn't a very good party. Most peoplehome
A. already went B. have already gone
C. has already gone D. have went already

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. I don't know what did in the essay, but I'll try and find out.
A B C D
2. Have you finished your homework already, Ba?
A B C D
3. We haven't had a vacation in last year
A B C D

4. A university without a library has opened recently in the USA
A B C D
5. It's on guarantee so the company should do something with it
A B C D
6. It's already 10:00, but Teri hasn't finished her homework already
A B C D
7. This hotel has been already in business for fifty years
A B C D
8. Albert Einstein was the scientist who has developed the theory of relativity
A B C D
9. Have you eaten a lot of sweets when you were a child?
A B C D
10. The printer won't work if you don't connect it proper
A B C D
11. Either Nam or his father know how to connect the printer
A B C D
12. Nam asked if there is anything wrong with the printer
A B C D
13. Study is no longer restrict to just one location
A B C D
14. Has the plug come in of the socket?
A B C D
15. I have no idea what is the problem.
A B C D
16. The printer is under guarantee because the company should do something with it
A B C D
17. I think playing computer games is time-consume
A B C D
18. You should click the printer icon on the screen and wait in a few seconds
A B C D
19. Computer bulletin boards used in the same way as traditional ones in schools and colleges
A B C D
20. I think computers are useful and neither does he
A B C D

IV. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1

Some people believe that soon schools will no longer be (1)..... These people say that because of the internet (2)..... other new technology, there is no longer any need for school buildings, formal classes, or teachers. Perhaps this (3)..... true one day, but it is hard for me to imagine a world without schools. In fact we need (4)..... at how we can use new technology to make schools better. We should invent a new kind (5)..... school that is linked to libraries, museums, science center and even companies. Experts could give talks on video or over the Internet. TV networks and local stations could develop programming about things students are actually(6)..... in school

- | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------|
| 1 | A. necessarily | B. necessity | C. necessary | D. need | 1. |
| 2 | A. but | B. so | C. and | D. because | 2. |
| 3 | A. will | B. was | C. is | D. will be | 3. |

- | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------|
| 4 | A. look | B. to look | C. looking | D. looks | 4..... |
| 5 | A. for | B. on | C. of | D. at | 5..... |
| 6 | A. studying | B. to study | C. study | D. studied | 6..... |

Reading 2

The computer is undoubtedly one of the most amazing and important (1).....of the twentieth century. Boring or (2).....jobs which, in the past, would have been carried out by hundreds of workers can now (3).....by one small computer. However, the use of the computer has not been entirely problem-free. Many people feel that we are already too dependent (4).....computers. They think that computers themselves are (5).....too powerful, and that people are no (6).....in control of them.

- | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1 | A. invents | B. inventors | C. inventions | D. inventories | 1. |
| 2 | A. time-saving | B. time-sharing | C. time-limit | D. time-consuming | 2. |
| 3 | A. done | B. do | C. did | D. be done | 3..... |
| 4 | A. on | B. to | C. of | D.in | 4..... |
| 5 | A. becoming | B. running | C. coming | D. keeping | 5..... |
| 6 | A. long | B. longer | C. longest | D. earlier | 6..... |

Reading 3

We all know that inventors need a lot of (1).....Technological information contained in patent documents is essential at the very earliest stages of invention. It can (2)..... ideas for further development of existing technology. That is why Patent Offices have put their patent documentation databases on the internet. Access is (3).....fast, but easily accessible and available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. It is also free because it (4)..... cost the inventor a single cent to consult such documentation! The inventor also has (5).....to much more data than through a single database. Obviously, internet is one huge library, containing millions of patent documents (6)all over the world

- | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------|
| 1 | A. inform | B. information | C. informing | D. informative | 1. |
| 2 | A. provide | B. providing | C. to provide | D. provides | 2. |
| 3 | A. only not | B. but also | C. not enough | D. not only | 3..... |
| 4 | A. does | B. is | C. doesn't | D. will | 4..... |
| 5 | A. way | B. gate | C. access | D. path | 5..... |
| 6 | A. with | B. from | C. at | D. of | 6..... |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1

It's not enough that the computer is invading our work and play worlds. It has started to invade our shopping world as well. Shopping by computer, or teleshopping, is a phenomenon that is beginning to appear in homes, stores, hotels, and even airports. The service allows the shopper to look at electronic catalogs and to order items, such as dishes, clothing or concert tickets, without leaving the computer. This modern way of shopping is convenient, especially for busy people

- | | | |
|----|--|--------|
| 1. | The computer is now invading our work and play world | 1..... |
| 2. | Shopping by computer is also called teleshopping | 2..... |
| 3. | The service allows the shoppers to shop on-line | 3..... |
| 4. | Internet shopping is convenient for people who don't like shopping | 4..... |

Reading 2

Some people believe that soon schools will no longer be necessary. These people say that because of the internet and other new technology, there is no longer any need for school buildings, formal classes, or teachers. Perhaps this will be true one day, but it is hard for me to

imagine a world without schools. In fact we need to look at how we can use new technology to make schools better.

We should invent a new kind of school that is linked to libraries, museums, science center and even companies. Experts could give talks on video or over the Internet. TV networks and local stations could develop programming about things students are actually studying in school

1. Some people believe that schools will be unnecessary soon 1.....
2. It is easy for the writer to imagine a world without schools 2.....
3. A new kind of school that is linked to libraries, museums and companies 3..... shouldn't be invented
4. Experts couldn't give talks on video or over the internet 4.....

Reading 3

It takes several centuries to develop many inventions into their modern form. Each invention may be just one small step on the road to the final goal. Television was not invented by a single inventor, instead many people working together and alone over the years. Contributed to the evolution of television. Computer is not the exception. It is a complex piece of machinery made up of many parts; each can be considered a separate invention. Actually, it is not easy for only one person to do such an ideal thing in life

1. Not many inventions take centuries to develop into their modern form 1.....
2. There is just one inventor contributing to the invention of television 2.....
3. Computer is a complicated piece of machinery 3.....
4. It's difficult for only one person to do such an ideal thing in life 4.....

V. Verb forms- tenses

1. Don't forget (turn).....off the lights before (go).....out.
2.you.... ...(give) up smoking yet, Nam?
3.you (meet) Nam recently?
4. My house(build) since yesterday
5. This is the first time I.....(see) a cricket match
6. Christmas was the last time we.....(have)a party
7. Students can get a degree without.....(be) on a campus now.
8. She doesn't know how.....(do) homework
9. She (not connect) it properly yet.
10. Let's.....(prepare) for the coming party.
11. My computer doesn't work, so I think it.....(break)
12. They would like.....(complete) a college degree from home
13. The students(require) to have access to a computer by Mr. John yesterday
14.David.....(turn) the washing machine off yet?
15. They.....(live) in Ca Mau for 5 years.
16. The Robinsons(not have) a vacation since last year
17. The plane.....(arrive) at the airport two hours ago
18. Plug in the printer and(turn) on the power
19. I.....(see) an accident last night, but nobody.....(injure)
20. I think careless.....(drive) is very dangerous

VI. Word forms.

1. Computer bulletin boards are used in the same way as.....ones in schools (TRADITION)
2. Playing games can be time-..... ...(CONSUME)
3. Plug in the printer and turn on the(POWERFUL)

4. He is looking for more..... (INFORM)
5. Many universities are making it afor freshmen. (REQUIRE)
6. Computers arefor first-year students . (NEED)
7. This manual isn't very.....(HELP)
8. Have you connected the printer.....(PROPER)
9. The computer is still under..... (GUARD)
10. She failed the driving test because she didn't follow the driving
.....(INSTRUCT)
11. There are some problems with my..... (PRINT)
12. All the information was found in a library. (NORMAL)
13. I don't know how to.....a printer (CONNECTION)
14. They are twins. I can't tell the.....between them. (DIFFER)
15. Computer is one of the most important.....(INVENT)
16. This.....enables computers to read handwriting. (TECHNIQUE)
17. Games are(AMUSE)
18. English isto get a good job. (REQUIRE)
19. My teacher usually.....us how to study Math effectively. (INSTRUCTION)
20. Computers are necessaryfor first-year students. (EQUIP)

VII. Sentence transformations

1. The last time we saw him was in 1988.
→ We haven't.....
2. The last time I saw Mary was ten months ago.
→ I.....
3. We started to study English 3 years ago
→ We have.....
4. His brother began to ride to school in July
→ His brother.....
5. He last met his aunt in May 2009
→ He
6. They last visited their grandma 4 months ago
→ They.....
7. I stopped working in this company 2 weeks ago
→ I
8. It's eight years since she was last in Hai Phong
→ She.....
9. When did she last visit her uncle's farm?
→ How long.....?
10. No one in my family has left home for 2 days
→ Everyone.....
11. The last time we played games together was two years ago
→ We
12. She can't come. I'm afraid
→ I'm.....
13. She received a lot of presents. She was happy
→ She was.....
14. Her children stopped running around the kitchen 10 minutes ago
→ Her children
15. My mother began to travel to Ha noi in November
→ My mother.....
16. The last time Tim saw his uncle was two months ago

- Tim
17. It's five years since my mother last went to Ha Noi
- My mother.....
18. When did you buy this computer?
- How long.....?
19. 'Do you see Peter around here?', she asked Jack
- She
20. Their school will organize an art exhibition next month
- An art exhibition.....

WORD FORM 8-HKII

| VERB | NOUN | ADJECTIVE | ADVERB |
|------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| | anxiety | anxious | anxiously |

TRƯỜNG THCS TÂN BÌNH
TỔ: NGOẠI NGỮ

| | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| arrive | arrival | | |
| attract | attraction | attractive | attractively |
| bleed | blood (máu) bleeding | | |
| | cloth clothes clothing | | |
| | cloud | cloudy # cloudless | |
| collect | collection collector (nhà sưu tầm) | | |
| compete | competition competitor | competitive | competitively |
| | consciousness/ unconsciousness | conscious/ unconscious | consciously |
| day | daily | | |
| delight | delight | delightful delighted | delightfully |
| | difficulty | difficult | difficultly |
| describe | description | | |
| | environment environmentalist | environmental | |
| excite | excitement | exciting / excited | excitedly |
| fertilize | fertilizer | | |
| fly | flight | | |
| | fame | famous | |
| | fortune | fortunate / unfortunate | fortunately/ unfortunately |
| imprison | prison / prisoner | | |
| injure | injury | injured | |
| inject | injection | | |
| instruct | instruction instructor (người) | | |
| interest | interest | interested /interesting | interestingly |
| memorize | memory/ memorial | | |
| mix | mixture (hỗn hợp) | | |
| | mountain | mountainous | |
| minimize | minimum | minimum | |
| participate | participation participant | | |
| produce | production product (sản phẩm) | productive | productively |
| recycle | recycling | recycled | |
| reduce | reduction | | |
| represent | representative | | |

TRƯỜNG THCS TÂN BÌNH
TỔ: NGOẠI NGỮ

| | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | representation | | |
| sightsee | sight (cảnh vật) sightseeing | | |
| suggest | suggestion | | |
| suit | suitable | | |
| | tradition | traditional | |
| treat | treatment | | |
| | tribe | tribal | |
| | volcano | volcanic | |
| wonder | wonder | wonderful | wonderfully |