

**Bài Tập Môn Anh Lớp 9 – HK II
Năm Học 2017 – 2018**

Nội Dung

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UNIT 6 : THE ENVIRONMENT (NSL)

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

1. We must do more to the environment.
A. destroy B. divide C. pollute D. protect
2. We have to take our own rubbish to the
A. environment B. garbage dump C. refreshment D. pollution
3. The air in the city is very
A. disappointed B. pleasant C. exciting D. polluted
4. I think we should lazy students from throwing trash.
A. prevent B. reduce C. persuade D. save
5. Rachel if she her driving test.
A. will pleased/passes B. pleases/will pass
C. is pleased/passes D. will be pleased/passes
6. We couldn't go on picnic as planned it was raining hard.
A. however B. but C. because D. so
7. She is very tired, she goes on revising the lesson.
A. because B. so C. but D. and
8. reducing water pollution?
A. Why not B. Why don't you C. Won't you D. How about
9. Mrs. Smith has kindly provided a picnic lunch us.
A. to B. for C. with D. of
10. I look forward to hearing from you and seeing good respond your company.
A. in B. from C. for D. to
11.the forest is important to the environment, people should stop cutting down trees.
A. Despite B. Though C. Since D. Because of
12. Everybody must take part in deforestation.
A. persuading B. preventing C. providing D. preserving
13. Customers made about the way they were treated.
A. treasure B. disappointment C. complaints D. Conservations
14. Don't throw trash the water.
A. onto B. on C. in D. to
15. I think people should use tree leaves for food.
A. wrapping B. rolling C. making D. recycling
16. air is one of the many problems we have to solve nowadays.
A. Fresh B. Pure C. Polluted D. Clean
17. Industry, vehicles and garbage disposal account for
A. water pollution B. air pollution
C. pollution of soil D. pollution of rivers
18. If we use much pesticide vegetables, the vegetables will become poisonous and inedible.
A. on B. with C. to D. for
19. can we reduce the amount of garbage we produce?..
A. Where B. Why C. When D. How
20. is a piece of land full of rubbish.
A. Junkyard B. Garbage C. Hedge D. Treasure
21. The local authority should the fish catching by electricity.
A. protect B. prohibit C. permit D. allow
22. Plastic bags are very to dissolve, so they will cause pollution.
A. easy B. hard C. Practical D. convenient
23. He was tired he played games a lot

- A. so B. because C. but D. and
24. I will be if she manages to sell that motorbike at a high price.
A. surprise B. to surprise C. surprising D. surprised
25. Unless you understand, I explain it again to you.
A. am B. was C. will D. would
26. If you live in this small town, you earn much money.
A. aren't B. couldn't C. can't D. didn't
27. I won't go unless you me the money.
A. to pay B. paid C. paying D. pay
28. the meat was cooked, I took it out of the oven.
A. Because of B. If C. Because D. And
29. The farmers are their crops with pesticides.
A. spraying B. polluting C. checking D. complaining
30. She money by making her own clothes.
A. recycles B. reduces C. protects D. saves
31. Why don't you use public buses instead motorbikes?
A. of B. in C. off D. on
32. They have complained local authorities about using dynamite to catch fish.
A. with B. about C. to D. on
33. The tour around the country wascheap.
A. surprise B. surprised C. surprising D. surprisingly
34. They tried to win, but their efforts were.....
A. success B. successful C. succeeded D. unsuccessful
35. If people solve the problem of smoke from vehicles and factories, the air pure and fresh.
A. is B. was C. will be D. would be
36. If everybody all the trash in the trash can, the beach will not be so dirty like this.
A. put B. puts C. are putting D. is put
37. he had no money for a bus, he had to walk on the way home.
A. For B. So C. Thus D. As
38. Tom failed the examhis laziness.
A. because of B. because C. in spite of D. though
39. When the truck leave the place, the ground is covered trash
A. in B. by C. with D. of
40. All the students are looking forwardtheir summer vacation in the countryside
A. to spending B. to spend C. spending D. spend
41. Everyone is responsible for keeping the environment pollution
A. for B. to C. away D. from
42.you work harder, you will fail final exam
A. if B. Although C. Unless D. Because
43. People wanted to see the opening of the ceremony,they started leaving very early in the morning
A. because B. so C. but D. and
44. Waste chemicals and smoke from vehicles and factories pollute not only the airthe land and water as well.
A. and B. with C. but D. not

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. The water and land around the chemical factory are serious polluted.
A B C D
2. If there are too much exhaust fume in the air, our breathing will be badly affected.
A B C D
3. She is tired; moreover , she has to finish her homework .
A B C D

4. The students seemed very nervously before the final exam.
A B C D
5. These windows are very dirty . They need to clean immediately.
A B C D
6. Lan didn't go to the cinema with her friends last Saturday evening because her tiredness.
A B C D
7. They will cut off the electricity unless you don't pay the electricity bill.
A B C D
8. Since it is raining hardly, you had better not go out now.
A B C D
9. The conservationists are trying to prevent the local people with cutting down the trees.
A B C D
10. Polluted water can directly do harm on people's health and kill fish.
A B C D
11. It is suggested that smoking should be banned in pubs, restaurants and other public places.
A B C D
12. They made their living by catch fish in the ocean every day.
A B C D
13. We suggest to plant more trees along the streets to have more shade and fresh air.
A B C D
14. Hundreds of trees in the park has been cut down for people's benefits.
A B C D
15. We should make some posters and hang it around our school.
A B C D
16. If we use fewer paper, we can save more trees in the forests.
A B C D
17. The charity organization provides the poor with so many household furniture and food.
A B C D
18. Deforestation is occurring most quick in tropical regions of the world.
A B C D
19. One of the sources of fresh water in this area are water.
A B C D
20. The teacher advised students read all the questions carefully before doing them.
A B C D

III. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1

Do you know how to plant a tree? First, the (1)_____ must be just right neither too wet nor too dry. It's best to plant trees in spring because it's warmer. Dig a hole (2)_____ for the tree. But the hole should not be too deep. Second, knock a long, strong stick into the earth next to the hole. (3)_____ sure that it is straight. Then put the tree in the hole (4)_____ it is straight. After that, you should put the earth back in the hole again, and (5)_____ it down hard with your foot several times. Tie the tree at the top of the stick to keep it straight. At last, you should water it well, as (6)_____ as possible.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. ground | B. floor | C. tree | D. leaf |
| 2. A. long enough | B. enough long | C. large enough | D. enough large |
| 3. A. Make | B. Get | C. Do | D. Let |
| 4. A. and | B. that | C. such that | D. so that |
| 5. A. pull | B. take | C. push | D. draw |
| 6. A. quick | B. soon | C. often | D. good |

Reading 2

The bicycle is one of the simplest yet most useful inventions in the world. What is the most surprising is that it was not (1)_____ earlier, although the great inventor Leonardo da Vinci had drawn picture for bicycle and also for flying machines and some other things. Those things were not produced until long after he died.

A person riding a bicycle use (2)_____ energy to make the bicycle move, and there is no pollution at all when you are riding. Even so in developed countries , most people don't travel to work by bicycle. It is not because the bicycles are expensive or people feel (3)_____ if they ride to work. It's because (4)_____ cars on the road becomes larger. It certainly becomes (5)_____ to ride a bicycle. As a result, more people put their bicycles away and go to work (6)_____ their cars, and in this way, the situation is made more serious. Perhaps the best way to make riding safer and more popular is to create paths only for bicycle and to make it so difficult and expensive for drivers to take their cars into the city that they will go back to use their bicycles.

- | | | | | |
|----|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. | A. had | B. used | C. invented | D. ridden |
| 2. | A. much | B. quite a lot of | C. very little | D. many |
| 3. | A. lucky | B. glad | C. sorry | D. tired |
| 4. | A. this kind of | B. a number of | C. all kinds of | D. the number of |
| 5. | A. safe | B. more dangerous | C. much | D. popular |
| 6. | A. by | B. in | C. use | D. drive |

Reading 3

(1)_____ of the garbage we produce every day is a major problem in cities around the world. In the United States, over 160 million tons of garbage are produced every year. Ten percent is recycled, ten percent is burned, and the rest is put in landfills. But finding position for new landfills is becoming more difficult.

A city that has solved this problem in an unusual way is Machida, in Tokyo, Japan. They have developed a totally new technique to garbage deposal. The key to the operation is public cooperation. Families must divide their garbage into six categories:

- Garbage that can be easily burned (that is combustible garbage), such as kitchen and garden trash.
- Noncombustible garbage, such as small electrical appliances, plastic tools and plastic toys.
- Products that are poisonous or that (2)_____ pollution, such as batteries and flourescent lights.
- Bottles and glass containers that can be recycled.
- Metal containers that can be recycled.
- Large item, such as furniture and bicycles.

The items in categories 1 to 5 are collected (3)_____ different days. Large items are collected upon request. Then the garbage is taken to a center that looks like a clean new office building or hospital. Inside the center, special equipment is used to sort and process the garbage. Almost everything can be reused: garden or kitchen trash becomes fertilizer; combustible garbage is burned to (4)_____ electricity; metal containers and bottles are recycled; and old furniture, clothing, and other useful items are cleaned, repaired, and resold cheaply or given away. The work provides (5)_____ for handicapped persons and gives them a (6)_____ to learn new skills.

Nowadays, officials from cities around the world visit Machida to see whether they can use some of these ideas and techniques to solve their own garbage disposal problem.

- | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. | A Disposing | B. Dealing | C. Contriving | D. Ridding |
| 2. | A. produce | B. generate | C. originate | D. cause |
| 3. | A. on | B. in | C. by | D. over |
| 4. | A. cause | B. exit | C. produce | D. emit |
| 5. | A. positions | B. careers | C. situation | D. employment |
| 6. | A. time | B. moment | C. occasion | D. chance |

Reading 4

What is the sky? Where is it? How high is it? They aren't easy to (1) _____, are they? Is the sky blue? The sky has no color. Is the sky full (2) _____ air? We know that there is air around the (3) _____. When planes fly, they need air. Planes can't fly very quickly because when they go higher, the air gets (4) _____. If we go far away from the earth, we (5) _____ there is no air.

Maybe we can answer some of our questions now. What's the sky? And, where is it? It's all around the world. The sky is a space. In the space, there is nothing (6) _____ the sun, the moon and all the stars.

1. A. answer B. ask C. think D. know
2. A. in B. of C. with D. around
3. A. sun B. moon C. earth D. star
4. A. bigger B. heavier C. thinner D. smaller
5. A. feel B. know C. smell D. touch
6. A. and B. besides C. or D. but

Reading 5

Plants grow in almost (1) _____ part of the world. We see (2) _____ plants as flowers, grass and trees nearly every day. Plants grow high on mountain-tops, far in the oceans, and in many deserts and polar regions.

Without plants, there could be no life on earth. Man could not live without air or food, and so he couldn't live without plants. The oxygen in the air we breathe comes from plants. The food we eat also comes from plants or from animals that eat plants. We build houses and make many useful products from lumber cut from trees. Much of our clothing is made from the (3) _____ of the cotton plant.

Scientists believe there are more than 350,000 species of plants, but no one knows for (4) _____. Some of the smallest plants, called diatoms, can be seen only with a microscope. A drop of water may hold as many as 500 diatoms. The largest living things are the giant sequoia trees of California. Some of them stand more than 290 feet high and measure over 30 feet wide.

Scientists (5) _____ all living things into two main groups – plants and animal for news. It is usually easy to tell the two separately. Almost all kinds of plants stay in one place, but nearly all species of animals move about under their own power. Most plants make their own food from air, sunlight, and water. Animals cannot their own food. The basic units of all life, called cells, are also different in plants and animals. Most plants have thick walls that (6) _____ a material called cellulose. Animal cells do not have this material.

1. A. all B. each C. every D. total
2. A. these B. those C. all D. such
3. A. veins B. thread C. yarns D. fibers
4. A. certainly B. guarantee C. sure D. certain
5. A. part B. separate C. divide D. sort
6. A. contain B. maintain C. stock D. incorporate

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1

Tropical forests have provided us with many kinds of food, medicine and industry. They also reduce flood, keep the water clean and slow down the Greenhouse Effect. However, the tropical forests are being destroyed to make rooms for farms and fields. Besides that, forest fires are the most terrible destruction. About 20 million hectares of forest are lost every year. The world Wildlife Fund is working to protect and save the forests which are in danger to plant new trees and to slow the Greenhouse Effect. It encourages governments to think about the forests and their importance.

1. Tropical forests are important to man in many ways. _____
2. Farms, fields are the only causes of the loss of forests. _____

3. Fires destroy about 20 million hectares of forests. _____
4. Everyone is work ing to protect and save forests. _____

Reading 2

Our oceans are becoming extremely polluted. Most of this pollution comes from the land, which means it comes from people.

Firstly, there is raw sewage, which is pumped directly into the sea. Many countries, both developed and developing are guilty of doing this. Secondly, ships drop about 6 million tons of garbage into the sea each year. Thirdly, there are oil spills form ships. A ship has an accident and oil leaks from the vessel. This not only pollutes the water, but it also kills marine life. Next, there are waste materials from factories. Without proper regulations, factory owners let the waste run directly into the rivers, which then leads to the sea. And finally, oil is washed from the land. This can be the result of carelessness or a deliberate dumping of waste.

1. Our oceans are becoming very polluted. _____
2. Waste materials from factories don't cause the pollution. _____
3. Ships drop about 6 million ton of garbage into the sea each year. _____
4. Oil is not washed from the land. _____

Reading 3

More than two hundred years ago, the term "environment pollution" was quite strange to people. They lived healthily, drank pure water, and breathed fresh air. Nowadays, the situation is quite different. People all over the world are worried about things that are happening to the environment. Actually it is man that is destroying the surroundings with many kinds of wastes. Everybody knows that motorbikes and cars emit dangerous gases that cause poisonous air and cancer, but no one wants to travel on foot or by bicycle. Manufactures know the wastes from factories make water and soil polluted, but they do not want to spend a lot of their money on treating the wastes safely. Scattering garbage is bad for our health, but no one wants to spend time burying it. It is worth talking a lot about pollution .

1. In former days, people knew nothing about environmental pollution. _____
2. People nowadays still have no awareness of the danger of pollution . _____
3. Nowadays most industrial waste is treated safely. _____
4. Environmental pollution can have deadly effect on humans. _____

Reading 4

Every day on radio, on TV, and in the newspaper, we hear, see, read about many problems in the world, for example, pollution problems.

Air pollution is the first kind. It mostly comes from fumes released from motorbikes, cars, airplane, trains and poisonous gases emitted from factories. Also waste is dumped anywhere, even in the city where many people are living. The second pollution problem is sea pollution. Many people earn their living from fishing in the sea, and the fish they catch feed many people. But the sea has become so polluted from oil spills and factory wastes that the fish are dying. This pollution is not only killing the fish but is also affecting those people who eat fish.

Seldom do you find a place nowadays that is not polluted. This problem is growing more difficult every day. We must find a good solution that makes the world a better place to live.

1. Environmental pollution is one of the world's problems.
2. Waste is usually dumped in the city where many people are living.
3. A lot of fish are dying because of marine pollution.
4. Pollution has been reduced to the minimum nowadays.

Reading 5

I'm writing to you about the problem of catching fish in the lake behind my house. I'm very worried because people don't use fishing rods or nets but use electricity to catch fish. This is not only dangerous to people around the area, but they do harm to the environment. A lot of small fish died and floated on the water surface. Other animals such as frogs, toads, and even birds also died from electric shock waves.

I would suggest that the local authorities should prohibit and fine heavy anyone using this way of catching fish. I look forward to hearing from you and seeing the protection of environment from the local authority.

1. The writer objects to using electricity to catch fish.
2. People usually use fishing rod or net to catch fish.
3. Using electricity to catch fish is not dangerous to people around the area
4. The writer hopes the local authorities will protect the environment.

IV. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences.

1. We must learn about keeping the environment_____. (pollute)
2. It is_____ that our environment is more and more polluted. (disappoint)
3. The drivers have left lots of garbage on the ground after their_____. (refresh)
4. The river has been_____ with toxic waste from local factories. (pollute)
5. There are some volunteer_____ to help clear up the beach. (conserve)
6. They don't want to make the situation_____. (seriousness)
7. For your comfort and_____, we recommend you keep your seat belt loosely fastened during the flight. (safe)
8. Mrs Brown has _____provided a picnic lunch for you.(kind)
9. People who catch fish by _____must receive heavy fine.(electric)
10. Wildlife_____ has gradually gained public's attention. (conserve)
11. Air_____ can cause a lot of respiratory problems. (pollute)
12. They voted in favor of the_____ of smoking in public areas.(prohibit)
13. We are talking about the _____of natural resources .(preserve)
14. _____! He fails all the tests. (disappoint)
15. It was very_____ of you to leave the medicine where the children could get it. (care)
16. You shouldn't use paper_____ to save natural resources. (waste)
17. You don't have enough_____ reasons for what for what you have done! (persuade)
18. Crops are sprayed with chemicals to_____ damage from insects. (prevention)
19. There are more and more_____ problems nowadays. (environment)
20. Who encourages the use of_____ friendly products. (environment)

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence .

1. If you _____ a student, you will get a discount on books. (be)
2. Unless you understand, I _____ it again to you. (explain)
3. My uncle suggests _____ in that restaurant. (eat)
4. They make their living by _____ fish in the river (catch)
5. What can you do in your school _____ pollution? (minimize)
6. What about _____ used paper, bottles and cars every day? (collect)
7. The best way to produce garbage is _____ and recycle things. (reuse)

8. _____ trash will pollute the air. (burn)
9. Plants _____ if they don't get sun and water. (die)
10. Would you please _____ me how much it costs? (tell)
11. Unless we plant more trees along the streets, the air pollution _____. (not reduce)
12. My sister kept on _____ me question after question. (ask)
13. These days, we are worried that electricity _____ to catch fish. (use)
14. My classmate were doing exercises when I _____. (arrive)
15. He was looking forward to _____ my reply. (see)
16. Unless you understand the lesson, I _____ it again to you. (explain)
17. Plastic bag are very hard _____. (dissolve)
18. I _____ my new pen everywhere and I can't find it anywhere. (look for)
19. Let's have a mechanic _____ our pipes. (check)
20. She advised us _____ part in the school activities. (take)

VI. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. The river is too dirty for us too swim in.
→ Since _____.
2. Why don't we go to the countryside this week?
→ I suggest _____.
3. Speak English in class regularly.
→ I suggest _____.
4. He attends the course . He needs to improve his writing.
→ Because _____.
5. Two cars can't pass each other because of the narrow road.
→ Because _____.
6. I'll be on vacation next week, so I won't be able to attend to pass the final test.
→ Since _____.
7. Kevin isn't tall enough to reach the picture.
→ Kevin is too _____.
8. She wants them to sing a song.
→ She suggests that _____.
9. Because of having a lot of difficulties, she managed to sell the house.
→ As _____.

10. My uncle cooks very well at a famous restaurant.

→ My uncle is _____.

11. He is a skillful soccer player.

→ He _____.

12. Review the lesson carefully and you will pass the exam.

→ If _____.

13. Be careful or you'll lose all the money.

→ If _____.

14. Susan is very good at tennis.

→ She plays _____.

15. Don't come home late or your mother will punish you.

→ If _____.

16. It took a lot of time to drive, so he liked to take underground.

→ As _____.

17. Eating a lot of green fruit will make you sick.

→ If _____.

18. Recycle and we will save natural resources.

→ If _____.

19. Mr Huy teaches Maths very well.

→ Mr Huy is _____.

20. Protect our environment!

→ I suggest our environment _____.

UNIT 7: SAVING ENERGY (NGT)

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

1. Scientists are looking for an way to reduce energy consumption.
A. new B. effective C. cheap D. affect
2. I suggest you to the hospital with your parents.
A. to go B. going C. should go D. should going
3. Who looks your children when you are away from home? .
A. in B. for C. at D. after
4. You should reduce the of water your family uses.
A. number B. amount C. many D. bill
5. A(n) is a person whose occupation is the installation, maintenance, repair or operation of electric equipment
A. electrician B. plumber C. carpenter D. bricklayer
6. It's raining heavily, I can't go out.
A. so B. but C. as D. and
7. She is worried her water bill.
A. with B. about C. at D. for
8. A(n) is a person whose job is to repair and fit things such as water pipes or toilets, etc.
A. electrician B. plumber C. carpenter D. bricklayer
9. A faucet can waste 500 liters of water a month.
A. dropping B. dipping C. running D. dripping
10. Ba missed the Math test yesterday. he will have to do it next week. A. Moreover
11. A lot of countries in the world are already using energy. It is clean.
A. roof B. nuclear C. efficiency D. solar
12. Electricity, gas, and water are
A. luxuries B. appliances C. necessities D. resources
13. Remember to turn the faucet after use.
A. off B. on C. up D. down
14. Please take your shoes before going into the temple.
A. up B. down C. on D. off
15. We carefully compared the first report the second one.
A. about B. with C. on D. at
16. What are you looking ? - My picture book. I've lost it.
A. for B. off C. in D. after
17. What can we do to spend less lighting? A. in
18. The air is polluted there's too much traffic.
A. however B. because C. therefore D. but
19. If you want to save money, you should the amount of water your family uses.
A. increase B. reduce C. adapt D. repair
20. In order to save the electricity, an ordinary 100 – watt light bulb can be replaced by
A. an energy-saving bulb B. a 1000-watt bulb
C. an electric bulb D. a lamp
21. put all the guests on the first floor?
A. Why not B. I suggest C. How about D. Let's
22. Don't waste water or you'll get an enormous by the end of the month
A. receipt B. paper C. bill D. letter
23. The in the pipes made water leak and we had to pay for the water.
A. break B. holes C. cut D. cracks

24. "I think we should fix the dripping faucet" "....."
- A. We will B. Good idea
C. Yes, please D. I'm afraid not
25. Oil is one of our most important
- A. natural disasters B. nuclear power
C. solar energy D. natural resources
26. "What about collecting used paper, bottles and cans every day?"
"....."
- A. Well done B. That's a good idea
C. I'm afraid not D. That's very kind of you
27. "I suggest traveling by bikes instead of motorbikes to protect the environment"
"....."
- A.. Oh, yes B. Thanks
C. Good luck! D. Great! Let's do that.

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. One of the sources of fresh water in this area are rain.
A B C D
2. Lan suggested saving money and help the poor people in the neighborhood.
A B C D
3. My teacher told me I was doing well, therefore, my final grade was bad.
A B C D
4. I suggest to have a separate basket for newspaper.
A B C D
5. The teacher suggested that I could buy a good dictionary.
A B C D
6. We can save natural resources with using solar energy instead of coal, gas and oil.
A B C D
7. When I came home, nobody was watching television, so I turned off it.
A B C D
8. I am writing for you about my decision.
A B C D
9. They use twice as many electricity as we do.
A B C D
10. When you came, I was looked after my younger sister.
A B C D
11. She will pay less but she uses two energy-saving bulbs.
A B C D
12. We should make some posters and hang it around our school.
A B C D
13. It's raining. However, I can't go to school on time.
A B C D
14. It will be nice to see you again at the party. I'm looking forward to see you.
A B C D
15. There are too much exhaust fume in the air.
A B C D
16. I told a joke, and nobody laughed.
A B C D
17. Nam got wet so he forgot his umbrella.
A B C D
18. Who looks up the baby when you are away from home?
A B C D

19. We do not have much paper now, therefore, we should try to save them.

A B C D

20. I suggest the test should do with great care next Monday.

A B C D

III. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

I. Energy is very (1) _____ in modern life. People use energy to (2) _____ machines, heat and cool their homes, cook, give light, transport people and products from place to place. (3) _____ energy nowadays comes from fossil fuels such as petroleum, coal and natural gas. However, burning fossil fuels cause pollution. Also, if we don't find new kinds of energy, we will (4) _____ all the fossil fuels in the twenty-first century. Scientists are working to (5) _____ other kinds of energy for the future. What might these sources of energy (6) _____?

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. a. important | b. bad | c. well | d. unimportant |
| 2. a. get | b. close | c. state | d. run |
| 3. a. Most of | b. Most | c. Nearly | d. Majority |
| 4. a. make up | b. turn up | c. use up | d. pick up |
| 5. a. look up | b. find | c. look after | d. take care of |
| 6. a. be | b. is | c. are | d. will be |

2. Do you run the faucet while you (1) _____ your teeth? Do you know that you are wasting the water? Whenever you turn on the faucet, think (2) _____ you'd feel if you had to carry that water from a well! Then you'll remember not to run extra water while brushing teeth. Is there litter around your school or at the park? Litter doesn't look nice but some litter can be harmful to other creatures. Always put litter in trash (3) _____ and be sure to recycle all the aluminum and steel cans. Look for the triangle at the bottom of the plastic containers. If you see the numbers 1 or 2 in the triangle, the plastic item can be (4) _____.

Even something as simple as using both sides of the piece of paper can help the earth. (5) _____ you are finished with a school worksheet, use the back of the paper for drawing or feed it back into printer to use for another worksheet. You can (6) _____ electricity by turning off the computer or other electronics when they are not being used and don't forget to turn off the lights when you leave a room.

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. a. make | b. do | c. brush | d. take |
| 2. a. of | b. about | c. on | d. for |
| 3. a. boxes | b. cans | c. bottles | d. pills |
| 4. a. reused | b. reduced | c. returned | d. recycled |
| 5. a. What | b. Who | c. When | d. Where |
| 6. a. protect | b. save | c. waste | d. spend |

3. Electricity is the most common (1) _____ of energy today. In the modern world electricity is very (2) _____ at the touch of the switch. Electricity has many uses. The most common use of electricity is to (3) _____ artificial lighting. In factories, electricity is used to light up the workplace. It is also use to (4) _____ air-conditioners, computers and many other machines. Electricity is also used to power many appliances (5) _____ we have in our homes. Such appliances include television sets, computers, electric fans, irons and many others. The list is simply endless. Modern man will most probably be lost (6) _____ electricity.

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. a. from | b. form | c. style | d. standard |
| 2. a. easy | b. available | c. unavailable | d. possible |
| 3. a. divide | b. separate | c. provide | d. prove |
| 4. a. operate | b. work | c. open | d. co-operate |
| 5. a. that | b. which | c. what | d. Both a and b are correct |
| 6. a. with | b. no | c. without | d. not |

4. Many people still believe (1) _____ natural resources will never be used up. Actually, the world's energy resources (2) _____ limited. Nobody knows exactly how much fuel is left. (3)_____, we also should use them economically and try to find out alternative sources of (4)_____. According to Professor Marvin Burnham of the New England Institute of Technology, we have to start (5)_____ coal, oil and gas before it is too late; and nuclear power is the (6)_____ alternative.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| 1. a. which | b. what | c. that | d. this |
| 2. a. is | b. are | c. be | d. was |
| 3. a. But | b. In addition | c. So | d. However |
| 4. a. form | b. shape | c. power | d. limitation |
| 5. a. conserving | b. researching | c. using | d. collecting |
| 6. a. one | b. only | c. worse | d. most |

5. Recycling is beneficial in two ways: it reduces the inputs (energy and raw materials) to a production system and reduces the (1)_____ of waste produced for disposal. A study conducted (2)_____ the Technical University of Denmark found that in 80% of cases, recycling is the most efficient method to (3)_____ household waste.

Some materials like aluminum can be recycled indefinitely (4)_____ there is no change to the materials. Recycling aluminum saves 95% of the energy cost of processing new aluminum because the melting temperature is (5)_____ from 900°C to 600°C. It is by far the most efficient material to recycle. Recycling plastic saves 70% of the energy used in creating new plastic, and paper recycling saves 40% of the energy required to (6)_____ a new product.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. a. number | b. amount | c. quality | d. production |
| 2. a. via | b. with | c. in | d. by |
| 3. a. add | b. store | c. get rid of | d. maintain |
| 4. a. because of | b. yet | c. as | d. in fact |
| 5. a. reduced | b. increased | c. grew | d. gone up |
| 6. a. do | b. make | c. take | d. put |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

1.

Energy is very important in modern life. People use energy to run machines, heat and cool their homes, cook, give light, transport people and products from place to place. Most energy nowadays comes from fossil fuels –petroleum, coal, and natural gas. However, burning fossil fuels causes pollution. Also, if we don't find new kinds of energy, we will use up all the fossil fuels in the twenty first century. Scientists are working to find other kinds of energy for the future. What might these sources of energy be?

1. _____ Energy is collected for use in their homes.
2. _____ We burn coal to produce electricity.
3. _____ Air pollution comes from the burning of fossil fuels.
4. _____ Scientists aren't doing research into alternative energy sources.

2.

When man first learned how to make a fire, he began to use fuel for the first time. The first fuel he used was probably wood. Coal was not used very widely as a source of energy until the last century. With the coming of of the industrial revolution, it was soon realized that production would double if coal was used instead of wood. Nowadays, many of the huge factories and electricity generating stations would be unable to function if there were no coal. In the last twenty or thirty years, however, the use of coal has declined. As a result, there have been changes in the coal industry. It is believed that more people would use coal if oil and gas were not so readily available.

1. _____ Man used wood as the first fuel.
2. _____ Coal was used widely in the last century.
3. _____ Coal is very important for factories and electricity generating stations.
4. _____ There have been no changes in the coal industry.

3.

Water is our life source. It makes up 70 percent of our bodies, and the average person actually spends 18 months of his life in the bath or shower.

But we are only now learning how to look after water. Acid rain has polluted as many as 18,000 lakes and our seas and rivers are polluted with waste products. It is now very expensive to try to repair the damage that has been done. We have some hope for the future, though, because new sources of water have been discovered. People living in the Sahara Desert have found fish swimming in deep undergrowth steam. Scientists also believe there is a huge lake beneath London. If we have learnt anything from our mistakes, we will try to keep these new areas of water clean.

1. _____ Water is very important for our life.
2. _____ We have to look after water.
3. _____ We have discovered new sources of water.
4. _____ There were no fish in Sahara Desert.

4.

Energy is very important in modern life. People use energy to run machines, heat and cool their homes, cook, give light, transport people and products from place to place. Most energy nowadays comes from fossil fuels such as petroleum, coal, and natural gas. However, burning fossil fuels causes pollution. Also, if we don't find new kinds of energy, we will use up all the fossil fuels in the twenty first century. Scientists are working to find other kinds of energy for the future. What might these sources of energy be?

1. _____ Energy is used to produce a lot of electric things
2. _____ Most energy comes from natural resources.
3. _____ Burning fossil fuels causes pollution.
4. _____ Everyone tries their best to find other kinds of energy.

5.

Many people still believe that natural resources will never be used up. Actually, the world's energy resources are limited. Nobody knows exactly how much fuel is left. However we also should use them economically and try to find out alternative sources of power. According to Professor Marvin Burnham of the New England Institute of Technology, we have to start conserving coal, oil and gas before it was too late, and nuclear power is the only alternative. However, many people do not approve of using nuclear power because it is very dangerous. What would happen if there were a serious nuclear accident? Radioactivity causes cancer and may badly affect the future generations. The most effective thing is that we should use natural resources as economically as possible.

1. _____ The world's energy resources will never be used up
2. _____ Professor Marvin Burnham knows exactly how much fuel is left.
3. _____ Radioactivity is very dangerous.
4. _____ We should use fuel, coal and oil as economically as possible.

IV. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences.

1. Miss Lien gives Hoa advice on how _____ plastic bags. (recycle)
2. He advises her _____ electricity. (not waste)
3. They suggest _____ to school early. (get)
4. Get them _____ the electric fan. (fix)
5. You should stop _____ the power. (waste)
6. My friend suggested that the homework _____ well. (do)
7. I look forward to _____ from you soon. (hear)
8. How about _____ the garbage into the garbage bin? (put)
9. Let him _____ what he wants. (do)
10. She went on _____ although it started to rain. (work)
11. Why don't you _____ together? (study)
12. We went for a walk after we finished _____ up our room. (clean)

13. Tony had his car _____ last week. (repair)
14. Because of _____ late for school, he was punished by the teacher. (be)
15. Let's _____ swimming at weekends. (go)
16. Lan gets used to _____ in busy streets. (travel)
17. If he _____, he will be late for class. (not hurry)
18. Unless you study hard, you _____ the test. (not pass)
19. What can you do in your school _____ pollution? (prevent)
20. It is high time we _____ to bed. (go)

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence .

1. Jogging is a very _____ form of exercise. (energy)
2. She hid all her _____ in a box, and put it under the bed. (save)
3. It was _____ that I did badly in the exam. (disappoint)
4. _____ air is one of the many problems we have to solve. (pollute)
5. Some _____ have declared a boycott of tourism on the island. (environment)
6. Customers made a formal _____ about the way they were treated. (complain)
7. She _____ refused his invitation. (polite)
8. The law is no longer _____. (effect)
9. Scientists are looking for an _____ way reduce energy consumption. (effect)
10. A helmet affords the cyclist some degree of _____ against injury. (protect)
11. I think the careless drivers should be fined _____. (heavy)
12. _____ is better than cure. (prevent)
13. To keep the air unpolluted, people ought to use _____ energy to create electricity. (sun)
14. We must learn how to save _____ resources or life will be very bad for our children. (nature)
15. Water is going all over the floor because of the _____ faucet. (drip)
16. If there is sometimes wrong with the light, ask an _____ to look at it. (electric)
17. I'm very _____ because they use electricity to catch fish. (worry)
18. Fuel _____ can be cut down by having fewer cars on the roads. (consume)
19. 25 of the world's population _____ 80% of the planet's resources. (consume)
20. The UK is the biggest _____ of tropical hardwoods after Japan. (consume)
21. Remember to use energy more _____. (efficient)
22. They spent a _____ weekend at a country hotel. (luxury)
23. There's a _____ of food and shelter in the refugee camps. (short)
24. The tallest buildings in London are small in _____ with New York's skyscrapers. (compare)
25. _____, he came. (ultimate)

VI. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. Let's use electricity economically.
Why _____?
2. Let's protest against the use of nuclear power.
How about _____?
3. Why don't you ask her yourself?
I suggest _____.
4. Why don't we collect unused clothes for the victims of the natural disaster?
Shall _____?
5. Let's go by bus instead of taxi.

- Why not _____?
6. Shall we take a shower instead of a bath?
I suggest _____.
 7. “ Why don’t you go to bed early, John?”
John’s father suggested _____.
 8. I suggest turning off the lights before going out.
I think we _____.
 9. I suggest that you should practice more English every day.
It would be better if _____.
 10. He said “ Let’s keep sheets with single printed page for drafting.”
He suggested that _____.
 11. Shall we go to the cinema tonight?
What about _____?
 12. They requested us to leave the place at once.
They suggested _____.
 13. “ Why don’t you visit the museum after lunch?” I said to them.
I suggested that _____
 14. She suggests I have my hair cut.
Why don’t you _____?
 15. Who looked after your house when you were away?
Who _____?
 16. They recommended that we buy books in the new bookshop.
It is recommended that _____
 17. Hoa failed her math test. She has to do the test again.
_____. Therefore _____.
 18. I want you to take good care of this tree.
You should _____.
 19. Mrs Ha has asked a plumber to check the pipes in her house.
Mrs Ha has had _____.
 20. They continued to work in spite of the rain.
They went _____.

UNIT 8: CELEBRATIONS (QT)

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

- How can we express our _____ to others?
 A. behavior B. character C. feelings D. friendship
- 2.. Everyone likes him because he's both _____ and generous.
 A. kind B. considerate C. happy D. A&B are correct
3. He tried to go to class regularly _____ he was very busy.
 A. and B. though C. but D. so
4. Who is responsible _____ looking after the gardens?
 A. in B. on C. for D. of
5. Margaret, _____ name was missed off the list, wasn't very pleased.
 A. who B. whom C. that D. whose
6. My father's sense of humor distinguishes him _____ other people.
 A. to B. with C. from D. form
7. "What a wonderful picture!" – " _____."
 A. I'm glad to hear that B. It's nice of you to say so
 C. You don't need to say so D. Of course, I think so
8. Easter happens _____ around the same time as Passover.
 A. at B. in C. on D. about
9. I saw the girl.....helped us last week.
 A. which B. whom C. who D. whose
10. I'm very.....of my father.
 A. pride B. proud C. proudly D. proudness
- 11 She has been.....as the president of our company.
 A. nominate B. nomination C. nominated D. nominative
12. Can you tell me the reasons for.....the Mother's day?
 A. celebrating B. celebration C. celebrate D. celebrated
13. We think that Mother's day should be celebrated.....
 A. nationhood B. nationwide C. nationality D. nation
14. He is the most effectivein the city.
 A. act B. action C. activity D. activist
15. On this festival, people celebratefrom slavery.
 A. happiness B. freedom C. life D. survival
16. Do you know the man.....car Jack is driving?
 A. who B. whom C. which D. whose
17. At last I've found the information that I was looking.....
 A. up B. at C. for D. after
18. On National Day there is usually a.....in Ba Dinh square in Ha Noi.
 A. festival B. party C. celebration D. parade
19. Tet is a festival which.....in late January or early February.
 A. occurs B. occur C. occurring D. occurred
20. There are many celebrations.....the year.
 A. in B. over C. on D. throughout

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. Despite of the heavy rain, we went on walking.
 A B C D

2. Thu got good grades because she was ill.
A B C D
3. We are really enjoying the TV set that we bought it last week.
A B C D
4. He came back to visit the village which he was born.
A B C D
5. What do English people usually eat at Christmas Day?
A B C D
6. You're tired although you stayed up late to watch TV last night
A B C D
7. They will hold the staff meeting on Saturday which everyone is free to attend.
A B C D
8. Despite of his headache, Jim still reads until late.
A B C D
9. Because he was sick, he still turned up his music lesson
A B C D
10. We are really enjoying the TV set that we bought it last week.
A B C D
11. The city which he was born is in the southwest of England.
A B C D
12. He came back to visit the village which he was born.
A B C D
13. What is the name of the boy which you are talking about?
A B C D
14. Although she doesn't trust weather forecasts, but she likes watching them.
A B C D
15. Despite of the bad weather, we arrived at the airport on time.
A B C D
16. This is the place which I met him.
A B C D
17. Please tell me the reason what you are so happy.
A B C D
18. We saw tanks and soldiers who came to the village.
A B C D
19. Despite I worked hard, I didn't pass the examination.
A B C D
20. Because she was really tired, she couldn't sleep.
A B C D

III. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage
Reading 1

St. Valentine's Day – is a celebration of romance and love. This holiday (1)_____ from an ancient Roman festival called the Feast of Lupercalia after a Roman called St. Valentine (2)_____ was martyred for refusing to give (3)_____ Christianity. He died on February 14th, and the date was set aside to honor him. St. Valentine was named the patron saint of lovers (4)_____ February 14th became the date for exchanging love letters or messages and for sending flowers (usually red roses), and chocolate candy to a (5)_____ one. St. Valentine's Day colors are red and white. School children have classroom parties with Valentine candy and pass out Valentine cards to (6)_____.

1. A. has B. takes C. changes D. comes
2. A. who B. what C. which D. that
3. A. away B. up C. out D. back
4. A. and B. but C. because D. if

5. A. love B. loving C. lover D. loved
 6. A. together B. one another C. each other D. one other

Reading 2

The idea for creating a day for children to honor (1)_____ fathers began in Spokane, Washington. A woman by the name of Sonora Smart Dodd thought of the idea (2)_____ Father's Day while listening to a Mother's Day sermon in 1909. Having been raised by her father, William Jackson Smart, after her mother died, Sonora wanted her father to know how (3) _____ he was to her. It was her father that made all the parental sacrifices and was, in the eyes of his daughter, a courageous, selfless, and loving man. Sonora's father was born in June, (4) _____ she chose to hold the first Father's Day (5) _____ in Spokane, Washington on the 19th of June , 1910. In 1972, President Richard Nixon established a permanent national observance of Father's Day to be (6)_____ on the third Sunday of June.

1. A they B. their C. them D. theirs
 2. A. of B. with C. to D. for
 3. A. special B. specially C. specialize D. specialty
 4. A. because B. so C. though D. but
 5. A. festival B. holiday C. celebration D. occasion
 6. A. hold B. holding C. held D. holding

Reading 3

New Year's Eve is the holiday before New Year's Day, on December 31 the last day of the (1)_____ year.

In modern times, Western countries usually celebrate this day with a party (2) _____ culminates with a group countdown to the midnight hour. Parties, noisemakers, fire crackers and (3) _____ champagne are fairly common during this holiday.

Many cities also offer fireworks (4)_____ and other noisy ways to celebrate the holiday. Places (5) _____ Berlin, Chicago, Edinburgh, Los Angeles, London, New York, Paris, etc.. are well known for their New Year's Eve celebrations.

New Year's Eve is becoming more (6) _____ in many developing countries nowadays.

1. A. moment B. current C. recent D. early
 2. it B. when C. which D. who
 3. throwing B. cooking C. eating D. drinking
 4. displays B. exhibitions C. explosives D. destructions
 5. as B. like C. just D. same
 6. well-known B. famous C. celebrated D. popular

Reading 4

Halloween is a holiday on the night of October 31. It is celebrated in many English speaking countries. Children (1)_____ costumes. They go to people's homes, and the people give them candy. Children say "Trick or treat!" to ask (2) _____ candy. This comes from a threat. It means, " Give me a treat (3)_____ I will play a trick on you". Children today usually do not do the tricks (4)_____ they do not get treats. But some children still do mischief (playful pranks or things to (5)_____ fun of people like putting toilet paper in trees or writing with soap on windows). In these countries Halloween is about ghosts, witches, goblins and (6)_____ scary things.

1. A. wear B. hold C. take D. dress
 2. A. with B. for C. after D. onto
 3. A. otherwise B. when C. but D. or
 4. A. if B. unless C. before D. however
 5. A. have B. create C. make D. do

6. A. another B. the other C. other D. others

Reading 5

The large lunar celebration in Vietnam is Tet, (1) _____ occurs in the first month of the lunar calendar. It is the lunar New Year and usually continues for a week with visits to (2) _____, temples and friends and ends with sacrifices. A festival that is (3) _____ with the children is the Moon Festival, held in the 8th lunar month. There are parades for children with lanterns, dances and drums that last (4) _____ the moon is halfway in the sky. At that time the (5) _____ cakes (filled with five fillings – candied egg, lard, beans, pumpkin, lotus seeds) are eaten. Children are also thrilled with this festival for all the above reasons as (6) _____ as the fact they are laden with presents

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. it | B. that | C. what | D. which |
| 2. A. relations | B. relators | C. relatives | D. relationship |
| 3. A. popular | B. important | C. regular | D. necessary |
| 4. A. during | B. when | C. before | D. until |
| 5. A. sticky | B. moon | C. fruit | D. cream |
| 6. A. well | B. good | C. soon | D. much |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1

April 1st is April Fools’ Day. Many people like to play jokes or tricks on this day. The jokes are for fun only. They are not harmful or mean. Sometimes you can hear April Fools’ Day jokes on the radio or television. Newspaper often has silly stories on April 1st too. Some silly headlines are on the next page. If you believe the jokes on the radio, TV, or in the newspaper, you are an “April Fool”

Nobody knows where or when April Fools’ Day started. Some people believe it started in France in the 1500s. Some people think it started long ago in Italy. Other people believe it started in India. It doesn’t matter where or when April Fools’ Day began. Americans like it because they can play jokes on friends and relatives.

1. The jokes people play on each other on April 1st are for fun.
2. You are an “April Fool” if you believe the jokes played on the first of April.
3. “April Fools’ Day” might have come from America.
4. Americans like “April Fools’ Day” because jokes are played on the radio and television.

Reading 2

Although no one knows for certain who the original Saint Valentine was, once a year, on February 14, there is a day in his honor. Some historians believe that the original Saint valentine was a priest who lived in the city of Rome about 300 years after the birth of Christ. The emperor of Rome was not a Christian and refused to allow people to be married in a Christian ceremony. Saint Valentine didn’t obey the emperor and perform many Christian marriages. In spite of the emperor’s order. When the Romans found out, they sent Saint Valentine to prison and later killed him. While his romantic efforts to help many Christians in love cost him his life, he was honored in his own days. But his story has been mostly forgotten after people have come to celebrate Valentine’s Day, people express their affections by sending Valentine cards to friends, families, boyfriends and girlfriends.

1. Feb 14 was originally a special time for sweetheart.
2. Saint Valentine was killed as he performed Christian marriages.
3. Saint Valentine was thought to be born in 300 A.D.

4. Cards are sent on Feb14 each year.

Reading 3

There are many celebrations throughout the year in Vietnam, but Tet or Lunar New Year is the most important celebration for Vietnamese people. Tet usually occurs in late January or early February. A few days before Tet is time for people to clean and decorate their homes. During Tet, people old and young, enjoy special food cooked on the occasion of Tet. It is also the time for family members to be together.

1. The Lunar New Year is another name for Tet
2. Tet may begin in early January.
3. People often try to make their house nice and new for Tet
4. Tet is the time for family reunions.

Reading 4

In Vietnam, Tet Trung Thu or the Mid – Autumn Festival is one of the most popular family celebrations. It is held on the 15th day of the 8th lunar month. Tet Trung Thu is a special occasion for parents to express their love for their children; therefore, it is also called the children’s Festival. On this day, children often parade on the streets while singing and carryings colorful star lanterns of different sizes. They also perform traditional Vietnamese dances for adults and take part in contests for prizes. At night family members get together and eat Banh Trung Thu, a special kind of moon cakes, which is traditionally very rich in taste.

- 1.The passage mainly discusses a popular festival for Vietnamese children.
- 2.To celebrate Tet Trung Thu, Vietnamese children often watch parades on the streets.
- 3.Family members get together and talk about Banh Trung Thu on the full – moon night.
- 4.Tet Trung Thu is called children’s festival because it is an opportunity for parents to express their love for their children.

Reading 5

Dear Daddy,

I am writing this to tell you how much you are missed and loved. I will always remember that day-my weeding day. You were standing there with tears in your eyes while I was walking towards my groom. You gave me a hug, and the feeling that you never wanted to let me go. But at last I had to leave you and start my new life...a moment in time that lasted forever. I now have children,Dad,but I will always be your little girl! Happy father day.

1. This is a letter written by a daughter to her father.
2. The father in the letter is not loved much.
3. The man did not let his daughter go at last
4. The writer of this letter hasn't got any children.

IV. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences.

- 1.Natural resources should be saved because they ____ (limit).
- 2.The students are supposed ____ hard for the next exam. (work)
- 3.Henry had no difficulty ____ uses to driving on the right when he ____ to Vietnam. (get/ come)
- 4.I talked to the boy whose kite ____ in a tree (catch)
- 5.However smart he was, he ____ the chance of going to the university. (deny)

6. Before she graduated last May, Susan _ _ a position with a law firm. (already offer)
7. "If you ___ satisfied with this product, please return in within a week." (be)
8. She can't bear ___ alone. (leave)
9. I saw Mary _____ the road and _____ into the post office (cross/ disappear)
10. What a pity! If only I _____ to my parents. (listen)
11. I didn't expect ___ to his party. (invite)
12. The last time he ___ in the public, he _____ a grey suit. (see/ wear)
13. I hid behind some bushes, ___ and ___ everything I saw. (observe/ record)
14. His children _____ when he _____ home last night. (sleep/ get)
15. Yesterday we visited the City Museum, which I ___ to before (never be)
16. Do you expect _____ this course? If so, you'd better _____ harder.
17. Cars and boats pollute the world's air and water by _____ harmful toxins. (release)
18. These regulations were made _____ children. (protect)
19. No one enjoys ___ by another person. (deceive)
20. He ___ in Brazil since he started work there last year. (be)

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence .

1. Fruits' festival in Suoi Tien Park is a very _____ activity. (joy)
2. He treated neighbors with _____ and thoughtfulness. (considerate)
3. The area is _____ for its food and wine. (celebrate)
4. Her disappearance has never been _____ explained. (satisfy)
5. Tom is the _____ and pride of his parents. (joyful)
6. Police have arrested two men matching the _____ of the robbers. (describe)
7. My _____ are strong that the word "love" can't describe them. (feel)
8. He is famous for his _____. (kind)
9. Despite not having enough money, John _____ to hold a party. (decision)
10. Speech _____ human being from the animals. (distinguish)
11. Mai is one of his _____ (acquaint)
12. Our neighbors are very _____ they're always playing loud music late at night.
(consider)
13. The supermarket is always _____ with consumers (crowd)
14. They often take part in charity _____ by their church. (act)
15. The actresses are often _____ dressed people. (color)
16. Ms Lan talks with _____ about her son's result at school. (proud)
17. He has now been _____ as presidential candidate. (nominate)
18. After graduation, my _____ is to earn enough money to support my family. (prior)

19. For me, job _____ is more important than money. (satisfy)

20. People sang Auld Lang Syne _____ on New Year's Eve. (joy)

VI. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. The old man has just died. He lives next to my house.

→ The old man _____

2. The book is a love story. It is lying on the table.

→ The book _____

3. "Happy New Year" is an immortal song. It was composed by the Abba.

→ "Happy New year" _____

4. The woman is very kind. We borrowed her car last week.

→ The woman _____

5. Tomorrow I'm going to the airport to collect a Malaysian friend. I showed you her picture yesterday.

→ Tomorrow _____

6. They are reading an interesting story.

→ The story _____

7. All visitors to the town fall in love with it.

→ Everyone _____

8. Tokyo and Yokohama were struck by a disastrous earthquake in 1923.

→ The cities _____

9. We stayed in a luxury hotel during summer vacation

→ The hotel _____

10. She looks so tired . However, she can walk home.

→ Although _____

11. Mai is very busy but she still visits her friends

→ Even though _____

12. It's too late for the bedtime, but her son hasn't arrived home yet.

→ Though _____

13. Despite his age, Mr Thanh runs five kilometers every morning

→ Although _____

14. Although it was a bad day, we went out for a picnic.

→ In spite of _____

15. Despite not having enough money, we decided to hold a party.

→ Though _____

16. In spite of a good salary, he is unhappy with his job

→ Although _____

17. He is strong but I am not afraid of him

→ Despite _____

18. Although it rained heavily, we went to Hoa's birthday party.

→ In spite of _____

19. They are proud of their school uniform.

→ They take _____

20. She is proud that she is such a good DJ.

→ She prides _____

UNIT 9 : NATURALS DISASTERS (HHT)

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

1. Miss Lien, _____ is my neighbor, often shouts at night.
A. that B. who C. whose D. A & B
2. The bike _____ is used in the circus has only a wheel.
A. who B. that C. which D. B & C
3. My friend Nigel, _____ works in a city bank, earns much more than I do.
A. whose B. that C. who D. B & C
4. Hoa and her dog _____ are standing over there go to the park.
A. that B. who C. whom D. which
5. _____ Thuy's grandma never trusts weather forecast, she likes watching them.
A. Although B. Despite C. Because D. So
6. The word " _____ " which comes from the Chinese means "big wind".
A. hurricane B. typhoon C. tornado D. thunderstorm
7. Tornadoes can suck _____ anything that is _____ their path.
A. out / on B. up / in C. away / on D. out / in
8. Yesterday, a typhoon _____ the coastal city in the city.
A. strike B. hit C. predicted D. collapsed
9. Please bring some raincoat just _____ case.
A. in B. at C. on D. to
10. Ninety percent of _____ occur around the Pacific Rim known as the "Ring of Fire".
A. earthquakes B. typhoons C. tornadoes D. thunderstorms
11. These buckets must be filled _____ water for future use.
A. of B. into C. with D. on
12. Pompeii was completely _____ in AD 79 by an eruption of Mount Vesuvius.
A. destroy B. to destroy C. destroyed D. destroying
13. Yesterday a typhoon _____ a coastal city in the country.
A. strike B. hit C. predicted D. collapsed
14. I hope my friends won't laugh _____ me
A. on B. for C. against D. at
15. A large number of fishermen _____ when the storm struck.
A. killed B. was killed C. are killed D. were killed
16. Thousands of people were _____ killed that morning.
A. disaster B. disastrous C. disastrously D. disasterly
17. A tropical storm which reaches 120 meters per hour is called a _____ in North and South America.
A. typhoon B. cyclone C. tornado D. hurricane
18. It's many years since Mount Vesuvius last _____.
A. erupted B. predicted C. collapsed D. warned
19. It snowed in Lang Son _____ the winter _____ 2002.
A. of – in B. at – for C. for – at D. in – of
20. According to the weather _____, it will be cold and windy tomorrow.
A. forecast B. prediction C. information D. announcement

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting

1. If a disaster will happen in an area, people from other areas will offer help.
A B C D
2. In 1995 a huge earthquake striked the city of Kobe in Japan.
A B C D

3. Mr. Long, that has just talked to you, is my uncle.
A B C D
4. I'll bring some raincoats just in case. I hope my friends don't laugh at me.
A B C D
5. They are talking about the celebration which is going to be hold at the end of the month.
A B C D
6. "I think we should fill all buckets with water." "Thanks"
A B C D
7. Sally has been working here when she left college
A B C D
8. Donot forget to bring with your umbrella.
A B C D
9. She wants to turn up the volume on TV because she wanted to listen to the weather forecast.
A B C D
10. I'm preparing with a picnic with some old friends of mine.
A B C D
11. Thunderstorms can suck up anything that is in their path.
A B C D
12. Pompeii was complete destroyed in AD 79 by an eruption of Mount Vesuvius
A B C D
13. In Australia, a tropical storm is known as hurricane
A B C D
14. Nowadays scientists can give us about the volcanic eruption.
A B C D
15. Tide waves are the result of an abrupt shift in the underwater movement of the Earth.
A B C D
16. She was disappointing that I did badly in the exam
A B C D
17. I thought I recognized the assistant which served us
A B C D
18. Is this the ring whom you were looking for?
A B C D
19. The word tornado means "big wind" in Chinese.
A B C D
20. There may be a power down, so you need to buy candles and matches.
A B C D

III. READING

Part A: Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Reading 1

Drought is a condition that (1)_____ when the average rainfall for a fertile area drops far below the normal (2)_____ for a long period time. In areas that are not irritated, the lack of rain causes farm crops to wither and die . (3)_____ than normal temperatures usually accompanies periods of drought .They add (4)_____the crop damage. Forest fires start easily during droughts .The soil of a drought area becomes dry and crumbles. Often the rich topsoil is (5)_____ away by the hot, dry winds .Streams, ponds, and wells often dry up during a drought, and animals suffer and may even die (10)_____ the lack of water.

1. A. becomes B. results C. comes D. grows
2. A. average B. number C. amount D. rainfall
3. A. higher B. lower C. faster D. larger
4. A. for B. at C. on D. to
5. A. to blow B. blew C. blowing D. blown

6. A. because B. because of C. for D. from

Reading 2

(1) an earthquake happens, people can die from lack of food, water, and medical supplies. The amount of destruction (2)by an earthquake depends on where it happens, what time it happens, and how strong it is. It also depends (3)..... types of buildings, soil conditions and population. Of the 6,000 earthquakes in the world each year, only about 15 cause great damage and many deaths.

If seismologists could (4) earthquakes, we could save about 20,000 human lives each year. Man can control (5)..... things about nature, (6)..... we can not control earthquakes.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1.A. After | B. Before | C. Until | D. During |
| 2.A. was caused | B. is causing | C. is caused | D. caused |
| 3.A. of | B. in | C. on | D. at |
| 4.A. is predicted | B. predict | C. predicting | D. was predicted |
| 5.A. some | B. more | C. much | D. many |
| 6.A. so | B. but | C. and | D. too |

Reading 3

The natural (1) _____ called “Tidal waves” often occur suddenly. They are the result of an (2)_____ shift in the underwater movement (3)_____ the earth. In the late 2004, a series of tidal waves struck the beaches of Indonesia, Thailand and some other Asian countries. The famous resorts such (4)_____ Phuket and Fiji were completely (5)_____ A large (6)_____ of people were killed

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. disaster | B. disastrous | C. disasters | D. disastrously |
| 2. A. sudden | B. abrupt | C. unexpected | D. all are correct |
| 3. A. on | B. in | C. of | D. at |
| 4. A. as | B. like | C. to | D. that |
| 5. A. occurred | B. destroyed | C. caused | D. sucked |
| 6. A. much | B. great | C. number | D. a lot |

Part B: Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.

Reading 1

Good evening. And this is the 8 o’clock news. Devastating floods along the coast have done great damage to many fishing villages and left many people homeless. People are asked to help by donating food, clothes, furniture and other supplies to the Relief Fund. Donations of bottled water are especially needed since the floods have damaged the local water supply. In addition, volunteers are needed to go to the flooded area to help distribute the donations and look after sick people.

1. This is from a news program
2. The floods have damaged many cities.
3. The victims of the floods are in great need of water.
4. Volunteers are asked to help with the repairs to the local water supply.

Reading 2

Almost a hundred thousand people were killed and half a million homes burnt to the ground because of an earthquake in Tokyo in 1923. The earthquake began a minute before noon when the inhabitants of Tokyo were cooking their midday meals. All the food and stoves fell onto the ground as soon as the earth began to shake. For this reason, small fires occurred and quickly spread. The fire trucks came to help 10 minutes late because many of the streets had cracked open. It is impossible to use fire fighting equipment as most of the water pipes had burst . As a result, more people were killed in the fire than by the collapse of buildings.

1. Half a million homes were completely destroyed. _____
2. The earthquake struck the city of Tokyo at 12 a.m _____
3. The fire trucks arrived soon enough to fight the fire. _____
4. The collapse of the buildings killed one hundred thousand people. _____

IV. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences.

1. A large number of fishermen _____ when the storm struck. (kill)
2. In 1995, a huge earthquake _____ the city of Kobe in Japan. (strike)
3. Don't forget _____ home as soon as you arrive at your destination. (call)
4. It _____ along the coast of ThanhHoa tomorrow. (rain)
5. If the weather were better today, we _____ on a picnic. (go)
6. We'd better wait here until the rain _____. (stop)
7. Last week, the large number of villagers _____ before the tidal waves hit. (move)
8. This is the latest news from Japan. An earthquake hit Sendai. Almost 100,000 people _____ in the earthquake and tsunami. (kill)
9. Thousands of people were saved as scientists _____ them about the eruption. (warn)
10. Pompeii _____ in AD 79 by an eruption of volcano Vesuvius. (completely/destroy)
11. We can usually predict when a volcano _____. (erupt)
12. In Australia, a tropical storm _____ as a cyclone. (know)
13. The large number of people _____ in the earthquake when homes, tall buildings and highways collapsed. (kill)
14. The earthquake began a minute before noon when the inhabitants of Tokyo _____ their midday meals. (cook)
15. A disastrous earthquake _____ TuXuyen in China last May.(hit)
16. I forgot _____ my key, so I can't get in now.(bring)
17. The kids had great fun _____ each other in the park. (chase)
18. The boy _____ there is my cousin Bob. (stand)
19. I like the rice sticky cakes _____ by my grandmother. (make)
20. I like the rice sticky cakes which _____ by my grandmother. (make)

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence .

1. This volcano has _____ five times during the last 20 years. (erupt)
2. Such a war would be _____ for the country. (disaster)
3. Da Nang will be _____ with showers. (cloud)
4. Ships should not enter shallow _____ waters. (coast)
5. These hills were formed by _____ eruptions. (volcano)
6. I'm worried about the _____ effect that violent films may have on children. (destoy)
7. The _____ of the volcano was a terrible disaster. (predict)
8. Tidal waves are the result of an abrupt shift in underwater _____ of the earth. (move)
9. Remember to buy some _____ food in case there is a sudden storm. (can)
10. Thousands of people were _____ by natural disasters. (home)
11. There have been innumerable _____ eruptions in this region. (volcano)
12. The problem is extremely _____. Hardly anybody can deal with it. (complicate)
13. Galileo is one of the first _____ studying astronomy. (science)
14. There have been more floods because of _____ (forest)
15. They are not _____ good at their future work. (expect)
16. I don't want to think of that _____ accident. (disaster)
17. All the children were _____ taken out of the building when the fire started. (safe)
18. _____, the typhoon didn't cause any damage on the village. (luck)
19. Thousands of people died in the _____ (disastrous)

20. When a _____ storm reaches 120 kilometers per hour, it is called hurricane. (tropic)

VI. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. The man is a famous actor. You met him at the party last night

→ **The man** _____

2. Have you ever spoken to the people? They live next door.

→ **Have you** _____?

3. It's the book. It will interest children of all ages.

→ **It's** _____.

4. The Pikes keep having all-night parties. They live next door.

→ **The Pikes, who** _____

5. This is the newspaper. I want you to buy it.

→ **This is** _____

6. People live longer. They take physical exercise.

→ **People who** _____

7. Tom and Peter didn't come. They were invited.

→ **Tom and Peter, who** _____

8. There are some words. They are very difficult to translate

→ **There are some words** _____

9. Mrs. White has just had her second baby. She's been married for 4 years.

→ **Mrs. White, who** _____.

10. The woman has died. She gave me this novel.

→ **The woman who** _____

11. Students will be punished. Their homework is late

→ **The student** _____

12. The building was destroyed in the fire. It has been now rebuilt.

→ **The building** _____

13. I bought a new typewriter. It cost me a lot of money.

→ I bought a _____

14.Sandra works in advertising .You were talking to her

→ Sandra , whom _____

15.The man is Mr. Tan. He is wearing a blue shirt.

→ The man who _____

16.Dr. John lost his position. He hasn't done his job well recently.

→ Dr. John, who _____

17.I don't know the name of the woman.I spoke to her on the phone

→ I don't know _____

18.We bought a very high-qualified cooker at Nguyen Kim supermarket yesterday.

→ The cooker _____

19.I have forgotten that director's name, but he is very famous.

→ That director, _____

20.We often go to visit our friends in Bristol.It is only 30 miles away

→ We often _____

PRACTICE TEST 1

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. - “Well done.”
- “_____.”
A. It's OK. B. That's very kind of you. C. I'm glad. D. All right.
2. On this festival, people celebrate _____ from slavery.
A. happiness B. freedom C. wildlife D. joy
3. In Australia, a tropical storm is known as a _____.
A. cyclone B. hurricane C. typhoon D. tornado
4. I couldn't sleep for a while _____ I was very **tired**.
A. because B. where C. although D. however
5. Tornadoes can suck _____ anything that is in their path.
A. off B. up C. out D. of
6. Mr Long, _____ has just talked to you yesterday, is my uncle.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
7. Mr. Smith has been nominated _____ the president of CIC company.
A. as B. like C. with D. for
8. Tomorrow Ha Noi will _____ the temperatures between 23°C and 27°C .
A. have B. experience C. be D. Both A&B are correct.
9. People often crowd the streets to watch colorful _____ at Easter.
A. festivals B. parades C. balloons D. fireworks
10. His sense of humor _____ him from others.
A. seperates B. takes C. distinguishes D. compares

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0,5 pt)

11. The village church where we are going to visit isn't far from here.
A B C D
12. Marie felt very happy despite she got mark 10 in math.
A B C D

III. Choose the word (a,b,c,d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage (1,5 pts):

If you live in an earthquake zone, you should take some time to look (13)..... your house. Place heavy books on the (14) shelf of your bookshelves. Block the rollers on your fridge and washing machine to (15) them from moving. Put hanging potted plants in plastic containers. Check the (16) in your bathroom and bedroom. Make sure they can't move. Don't put your bed next to a window . Plan where you are going to be during an earthquake is very important. The first thing to remember is to stay (17).....Then you should sit under a strong table or doorway, or stand in the (18) of the room.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------|----------|
| 13. a. around | b. in | c. up | d. for |
| 14. a. top | b. bottom | c. lower | d. upper |
| 15. a. make | b. save | c. prevent | d. let |
| 16. a. mirrors | b. boards | c. towels | d. water |

17. a. inside b. outside c. in d. out
 18. a. center b. top c. bottom d. corner

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False (1 pt):

Every year earthquakes are responsible for a large number of deaths and vast amount of destruction in various parts of the world. Most of these damaging earthquakes occur either in the narrow belt which surrounds the Pacific Ocean or in a line which extends from Burma to the Alps in Europe. Some of the destruction is directly caused by the quake itself. An example of this is the collapse of buildings which results in vibration. other damage results from landslides, tsunamis or major fires which are initiated by the quake. There are about a million quakes a year. Fortunately, however, not all of them are destructive.

19. A large number of deaths and vast amount of destruction in various parts of the world are caused by earthquakes.
 20. Most of these damaging earthquakes occur either in the narrow belt which surrounds the Pacific Ocean or in a line which extends from the Alps to Burma in Europe.
 21. Landslides, tsunamis or major fires are the results of earthquakes.
 22. The collapse of buildings is caused by earthquake vibrations .

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pt)

23. He's been an animal rights_____ for many years. (act)
 24. Thousands of people were_____dead after the tidal wave.(destroy)
 25. The volcano which _____ in Phillipines in1991 was one of the world’s largest ones.(erupt)
 26. They've made a lot of_____ to the police about the noise.(complain)
 27. His _____ distinguishes him from others. (generous)
 28. The results of his study were _____to every one. (surprise)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence. (1.0 pt)

29. When I reach the city , I _____ you. (call)
 30. My family _____out for dinner tonight if the weather were fine. (go)
 31. Is Dr Brown the person whom you wish_____to? (speak)
 32. What a great film! I _____ it three times. (see)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (2.0 pts)

33. "Why don't you take more exercise, mom?"
 → He suggested that _____ .
 34. Mary felt sick, but she went to the party.
 → Despite _____ , _____ .
 35. The accident was seen by some people waiting at the bus stop.
 → Some people that _____ .
 36. Work harder, or you'll lose your job.

→ Unless _____, _____.

PRACTICE TEST 2

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. A : " _____ "
 B : " That's very kind of you. "
 A. Why not eat out? B. Well done. C. Let's not go out tonight . D. Look! It's raining hard.
2. He got a _____ for parking on the street by a policeman.
 A. fee B. ticket C. call D. fine
3. In North America, a tropical storm is known as a _____.
 A. cyclone B. hurricane C. typhoon D. tornado
4. I was really pleased _____ he was feeling better.
 A. because B. when C. that D. however
5. The crew have been living _____ space for three months.
 A. on B. in C. out D. into
6. The roof _____ under the weight of snow.
 A. collapsed B. put down C. put away D. broke off
7. The film was nominated _____ an Academy Award.
 A. as B. like C. with D. for
8. Everyone must take part in _____ deforestation.
 A. permitting B. protecting C. saving D. preventing
9. What's the purpose _____ the labeling scheme.
 A. of B. for C. in D. from
10. _____ are natural substances such as coal, oil, salt, gold or diamonds.
 A. Minerals B. Disasters C. Gemstones D. Creatures

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0,5 pt)

11. The picture which Mai painted is showing in the exhibition.
 A B C D
12. The doctor is with a patient who leg was broken in an accident.
 A B C D

III. Choose the word (a,b,c,d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage (1,5 pts):

Conservation is the (13)_____ and preservation of natural resources, so that they can continue to be used and enjoyed. In the past, most people believe that the world's (14)_____ could never be used up. Today, we know that (15)_____ is not true. An important part of conservation is the (16)_____ of waste - waste of forests, soil, wild-life, minerals and human lives. As important is the fight (17)_____ pollution of our environment, in particular, the dirtying and poisoning of air and water. Conservation is also concerned with the reclaiming of land by irrigating deserts, draining swamps or (18)_____ back the sea.

13. a. safeguarding b. destruction c. damage d. prevention
 14. a. supplies b. resources c. gases d. property
 15. a. which b. that c. this d. there
 16. a. circulation b. preservation c. defence d. prevention

- 17.a. against b. for c. to d. on
 18.a. widening b. preserving c. using d. pushing

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False (1 pt):

In the 19th century, fishermen in Peru noticed something unusual. They saw that the Pacific Ocean was sometimes warm in December. The fishermen called this El Nino . The warm water caused problems. It kept many fish away. The fishermen caught fewer fish, and their families were hungry. Today El Nino still causes problems. Every two to seven years, warm water off Australia's coast moves east to South America. This changes the weather around the world. El Nino sometimes causes hot, dry weather in Southeast Asia, parts of South America, and Australia. It can also cause very heavy storms and high tides in eastern Africa and on the western coasts of North America, Central America, and South America.

19. Fishermen in Peru gave El Nino its name.
 20. The fishermen caught fewer fish because of the cold water.
 21. El Nino cause changes in winter weather around the world.
 22. El Nino can cause heavy rains in eastern Africa and on the western coasts of North America, Central America, and South America.

II. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pt)

23. The tornado hit the village without any _____. (warn)
 24. She was standing _____ close to the fire.(danger)
 25. Nothing _____ him. (satisfy)
 26. The electricity industry _____ large amounts of fossil fuels.(consume)
 27. This fire doesn't give out much _____. (hot)
 28. They made an _____ attempt to get the rules changed. (effect)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence. (1.0 pt)

29. Ba's hobbies are _____ football and collecting old stamps. (play)
 30. My father has his motorbike _____ regularly. (check)
 31. Would you mind if I _____ the window ? (open)
 32. He _____ home in 1993 and _____ since . (leave/ not,see)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (2.0 pts)

33. It is raining, so we have to postpone our picnic.
 → If _____, _____ .
34. My father told me that I could use his cellphone.
 → My father allowed _____ .
35. Despite his bad grades, he'll be admitted to the school.
 → Although _____ .
36. I have forgotten that director's name, but he is very famous.
 → That director, _____ .

PRACTICE TEST 3

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. A: “ _____.”

B: “ That's a good idea. Let's do that.”

- A. Could you give me a hand?
- B. It would be better if you wrapped food with banana leaves.
- C. Don't worry about my life.
- D. You don't like foreign films, do you?

2. We have to take our own rubbish to the _____.

- A. forest
- B. beach
- C. river
- D. garbage dump

3. _____ is a person who takes an active part in the protection of the environment .

- A. Astronaut
- B. Conservationist
- C. Environmentalist
- D. Authority

4. Crops are _____ with pesticide to kill insects.

- A. grown
- B. fertilized
- C. sprayed
- D. electrified

5. The truck drivers often stop near her house for _____.

- A. relax
- B. recess
- C. rest
- D. refreshment

6. He got a _____ for parking on the street by a policeman.

- A. fee
- B. ticket
- C. call
- D. fine

7. They are trying to save wild animals _____ extinction.

- A. in
- B. from
- C. until
- D. for

8. We were unable to get funding and _____ had to abandon the project.

- A. and
- B. so
- C. however
- D. therefore

9. He was unable to _____ for the error.

- A. understand
- B. account
- C. explain
- D. work

10. She didn't give _____ working when she got married.

- A. up
- B. away
- C. off
- D. to

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0,5 pt)

11. Ninety percent of earthquakes occurs around the Pacific Rim.

- A
- B
- C
- D

12. There are a few things about that we can talk .

- A
- B
- C
- D

III. Choose the word (a,b,c,d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage (1,5

Father's Day is an occasion to mark and (13) _____ the contribution that your own father has made (14) _____ your life. Many people send or give cards or gifts to their fathers. Common Father's Day gifts include sports (15) _____ or clothing, electronic gadgets, outdoor cooking supplies and tools for household maintenance.

Father's Day is a (16) _____ modern holiday so different families have a range of traditions. (17) _____ can range from a simple phone call or greetings card to large parties honoring all of the 'father' figures in a particular (18) _____ family. Father figures can include fathers, step-

fathers, fathers-in-law, grandfathers and great-grandfathers and even other male relatives. In the days and weeks before Father's Day, many schools and Sunday schools help their pupils to prepare a handmade card or small gift for their fathers.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 13.A. celebrate | B. make | C. keep | D. encourage |
| 14.A. with | B. to | C. for | D. in |
| 15.A. items | B. events | C. games | D. activities |
| 16 .A. related | B. relation | C. relative | D. relatively |
| 17 A. That | B. People | C. These | D. This |
| 18.A. nuclear | B. extended | C. royal | D. blended |

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False (1 pt):

The world's energy resources such as coal, oil, and gas are limited. Therefore, if we don't start conserving them now, it will be too late. And solar energy is the only real alternative. This energy can be collected from the sun by solar panels on the roof of houses. These panels can create enough energy to heat an entire house. Solar power is clean and there is a lot of it in sunny places. But when the weather is bad, there is no sunlight for energy.

19. The energy resources are endless.
20. If we conserve energy resources now, we will lack them in the future.
21. We can also collect energy from the sun.
22. Solar power is unpolluted and inexpensive.

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pt)

23. Smoke _____ our environment day by day. (pollute)
24. He gave me a _____ smile when hearing the news. (satisfy)
25. Careful _____ should be given to issues of health and safety. (consider)
26. The sea turtle is a(n) _____ species. (danger)
27. In the future, it may be _____ possible for people to live for 150 years. (science)
28. Exhaust fumes are _____ our cities. (poison)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence. (1.0 pt)

29. I had my decaying tooth _____ out by a dentist. (take)
30. They don't allow _____ here. (smoke)
31. Please tell her I _____. (call)
32. Lunch _____ when I arrived. (serve)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (2.0 pts)

33. People say that this castle was built in the 19th century.

→ This castle _____ .

34. Despite the very bad weather, we arrived on time.

→ Although _____ , _____ .

35. I think he should take the course.

→ If I _____ , _____ .

36. Nam's interested in playing sports.

→ Nam finds _____.

PRACTICE TEST 4

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. We need to fix the roof _____ there might be strong wind blowing.
a. if b. because c. however d. although
2. It's very cold in here. Do you mind if I _____ the heating?
a. turn over b. turn down c. turn on d. turn off
3. Televisions, dishwashers and refrigerators are electrical _____.
a. households b. appliances c. tools d. things
4. If we use _____ vehicles, we can reduce pollution.
a. less b. more c. much d. fewer
5. The town cultural house always opens _____ public holidays.
a. on b. in c. to d. at
6. The Lunar New Year holiday is the most important _____ for Vietnamese people.
a. celebrate b. celebrating c. celebration d. celebrated
7. Minh is a(n) _____ student. He has taken part in different charity activities in his town.
a. good b. active c. lazy d. passive
8. We won't go camping near that river _____ it is seriously polluted.
a. when b. as c. but d. and
9. –“ I'm sorry that I broke your bike.” – “ _____ I can fix it”
a. That's right b. It's ok c. Thanks d. Don't worry
10. – I suggest taking a shower instead of a bath to save water.
– _____
a. Yes, I do. b. I certain will. c. Don't worry. d. Great! Let's do that.

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0,5 pt)

11. Children love to put off nice clothes when they go out.
 A B C D
12. During the typhoon, the market will being closed and no food will be available.
 A B C D

III. Choose the word (a,b,c,d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage (1,5 pts):

A good way to save energy is by not (13) _____ things. Don't use paper plates or cups all the time. You only use them once – then throw them (14) _____. Write on both (15) _____ of your paper. Use lunch box instead of paper bags and box drinks. Buy one big bottle of juice instead of six (16) _____ ones. Reducing waste saves (17) _____. It takes energy to make things and to get rid of them. Buy things (18) _____ a lot of packaging. Some candy has more plastic around it than food in it. What a waste!

13. A. making B. reusing C. recycling D. wasting
14. A. to B. away C. at D. from
15. A. sides B. lines C. sheets D. aspects
16. A. little B. large C. big D. less

17. A. sand B. air C. energy D. fire
 18. A. with B. at C. without D. in

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False (1 pt):

There are many celebrations throughout the year in Vietnam, but Tet or the Lunar New Year is the most important celebration for Vietnamese people. Tet usually occurs in late January or early February. A few days before Tet is the time for people to clean and decorate their homes. During Tet, people, old and young, enjoy special food cooked on the occasion of Tet. It is also the time for family members to be together.

19. The Lunar New Year is another name for Tet. 19. _____
 20. Tet may begin in early January. 20. _____
 21. People often try to make their houses nice and new for Tet. 21. _____
 22. Tet is the time for family reunions. 22. _____

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pt)

23. When there is a volcanic _____, hundreds of people may lose their lives. (erupt)
 24. Using public transports is an _____ way to reduce traffic jam and pollution. (effect)
 25. She looked at me _____ when I came home late. (angry)
 26. Food, drink and clothes are _____ for camping (necessary)
 27. If we stop using dynamite for fishing, a lot of sea creatures will be well _____ (preserve)
 28. A _____'s main concern is the quality of a new product. (consume)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence. (1.0 pt)

29. Solar panels _____ on the roof of the house to receive the energy from the sun. (install)
 30. If we go on _____ water, there will be a shortage of fresh water in a few decades. (waste)
 31. It's not difficult _____ used paper, bottles and cans. (collect)
 32. I'm disappointed that you _____ your work yet. (not finish)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (2.0 pts)

33. Don't waste water or you'll get an enormous bill by the end of the month.
 → If _____
 34. "Why don't you paint the wall blue, Nam?"
 → I suggested _____
 35. Phong plays volleyball badly.
 → Phong is a _____
 36. It is raining heavily, but she still wants to go to school.
 → She still wants _____

PRACTICE TEST 5

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. People often leave _____ on the ground after having a picnic.
a. treasure b. trash c. refreshment d. pesticide
2. If we use much pesticide _____ vegetables, the vegetables will become poisonous and inedible.
a. in b. at c. with d. on
3. The cooker _____ was made in Japan is 100 dollars.
a. which b. where c. whom d. who
4. I'm preparing _____ a picnic with some old friends of mine.
a. about b. at c. in d. for
5. She 's very kind. She's always _____ towards her employees.
a. disappointed b. proud c. considerate d. distinguished
6. The government is trying to _____ people to use public buses instead of motorbikes.
a. complain b. provide c. reduce d. persuade
7. We _____ solar panels on the roof of our house to receive the energy from the sun.
a. keep b. place c. label d. innovate
8. She forgot _____ off the gas before going out.
a. turn b. turning c. to turn d. turned
9. It's so hot today. Why don't we go swimming?
a. Yes, we do b. No, we don't c. No, thanks d. That's a good idea
10. – My name is Peter.
– _____
a. I'm pleased to meet you! b. What a pleasure!
c. It's my pleasure! d. I'm very happy!

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0,5 pt)

11. I am so proud at my father and love him so much.
A B C D
12. Tom active participated in the fight against air pollution.
A B C D

III. Choose the word (a,b,c,d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage (1,5 pts):

Lien's grandma likes watching the weather forecast on TV. The weather in Ha Noi is often mild. The (13) _____ in Ha Noi are often between 26 C and 30 C. However, they are much lower (14) _____ December and February. Ho Chi Minh city often (15) _____ higher temperatures than Ha Noi and Hue. Thunderstorms, (16) _____ lightning and heavy rains, often take place along the south-central coast or over the central highlands. The Cuu Long Delta experiences sunny weather almost all the year around. (17) _____, in this area, there are sometimes heavy rains and floods (18) _____ cause a lot of damage to the crops.

13. a. news b. places c. weathers d. temperatures
14. a. between b. both c. in d. either
15. a. have b. expect c. experiences d. happens
16. a. with b. for c. have d. both

17. a. Therefore b. However c. Besides d. Despite
 18. a. it b. they c. that d. to

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False (1 pt):

Solar energy, air and water are usually called renewable resources because there is an unlimited supply of them. However, this definition may change if people are not careful with the consuming of these resources. The quality of solar energy that reaches the Earth depends on the atmosphere. If the atmosphere is polluted, the solar energy reaching the Earth may be dangerous. Water is also a matter of consideration. Industry is making our water dirty. Therefore, resources must be conserved. The air and water must be protected. Conservation must play important part in life.

19. The energy from the sun isn't one of renewable resources. 19. _____
 20. Nothing can do harm to the quality of solar energy. 20. _____
 21. Industry is guilty of polluting water. 21. _____
 22. Conservation doesn't play important role in life. 22. _____

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pt)

23. These _____ are ready to take part in that activity. (conserve)
 24. Driving carelessly can _____ your life. (danger)
 25. She can look back at her career with great _____ (satisfy)
 26. We can't pass an exam without _____ (prepare)
 27. He is always willing to help others _____ (generous)
 28. There have been more floods because of _____ (forest)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence. (1.0 pt)

29. We _____ up our neighborhood when the conservationists arrived. (clean)
 30. You must know the area well. You _____ here for 5 years. (live)
 31. She had 3 days there. She _____ many places of interest. (visit)
 32. We look forward to _____ fairly. (treat)

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (2.0 pts)

33. Because I don't have your phone number, I have to come and meet you.
 → Because of _____
 34. Edison was a great scientist. He invented the electric light bulb.
 → Edison, who _____
 35. Let's take these plastic bags to the nearest recycling center.
 → I suggest that these plastic bags _____
 36. I advise you not to tell him about that.
 → If _____

PRACTICE TEST 6

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. On Easter Day, people crowd the streets to watch colorful _____.
a. shows b. parades c. contests d. programs
2. The city was destroyed after the earthquake measured 8,5 on the Richter scale.
a. ruined b. disappeared c. lost d. broken
3. Could you give me the reasons for _____ the Father's Day?
a. celebrate b. celebrating c. celebration d. Celebrated
4. Nobody knew he was coming. He arrived _____.
a. expect b. unexpected c. expectedly d. unexpectedly
5. I'm disappointed _____ people have spoiled this area.
a. that b. when c. if d. with
6. I think _____ shower instead of bath to save water.
a. we should use b. use c. we using d. should use
7. Please bring some raincoats just _____ case.
a. on b. at c. in d. to
8. Is he an actor _____ a singer? - An actor.
a. so b. because c. and d. or
9. - "Why don't we go to the cinema now?" - "_____"
a. Will you join us? b. I'd like it. c. Yes, let's! d. What play is it?
10. She'd love to take part in the evening class. _____, she has to look after the baby in the evening.
a. Therefore b. However c. but d. Although

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A,B,C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)

11. Tan and his lovely cat which the police are looking for disappeared last week.
 A B C D
12. Let me congratulate you on pass your exam to university.
 A B C D

III. Choose the word that best fits each of the blank space in the following passage (1.5pts)

Solar energy is a long lasting source of energy, and it can (13)_____almost anywhere. To generate solar energy, we only need solar cells and (14)_____.! Solar cells can easily be installed on house (15)_____, so we don't need any new space. Compared (16)_____ other renewable sources, they also possess many advantages: wind and water power rely on turbines which (17)_____noisy, expensive and which take up large space. Solar cells are totally silent and (18)_____. As they have no moving parts, they require little maintenance and have a long lifetime.

13. A. be used B. is used C. be using D. to be used
14. A. the earth B. the planet C. the sun D. the moon

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| 15. A. yards | B. roofs | C. gardens | D. doors |
| 16. A. with | B. by | C. about | D. for |
| 17. A. is | B. be | C. are | D. was |
| 18. A. polluted | B. polluting | C. unpolluted | D. non-polluting |

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False (1ptm)

Christmas is the biggest festival of the year in most of Britain. Celebrations start on 24 December, Christmas Eve, although there have been several weeks of preparation beforehand. The Christmas tree and all the presents, food, drinks, and decorations have been bought. Christmas cards have already been sent to friends and relations.

On Christmas morning, children open the presents that were in their socks. Some families go to church. The traditional Christmas dinner consists of roast turkey with potatoes and various other vegetables.

19. Christmas Eve is on 24 December.
20. People usually spend several weeks on preparing for Christmas.
21. Christmas card are sent to friends and relatives on Christmas Eve.
22. By tradition, roast turkey is eaten on Christmas morning.

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence: (1.5pts)

23. It is _____ that our environment is more and more polluted. (**disappoint**)
24. The price of _____ has gone up again. (**electric**)
25. Jewish people _____ freedom from slavery at Passover. (**celebration**)
26. There have been many reports on the _____ of UFOs. (**appear**)
27. I am impressed by the _____ of the country. (**develop**)
28. Buying from home has become _____ popular. (**increase**)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence: (1pt)

29. Frogs and toads (die) _____ a lot if people (continue) _____ to use electricity to catch fish.
30. When my mother came home from work, I _____ (cook) dinner.
31. London, the capital of Great Britain (situate) _____ on the Thames river.
32. People can go on (learn) _____ until they are 80 or 90.

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it (2pts)

33. Mr. Brown's team has lost the game. He looks very sad.
→ Mr. Brown, whose _____.
34. In spite of the bad weather, they had a wonderful holiday.
→ Although _____.
35. "You should turn off the lights before going out". Mrs. Hoa said to Lan.
→ Mrs. Hoa suggested the _____.
36. If someone doesn't put the coal in, the fire will go out.

PRACTICE TEST 7

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. Earthquakes, tornadoes, tidal waves and volcano eruptions are _____.
a. natural happenings b. natural disasters c. natural events d. natural occurrences
2. Tornadoes can suck up anything _____ is in their path.
a. who b. whom c. that d. where
3. We think that the Mother's Day should be celebrated _____.
a. nation b. national c. nationality d. nationwide
4. My sister is very _____ of spiders.
a. terror b. terrify c. terrified d. terrifying
5. What can we do to spend less _____ lighting?
a. in b. on c. about d. Of
6. He was nominated _____ the representative of his class.
a. for b. on c. of d. as
7. Passover is also an _____ spring festival.
a. ancient b. anxious c. official d. annual
8. Lan is very tired. _____, she has to finish her assignment before going to bed.
a. Although b. So c. Therefore d. However
9. - "Where is Linh now?" - "She _____ be in the school library."
a. may b. should c. will d. ought
10. "Shall we go out to choose a birthday gift for Mary?" - "_____."
a. Good idea b. Happy Birthday c. Yes, please do d. Are you sure ?

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A,B,C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)

11. Mr. Nam who sing English songs very well is my teacher of English.

A B C D

12. Minh was extreme pleased that he got mark 10 for the final test in Maths.

A B C D

III. Choose the word that best fits each of the blank space in the following passage (1.5pts)

Saving energy doesn't have to be expensive or time-consuming. But what can you do to save energy? There is (13)_____ that you can do to help the process of energy conservation. You can save energy by doing things like making sure that the kettle doesn't contain more water than that you need, always washing a full load in the washing machine rather than a half load or turning down your central heating by 1⁰C – this could cut your (14)_____ bill by 10%. Making sure that hot water taps are not left running and replace washers if your taps drip. (15)_____ work you can turn off all lights and your computer if you are not using them. (16)_____ to energy-saving light bulbs – these use around a quarter of electricity, and often last eight times (17)_____ than an ordinary bulb. Close your curtains at dawn to keep the warm air from escaping through the windows. Switching off (18)_____ appliances when they are not in use makes a big contribution to energy-saving, too.

13. A. plenty B. lot C. little D. few

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 14. A. hot | B. heat | C. heating | D. heated |
| 15. A. By | B. At | C. In | D. On |
| 16. A. Change | B. Consume | C. Buy | D. Sell |
| 17. A. higher | B. shorter | C. less | D. longer |
| 18. A. electricity | B. electron | C. electric | D. Electrical |

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False (1ptm)

On January 17, 1995, a strong earthquake struck below Awaji Island across the bay from Kobe. It was the most deadly earthquake to hit Japan since 1923. The quake caused buildings and bridges to collapse and fires broke out throughout the city. In all, about 5000 people died and more than 21,000 people injured. More than 30,000 buildings were damaged by the quake and resulting fires, and hundreds of thousands were left homeless.

19. The earthquake in 1995 was the most disastrous earthquake in Japan since 1923
 20. The earthquake cause fires throughout Japan
 21. The earthquake damaged 30,000 buildings
 22. A lot of people were made homeless after the quake

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence: (1.5pts)

23. I like this machine because it works very _____ (effect)
 24. There are many _____ in our country of year. (celebrate)
 25. The Pikes aren't satisfied with their _____ for Christmas (prepare)
 26. We are concerned about the _____ of natural resources. (conserve)
 27. The weather in Britain is _____. We don't know whether it's sunny or rainy after five minutes. (predict)
 28. The whole city was _____ by the hurricane. (destruction)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence: (1pt)

29. If I were a flower, I _____ a sunflower. (be)
 30. When I got there they (stand) _____ in a queue for their tickets.
 31. I felt really ill last week, and I (not eat) _____ anything for 3 days.
 32. Do you remember when our school (rebuild) _____?

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it (2pts)

33. In spite of taking a taxi, Tim still arrived late for the meeting.
 → Although Tim _____
 34. Why don't you plant some trees around your house to get more fresh air?
 → How about _____?
 35. The planet is Venus. The planet is closest to the Earth.
 → The planet which _____.
 36. The doctor advised me to take a rest.
 → The doctor suggested _____.

PRACTICE TEST 8

I. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. "Let me congratulate you on your good exam." " _____ "
A. Well done B. Congratulations C. Thanks D. That's a great exam
2. This movie was _____ for an Oscar.
A. organized B. accepted C. nominated D. called
3. On the way home, I stop _____ a newspaper.
A. to buy B. buying C. buy D. bought
4. He's never been to England, _____?
A. is he B. isn't he C. has he D. hasn't he
5. Everybody must take part in _____ deforestation.
A. protecting B. preserving C. controlling D. preventing
6. The cooker _____ is displayed at Nguyen Kim Supermarket looks modern.
A. why B. who C. which D. whose
7. We are good friends. We _____ each other since we were in primary school.
A. know B. have known C. have been known D. knew
8. Nowadays, viewers can watch a variety of local and international programs _____ TV.
A. in B. on C. to D. at
9. _____ the keyboard wasn't working well, Miss Nga finished writing the letter.
A. Therefore B. However C. Because D. Even though
10. "Thank you very much." - " _____."
A. Nothing B. Are you worried? C. Not all D. You're welcome.

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)

11. You're tired although you stayed up late to watch TV last night.

A B C D

12. The new film has been attracted a lot of people all over the world.

A B C D

III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5pts)

Floods cause widespread (13)..... Unfortunately, there is little we can do to (14) flooding in some situations. There are several causes for (15)including deep snow melt, icy rivers, and broken dams. First, when deep snow melts it creates large amounts of water. When heavy rain and sudden warm temperatures combine (16)the deep snow, floods can occur. Second, rivers that are covered in ice can cause floods when the ice melts. The ice pieces form dams (17)..... break and cause flooding. Third, man-made dams can break and cause devastating damage. The water from these dams can be as powerful as a (18) wave. Our best plan of attack against flooding is to recognize the potential for flooding in certain conditions.

13. A. disasters B. resources C. harm D. damage
14. A. prohibit B. prevent C. take D. stop

15. A. flooding B. flooded C. flood D. water
 16. A. to B. with C. in D. at
 17. A. where B. when C. which D. how
 18. A. tidal B. tides C. large D. huge

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are TRUE or FALSE. (1.0 pt)

Thousands people flocked to Chuong market in the northern Thanh Hoa province's Dong Son District to throw potatoes and rotten eggs at one another on fighting festival. From early morning (5:00 am), locals and visitors wearing new clothes rushed to the festival, which is annually organized on the 6th day of first lunar month, to buy eggs, potatoes and apples to be used later as weapons to 'fight' one another. According to traditional beliefs, the redness of potatoes is a symbol of luck while fighting is said to bring abundant crops and a prosperous life.

19. Thousands people crowded Chuong market on the fighting festival _____
 20. The fighting festival is organized on the 6th day of first lunar month every year. _____
 21. People buy eggs, potatoes and apples to eat during the festival. _____
 22. It is believed that the redness of potatoes is a symbol of luck and brings abundant crops and a prosperous life .

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

23. _____ is one of his admirable characteristics. (generous)
 24. The newspaper is published _____. You can get it every day. (day)
 25. I never receive any _____ to my email from her. (respond)
 26. Do you think that this machine will work _____? (effect)
 27. What were the reasons for the worldwide _____ crisis? (economy)
 28. We should make the most efforts to stop _____ (forest)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence. (1.0 pt)

29. The patient was made _____ in bed. (stay)
 30. I suggest your room _____ more attractive. (make)
 31. You just keep quiet and _____ good. (be)
 32. My teacher would rather I _____ test well. (do)

VII. Rewrite the following sentences so that it means almost the same as the one printed before. (2.0pts)

33. It's impossible to do this because we have no time.
 → If _____.
34. She is very busy, but she will come to the meeting.
 → In spite of _____.
35. We came to visit a very beautiful village on our trip.
 → The village _____.
36. The furniture was so expensive that we couldn't buy it.
 → The furniture was too _____.

PRACTICE TEST 9

I. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. Energy _____ includes searching for alternative fuels.
A. conserve B. conservation C. conserving D. conservative
2. I recently went back to the town _____ I was born
A. which B. who C. when D. where
3. An area of land with hills or mountains is called the _____
A. regions B. territories C. highlands D. environment
4. Cars and trucks are _____ from driving in the city center until 9 p.m.
A. preserved B. prohibited C. allowed D. polluted
5. Do the stones need _____ to another place?
A. to move B. move C. moving D. to moving
6. They will accept the job if the salary is _____.
A. satisfied B. unreasonable C. pleased D. satisfactory
7. Go _____ until you get to the junction and turn left.
A. on B. back C. ahead D. out
8. My shoes are dirty. I'd better take them _____ before I come in.
A. off B. away C. on D. up
9. I buying a new TV, he had an old one repaired.
1. A. Instead of B. Because of C. Apart from D. Without
10. A: "Congratulations on your winning"
B: " _____"
A. Yes, here it is B. No, thanks C. Yes, of course D. That's very kind of you

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)

11. I didn't go to the zoo with her friends last Sunday because her sickness.
A B C D
12. The air is polluted nowadays as there is too many traffic.
A B C D

III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5pts)

Environmental pollution is one of the _____ (13) serious problems facing humanity today. It causes global warming, destruction of the ozone layer, and the other potentially disastrous processes. Air, water, and soil- all harmed pollution- are necessary to the survival of all living things. Badly polluted air can _____ (14) illness, and even death. Polluted water kills fish and other marine life. Pollution of soil _____ (15) the amount of land available for growing food. Environmental pollution also brings ugliness to our naturally _____ (16) world. Everyone wants to reduce pollution. But the pollution problem is as complicated as it is serious. It is complicated because much pollution is caused by things _____ (17) benefit people. For example, smoke from cars causes a large percentage of all air pollution. But the car provides(18) _____ for millions of people. Factories discharge much of the material that pollutes air and water, but factories provide jobs for people and produce goods that people want.

13. A. more B. much C. many D. most
14. A. caused B. causing C. Cause D. to cause

- | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|------------|--------------|
| 15. A. reducing | B. reduced | C. reduces | D. to reduce |
| 16. A. beautiful | B. beautifully | C. beauty | D. C&B |
| 17. A. who | B. that | C. whom | D. where |
| 18. A. transportations | B. jobs | C. goods | D. health |

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are TRUE or FALSE. (1.0 pt)

In Viet Nam, Tet Trung Thu or the Mid- Fall festival is one of the most popular family celebrations. It is held on the 15th of the 8th lunar month. Tet Trung Thu is a special occasion for parents to express their love for their children; therefore, it is also called the children's festival. On this day, children often parade on the street while singing and carrying colorful star lanterns of different sizes. They also perform traditional Vietnamese dances for adults and take part in contests for prizes. At night family members get together and eat Banh Trung Thu, a special cake of moon cakes, which is traditionally rich in taste.

19. The passage mainly discusses a popular festival for Vietnamese children. _____
20. To celebrate Tet Trung Thu, Vietnamese children often watch parades on the street. _____
21. Family members get together and talk about Banh Trung Thu on the full-moon night. _____
22. Tet Trung Thu is called children's festival because it is an opportunity for children to express their love for their parents. _____

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

23. We have to pay a high price for _____ friendly goods. **(environment)**
24. Gas and oil _____ always increases in cold weather. **(consume)**
25. The most _____ earthquake in Japan occurred in 1923. **(disaster)**
26. We can usually _____ when a volcano will erupt. **(prediction)**
27. She looked _____ at the result of her work. **(pride)**
28. Passover, which is the festival of _____, is celebrated by Jewish people. **(joyful)**

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence. (1.0 pt)

29. Perhaps the disk in the computer needs _____. **(change)**
30. My sister is going to have her hair _____. **(cut)**
31. Peter _____ at by his friends yesterday. **(laugh)**
32. Fred has no difficulty _____ friends with other students. **(make)**

VII. Rewrite the following sentences so that it means almost the same as the one printed before. (2.0 pts)

33. Despite her good behaviors, she was loved by most of friends in her school.
→ Although _____
34. I hadn't made a speech before, so I was very nervous.
→ Because I wasn't used _____
35. Zedco has 10,000 employees. It's an international company.
→ Zedco _____
36. John is really proud of his father.
→ John takes _____

PRACTICE TEST 10

I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

1. In winter, heating _____ for 50 percent of own electricity bill
A. takes B. occupies C. accounts D. cost
2. _____ the pollution of that river is awfully bad, the water is not fit to drink
A. Because of B. So C. And D. Since
3. Although many households use _____, their electricity bill is still enormous
A. raw sewage B. rubbish bin C. oil spill D. energy- saving bulbs
4. We are really looking forward _____ you again
A. to see B. seeing C. for seeing D. to seeing
5. You should clean _____ all the trash on the ground before leaving
A. over B. out C. off D. up
6. "Why don't we go to school by bike?" _ " _____"
A. Because it usually takes a long time. B. So as to prevent pollution.
C. I prefer to take a bus. D. No, we shouldn't.
7. _____ energy can be cheap and clean.
A. nuclear B. solar C. natural D. electricity
8. The label tells the consumers how much energy _____ each model has.
A. effective B. effect C. efficiency D. effectively
9. "I suggest taking showers instead of baths to save water." - " _____."
A. I'd love to. B. Certainly. C. I hope so D. All right.
10. Tornadoes are storm which pass overland below a thunderstorm
A. funnel-shaped B. circle-shaped C. tropical D. Snow

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0,5 pt)

11. People drive fastly. That's why there are so many accidents.
A B C D
12. If we will go on littering, the environment will become seriously polluted.
A B C D

III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

(1,5pts)

About twenty percent of the world's present energy comes from the sun in one form or another. Special devices have already been made available to (13) _____ on the roofs of the houses and flats to catch the sun's rays and thus heat water. Thousands of these (14) _____ are now being used to provide energy in homes (15) _____ the United States while more than a million solar water-heating units have already been built in homes in Japan. (16) _____ purposes for which solar energy is, at present, being used include the separation of salt (17) _____ sea water, irrigation and sewage disposal.

For most people in developing countries, the need is not for air- conditioners or central heating but for cheap (18) _____ of cooking food, drying crops, and lighting houses.

13. A. put B. locate C. fit D. fix
14. A. devices B. things C. houses D. flats
15. A. on B. around C. throughout D. over

16. A. Some B. The other C. Others D. Other
 17. A. by B. from C. with D. against
 18. A. manners B. models C. ways D. types

IV. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False.(1.0 pt)

Every day on radio, on TV, and in the newspapers, we hear, see, or read about many problems in the world, for example, pollution problems.

Air pollution is the first kind. It mostly comes from fumes released from motorbikes, cars, airplane, trains and poisonous gases emitted from factories. Also, waste is dumped anywhere, even in the city where many people are living. The second pollution problem is sea pollution. Many people earn their living from fishing in the sea, and the fish they catch feed many people. But the sea has become so polluted from oil spills and factory wastes that the fish are dying. This pollution is not only killing the fish, but is also affecting those people who eat fish.

Seldom do you find a place nowadays that is not polluted. This problem is growing more difficult every day. We must find a good solution that makes the world a better place to live.

- 19.Environmental pollution is one of the world's problems.
 20.Waste is usually dumped in the city where many people are living.
 21.A lot of fish are dying because of marine pollution.
 22.Pollution has been reduced to the minimum nowadays.

V.Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence . (1.5 pt)

23. I admire the _____ use of color in her paintings. (effect)
 24. He wants a career in film_____.(product)
 25.It is _____ that people go on wasting fresh water. (disappoint)
 26.An _____ is a person who works to protect the air, water, animals, from pollution or its effects. (environment)
 27 . The local authorities are interested in the _____of old buildings.
 (preserve)
 28. Wrestlers can _____ up to 10 000 calories in a day. (consumption)

VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences. (1.0 pt)

- 29.If we go on littering, the environment (become) _____ polluted
 30.They made their living by (catch) _____ fish in the ocean every day.
 31.The teacher suggested that homework (do)_____ carefully.
 32.They spent a lot of time (clean) _____ up the area.

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (2.0 pt)

- 33.She is an excellent ballet dancer.
 →She _____
 34” Don't litter the place around you or it will be a junk yard
 →If _____
 35.Sally finally managed to get a job.

→ Sally finally succeeded _____.

36. It isn't necessary to finish the work today.

→ You don't _____.

WORD FORM EXERCISE

Unit 6: THE ENVIRONMENT

	VERBS	NOUNS	ADJECTIVES	ADVERBS
1		nature	natural	naturally
2	complain	complaint complainer ☹		complainingly
3	conserve	conservation conservationist ☺	conservative	conservatively
4	care	carefulness ≠ carelessness	careful ≠ careless	carefully ≠ carelessly
5		environment environmentalist ☹	environmental	environmentally
6	preserve	preservation preserver ☺	preservative	
7	pollute	pollution pollutant	polluted ≠ (un) polluted	
8	forest ≠ deforest	forest forestation ≠ deforestation		
9	harm	harm	harmful ≠ harmless	harmfully ≠ harmlessly

1. He is interested in the _____ of the old building. (preserve)
2. I am _____ sorry for the delay. (extreme)
3. She divorced him because of his _____ to the children. (kind)
4. He is so sad because the film ended _____. (happy)
5. We'll _____ our room with some roses. (beauty)
6. He lost the game because of his _____. (care)
7. _____ is now a serious problem in Viet Nam. (forest)
8. Viet Nam is interested in saving _____ resources. (nature)
9. _____ are concerned about the use of dynamite to catch fish. (environment)
10. Many people still refuse to believe that smoking is _____. (harm)
11. Our boys play _____ today. (disappoint)
12. We are worried about the _____ here. (pollute)
13. _____, our environment must be protected. (ultimate)
14. "Friends of the Earth" is concerned about the _____ of the natural environment. (conserve)
15. They spent all their money and made no _____ for their future. (provide)
16. His boss told him off because he had behaved _____.
(responsible)
17. Every pupil was very _____ about the summer holiday. (excite)
18. The scouts do the _____ work.
(volunteer)

19. The homemade ice-cream _____ after it had been in the freezer for an hour. (hard)
 20. Environmental _____ is everybody's responsibility. (protect)

Unit 7 – SAVING ENERGY

	VERBS	NOUNS	ADJECTIVES	ADVERBS
1	Produce	Production Product : sản phẩm Producer ☺	Productive	Productively
2				
3	Consume	Consumption Consumer ☹	Consumptive Time-consuming	
4		Sun Sunlight	Solar Sunny	
5	Energize	Energy	Energetic	Energetically
6	Effect	Effect	Effective	
7		Efficiency	Efficient	Efficiently
8		Electricity Electrician ☺	Electrical Electric	Electrically
9	Waste	Waste	Wasteful Waste	Wastefully
10	Innovate	Innovation	Innovative	

- Fruit is a convenient source of vitamins and _____(energetic).
- I admire the _____ use of color in her paintings. (effect)
- Wrestlers can _____ up to 10 000 calories in a day. (consumption)
- Mr. Brown is one of the most active _____ in this city. He takes an important part in the protection of the environment. (conserve)
- The company is _____ a new computer system. (installation)
- You must work more _____ to protect the environment. (efficiency)
- The river was used for years as an _____ waste dump (industry)
- Health-conscious _____ want more information about the food they buy. (consume)
- It's time-_____ to play online games. (consume)
- By the year 2015 many buildings will be _____ by solar energy. (hot)
- The company doesn't make any profit because it works _____. (effect)
- Mr. Nhat wrote a _____ letter to the director of L&P Company. (complain)
- The government has now _____ ruled out tax cuts. (effect)
- He wants a career in film _____. (product)
- They spent a _____ weekend at a country hotel. (luxury).
- If _____, you can contact me at home. (need)
- Using energy-saving bulbs can help save money as well as _____ natural resources. (conserve)
- We have enough _____ to last us two weeks. (provide)
- It is _____ that people go on wasting fresh water. (disappoint)
- She made some very helpful but her boss rejected them all. (suggest)

Unit 8 – CELEBRATIONS

	VERBS	NOUNS	ADJECTIVES	ADVERBS
1	act	activity action actor ☺ actress ☺ activist ☺	(un) active	(un) actively
2	celebrate	celebration		
3	consider	consideration	considerate	considerately
4	congratulate	congratulation congratulator ☺	congratulatory	
5	color	coloration colourist ☺	colorful colorless	
6	decorate	decoration decorator ☺	decorative	
7	distinguish	distinction	distinct	distinctly
8	express	expression expresser ☺	expressive	expressively
9	feel	feeling	feeling	feelingly
10		generosity	generous	generously
11		importance	important	importantly
12		joy	joyful	joyfully
13		humour	humorous	humorously
14		kindness	(un) kind	(un) kindly
15	memorize	memory memorial	memorial	

1. There are a lot of Christmas _____ on the streets a week before Dec 25. (decorate)
2. Sue is one of my _____. (acquaint)
3. My father is a _____ and generous man. (consider)
4. The fire caused _____ damage to the church. (consider)
5. His sense of humor _____ him from others. (distinct)
6. The police car drove past at _____ quick speed. (terrific)
7. _____ on your good result. (congratulate)
8. He has just been _____ as the best leader. (nominate)
10. Sometimes I have some _____ that can't be explain. (feel)
11. His performance made us _____. (pride)
12. Nothing _____ him. (satisfy)
13. Your result is; however, _____. Please try again. (satisfy)
14. Wearing casual clothes gives students _____ of choice. (free)
15. Outdoor _____ help children healthier. (act)
16. Tuan is one of the most effective _____ in the charity programs. (act)
17. I think Mother's Day should be celebrated _____ (nation)
18. You should treat poor children more _____. (kind)
19. The players tried hard, but their effort was _____ (succeed)

20. Long time ago black men were sold into _____ (slave)

Unit 9 – NATURAL DISASTERS

	VERBS	NOUNS	ADJECTIVES	ADVERBS
1		Abruptness	Abrupt	Abruptly
2	Behave	Behavior	Behavioural	
3	Cloud	Cloud	Cloudy – u ám Cloudless – quang đăng	Cloudily
4	Can	Can	Canned	
5		Coast	Coastal	
6	Damage	Damage	Damaging	Damagingly
7		Disaster	Disastrous	Disastrously
8	Destroy	Destruction	Destructive	Destructively
9	Endanger	Endangerment Danger	Endangered Dangerous	Dangerously
10	Erupt	Eruption	Eruptive	Eruptively
11	Expect	Expectation	(un) expected	(un) expectedly

1. Despite the weather, thousands of soldiers helped protect the area. (storm).
2. Galileo is one of the first studying astronomy. (science)
3. I don't want to think of that accident. (disaster)
6. Three thousand people were made by the earthquake. (home)
7. There are many different types of volcanic (erupt)
8. The most earthquake in Japanese history killed about 150,000 people. (disaster)
9. The ending of the book was entirely (predict)
10. Please buy some food. (can)
11. Tsunamis, earthquakes and typhoons are disasters. (nature)
12. The sky is very It's going to rain. (cloud)
13. waves are one of the great forces of nature. They can be very dangerous to people. (tide)
14. All the children were taken out of the building when the fire started. (safe)
15. The hurricane swept in without any warning. (abrupt)
16. The of the earthquakes occur around the Pacific Rim. (major)
17. This is a man who luckily escaped from a eruption last week. (volcano)
18. The terrible of the storm made thousands of people homeless. (destroy)

20. We always have a bed ready in the spare room in case visitors arrive
(expect)